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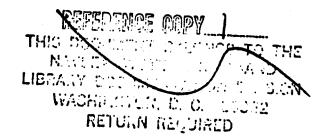


# Computer Programs in Marine Science

National Oceanographic Data Center, Washington, D C



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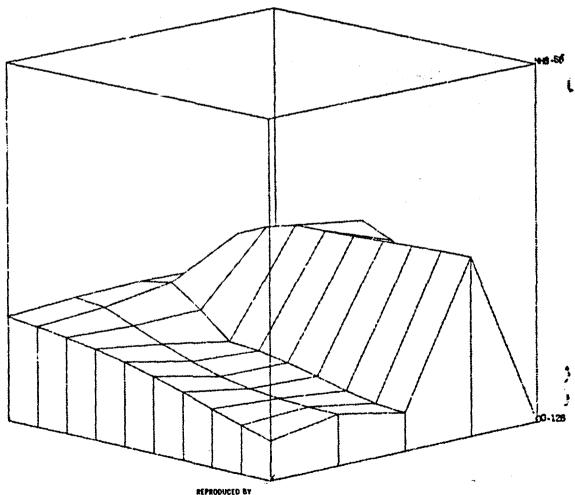


KEY TO OCEANOGRAPHIC RECORDS DOCUMENTATION NO. 5

# Computer Programs in Marine Science

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
Environmental Data Service

April 1976



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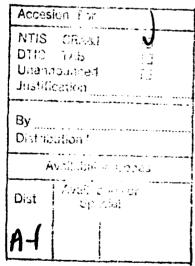
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KEY TO OCEANOGRAPHIC RECORDS DOCUMENTATION NO. 5

# Computer Programs in Marine Science

Compiled by Mary A. Firestone



UNANNOUNCED

NATIONAL OCEANOGRAPHIC DATA CENTER WASHINGTON, D.C. April 1976



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#### INTRODUCTION

. . . तरक मृत्यु क्रान्त्रप्रकारण यो नः त

Since the last edition of "Computer Programs in Oceanography" (compiled by Cloyd Dinger) was published in 1970, the National Oceanographic Data Center (NODC) has received many requests from scientists throughout the international oceanographic community for updated information on available programs. The present edition is in answer to this demand. Abstracts of seven hundred programs have been supplied by nearly eighty institutions in ten countries (See table, pages vii-viii).

Those familiar with the previous edition will note several changes. Pour new chapters have been added — Fisheries, Engineering, Coastal and Estuarine Processes, Pollution — and the title has been charged to reflect a broader interest than was implied in the term "oceanography". In addition to the institution, language, and hardware indexes, a general index has been provided, allowing the reader to search by parameter, method, author, etc. And, most importantly, the number of abstracts has nearly doubled.

Most of the programs listed herein are rot available from the NODC. If the NODC holds a copy of the program, it will be so noted at the end of the abstract, and the form will be described (listing, deck. etc.); copies of these materials can be supplied. Requests which involve small amounts of materials and labor will be answered free of charge; for larger requests, an itemized cost estimate will be provided, and work will begin after funds or a purchase order have been received. (Contact the Oceanographic Services Branch; telephone (202) 634-7439)

Many programs available in published form can be obtained from the following sources, as noted in the abstracts:

National Technical Information Service (NTIS)
U. S. Department of Commerce
5285 Port Royal Road
Springfield, VA 22161 Telephone (703) 321-8543

Assistant Fublic Printer
U. S. Government Printing Office (GPO)
Washington, DC 20402 Telephone (202) 783-3238

When ordering from NTIS or GPO, include the order number of the document, as well as payment in the form of check or money order. Telephone orders are accepted by both agencies if the purchaser has a deposit account.

Inclusion of information on a particular program does not guarantee that the program will always be available. When the originator feels that a program has become obsolete, support for that program often is discontinued. Every effort has been made to exclude all programs which definitely are not available to anyone. About one hundred programs from the previous edition have been retained because the NODC holds a reproducible, documented copy, or the originators have stated that they still support the programs. Judging from the requests received at NODC, many of these older programs are still of interest to the scientific community.

The NODC cannot assume responsibility for the accuracy of the abstracts, except those originated by our organization, or for the proper functioning of the programs. Most of these programs will not work, without modification, on a system other than the system for which they were designed.

Reports describing program libraries are available from several other federal agencies. "'rientific Program Library Abstracts" describes programs in the following categories: Regression and curve-fit, statistical analysis. matrix operations, simultaneous equations, numerical analysis, approximation of special function, operations research, computer simulation, time series analysis, sorts, applications programs, and miscellaneous. These programs were either written for or adapted to run on a Burroughs B5500 computer containing 32.6K 48-bit words of magnetic core storage, magnetic disk mass storage, and seven-channel tape drives. Contact:

Bureau of Mines, Division of ADP U. S. Department of the Interior P. O. Box 25407, Federal Center Denver, CO 80225 "Computer Software for Spatial Data Handling" is scheduled for publication in the summer of 1976; address inquiries to the Commission on Geographical Data Sensing and Processing of the International Geographical Union, 226 O'Conner Street, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada.

Several general-purpose programs are documented in "Computing Technology Center Numerical Analysis Library," report number CTC-39, available from NTIS for \$12.00 paper copy, \$2.25 microfiche. The Computing Technology Center is operated by the Nuclear Division of Union Carbide Corporation at the Oak Ridge National Laboratory in Oak Ridge, Tennessee.

"Argonne Code Center: Compilation of Program Abstracts," report number ANL-7411, supplement 8, may also be obtained from NTIS, for \$13.60 paper copy, \$4.25 microfiche. The Argonne Code Center is located at the Argonne National Laboratory, 9703 South Cass Avenue, Argonne, IL 60439. Programs maintained by the Center are chiefly intended for use in nuclear reactor research. Included in the Environmental and Earth Science category are programs for the following: Environmental impact studies, geology, seismology, geophysics, hydrology and ground water studies, bioenvironmental systems analyses, meteorological calculations relating to the atmosphere and its phenomena, studies of airborne particulate matter, climatology, etc.

Persons or organizations wishing to contribute program information for use in future additions and for reference in answering requests are asked to use standard form 185, Federal Information Processing Standard Software Summary; several copies of the form are printed as the last pages in this book, beginning on page 226.

The technical assistance of the following NODC personnel is acknowledged, with appreciation:

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### PHYSICAL OCEANOGRAPHY

Transport Computations from Atmospheric Pressure

Language - FORTRAN I and IV Hardware - IBM 1620/IBM 1130

Computes the steady-state mass transport in the ocean from atmospheric pressure data, according to a system of analysis designed by Dr. N.P. Fofonoff. Input: Sea level pressure cards from the extended forecast division of the U.S. National Weather Service. Output: Meridional and zonal components of Ekman transport, total meridional transport, integrated transport, and integrated geostrophic transport (mean monthly values for the specified grid of alternate five degrees of latitude and longitude in the northern hemisphere. FORTRAN I program is listed in FRB manuscript series report (Ocean. and Limnol.) No. 163, by Dr. Charlotte Froese, 1963.

> Pacific Biological Station Fisheries Research Board of Canada IBM 1620 only - above report) P. O. Box 100 Nanaimo, B. C. V9R 5K6

Copy on file at NODC (FORTRAN I version for

STD Computations STT02

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 1130

Computes derived oceanographic quantities for Bisset-Berman STD casts. Printed output: Pressure, temperature, salinity, depth, sigma-t, specific volume anomaly, potential cemperature and density, dynamic height, potential energy anomaly, oxygen content; sound velocity optional. FRB Manuscript Report (unpublished) No. 1071, by C.A. Collins, R.L.K. Tripe, and S.K. Wong, Dec. 1969.

> Pacific Biological Station Fisheries Research Board of Canada P. O. Box 100 Nanaimo, B. C. V9R 5K6

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Hydrographic Cast Computations HYDRO

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 1130

Computes derived oceanographic quantities for hydrographic casts. Printed output: Pressure, temperature, salinity, depth, sigma-t, specific volume anomaly, potential temperature and density, dynamic height, potential energy anomaly, oxygen content; sound velocity optional. FRB Manuscript Report (unpublished) No. 1071, by C.A. Collins, R.L.K. Tripe, and S.K. Wong, Dec. 1969.

> Pacific Biological Station Fisheries Research Board of Canada P. O. Box 100 Nanaimo, B. C. V9R 5K6

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Digitizes STD Data DEEP

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Hewlett-Packard 2115A

Digitizes salinity-temperature-depth data on line, using time as a criterion for selecting points. Input are frequencies from the Bisset-Berman STD system and station heading data through a teletype. Output, on paper tape, has station identification fields, time interval between data points, and the STD data. Technical report No. 152 (unpublished manuscript), by A. Huyer and C.A. Collins, Dec. 1969. (See program WET, next page.)

> Pacific Biological Station Fisheries Research Los d of Canada P. O. Box 200 Nanaimo, B. (. VJR 5K6

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STD Processing

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - Hewlett-Packard 2115A

For shipboard processing of digitized salinity-temperature-depth data. Input is on paper tape (output from program DELP). Output: The following parameters at standard pressures -- temperature, salinity, sigma-t, delta-d, specific gravity anomaly, specific volume anomaly, geopotential anomaly, and potential energy. Technical Report No. 152 (unpublished manuscript), by A. Huyer and C.A. Collins, Dec. 1969.

Pacific Biological Station Fisheries Research Board of Canada P. O. Box 100 Naraimo, B. C. V9R 5K6

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Station Data Retrieval

HYDROSEARCH

Language ~ ALGOL

Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Provides easy, inexpensive retrieval of hydrographic station data, with selection criteria expressed in terms of data properties. Output: Summary listing, detailed listing, cards, tape, or disk file. The program can be run either in batch mode or interactively; users can be local or remote via dial-up, ARPANET or FTS. User's Guide available.

Ed Coughran University of California, San Diego P.O. Box 109

La Jolla, CA 92037

Available from originator only

Telephone (714) 452-4050

STD Data Processing

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 3300

Processes salinity-temperature-depth recorded in the field. BCF Special Scientific Report-Fisheries No. 588, "Processing of Digital Data Logger STD Tapes at the Scripps Institution of Oceanography and the Bureau of Commercial Fisheries, Ls Jolls, California," by Dr. James H. Jones, June 1969.

Oceanic Research Division Scripps Institution of Oceanography P.O. Box 109 La Jolla, CA 92037 Copy on file at NODC (above report)

Salinity Anomaly

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Language - FORTRAN II Hardware - CDC 3100

Calculates the sulinity anomaly from a standard T/S or Theta/S curve for North Atlantic Central water developed by L.V. Worthington. The results are output on the line printer. Author - A.B. Grant (June 1968).

Director
Bedford Institute of Oceanography
P. O. Box 1006
Dartmouth, N. S. B2Y 4A2

Available from originator only

Oxygen Saturation, Oxygen Anomaly ISATBP

Language - FORTRAN II Hardware - CDC 3100

Calculates the percentage of oxygen saturation in seawater, according to tables and formulae by Montgomery (1967), as well as an oxygen anomaly on a sigma-t surface, according to a tabulated curve by Richards and Redfield (1955). The results are output on the line printer, station by station. Author - A.B. Grant (June 1968).

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Plot Theta-S Curves

Language - FORTRAN II Hardware - CDC 3100/PDP-8/CalComp Plotter

Plots potential temperature vs. salinity. Input on cards. Output: Printed listing and punched paper tape. Station plot uses a PDP-8 computer, paper tape reader, and CalComp Plotter. Author - R. Reiniger.

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P. O. Box 1006
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Plots Station Positions

Language - FORTRAN II Hardware - CDC 3100/PDP-8/CalComp Plotter

Plots cruise station positions on Mercator projection and writes in station number. "PLOTL" plotting routine used with PDP-8 and CalComp plotter. Author - R. Reiniger (Sept. 1968).

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P. O. Box 1006
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Available from originator only

Nutrient Concentrations PEAKS

Language - FORTRAN II Hardware - CDC 3150

Reduces a set of discretely sampled voltages from the Technicon AutoAnalyzer to a set of peak heights and thence to a set of nutrient concentrations. Input: Magnetic tape produced by a Techal Digitizer and Kennedy Incremental Recorder; card deck containing identifiers for all samples and standards. Output: Tables of peak heights and of derived nutrient concentrations. Up to 8 parameters and 400 samples can be accommodated per run.

John L. Barron Bedford Institute of Oceanography P. O. Box 1006 Dartmouth, N. S. B2Y 4A2 Available from originator only

Telephone (902) 426-3676

STD Tables and Plots

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - Hi 2100A/Disk/CalComp Plotter optional

Reduces data from Guildline STD and Hewlett Packard data logger to tables of salinity-temperature-depth information and prepares it for plotting. The equation giving salinity as a function of conductivity ratio, temperature, and pressure is due to Dr. Andrew Bennett.

> John L. Barron Bedford Institute of Oceanography P. O. Box 1006 Dartmouth, N. S. B2Y 4A2

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3

Consistency of Physical and Chemical Data C 18 A 18 X

Language - COBOL and FORTRAN subroutines Hardware - IBM 360-50/48K/Disk/2 tape units

Performs consistency check of physical and chemical data obtained during oceanographic cruises. Input: Disk pack with recorded and sorted data, parameter card indicating whether the input corresponds to physical or chemical data. Output: Listing of inconsistent data.

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Lopez Ambrosioni
Centro Argentino de Datos Oceanograficos
Avenida Montes de Oca 2124
Buenos Aires, Republica Argentina Telephone 21-0061

Calculation of Thermometric Values C 18 A 23 X

Language - COBOL and FORTRAN subroutines Hardware - IBM 360-50/58K/Disk/2 tape units

Calculates thermometric depth and corrected temperatures. Input: Disk with physical data and calibration table of reversing thermometers. Output: Listing of evaluated and accepted physical data.

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Buenos Aires, Republica Argentina Telephone 21-0061

Station Data System Final Values C 18 A 32 X FQ

Language - COBOL and FORTRAN subroutine Hardware - IBM 360-50/64K/Disk/2 tape unit

Interpolates temperature, salinity, and oxygen at standard depths; calculates sigma-t and sound velocity at observed and standard depths; also calculates specific volume anomaly and dynamic depth anomaly at standard depths. Input: Disk pack with accepted primary data records. Output: Listing of observed and computed values at observed and standard depths.

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Buenos Aires, Republica Argentina Telephone 21-0061

Daily Seawater Observations

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC CYBER 74

Input: Daily observations of temperature and salinity. Output: (1) Quarterly statistics, (2) annual statistics, (3) listing of seven-day normally weighted means for one year, and (4) plot of normally weighted means for one year. Author - H. Somers. Early version in FORTRAN II-D for the IBM 1620.

Marine Environmental Data Service Available from originator only 580 Booth Street
Ottawa, Ont. KlA OH3 Telephone (613) 995-2011

Data Management System for Physical and Chemical Data OCEANS V

Language - COBOL, FORTRAN, PL/1, machine lang. Hardware - CDC 6400 under SCOPE 3.3, 125K octal words/IBN 360-85 under MVT, 200K decimal bytes

The OCEANS V system is designed to make available any physical, chemical, or meteorological

data collected as manual recordings or analog traces. The system is divided into a number of modules and presently processes data collected using Namera Sottles and mechanical bathythermographs. There are three stages to the system: (1) edit and quality control of newly collected data, (2) addition of these data to existing historical data, and (3) retrieval/report from these historical data.

D. Branch Marine Environmental Data Service 580 Booth Street Ottawa, Ont. KIA OH3 Available from originator only

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Mass Transport and Velocities GEOMASS

Language - FORTRAN II Hardware - PDP 8 E/12K

Calculates velocities at standard depths between two stations relative to deepest common depth; also calculates trapezoidally mass transport between successive depths and culumative mass transport from surface. Assumes deepest common depth is level of no motion. Author - C. Peter Duncan.

Donald K. Atwood Marine Sciences Department University of Puerto Rico Mayaguez, PR 00708

Available from originator only

Telephone (809) 892-2482

Station Data

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - PDP 10

Interpolates oceanographic data; calculates sigma-t, dynamic depth anomaly, potential temperature, and delta-t. Input: Observed thermometric depths, temperature, salinity, and chemistry. Output: Temperature, salinity, sigma-t, potential temperature, delta-t at observed depths and all of these plus dynamic height anomaly interpolated to standard depths. Author - C. Peter Duncan.

Donald K. Atwood Marine Sciences Department University of Puerto Rico Mayaguez, PR 00708 Available from originator only

Telephone (809) 892-2482

Thermometer Correction, Thermometric Depth GIESE 04

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - PDP 10

Corrects thermometers and calculates thermometric depth, as per formulae by Keyte. Input: Thermometer number, uncorrected reading, auxiliary thermometer reading, data, cruise number, station number, wire out. Output: Corrected temperatures, corrected unprotected thermometer readings, and thermometric depth. Author - Mary West.

Donald K. Atwood Marine Sciences Department University of Puerto Rico Mayaguez, PR 00708 Available from originator only

Telephone (809) 892-2482

Oceanography Station Computer Program

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - Burroughs 6700/2125 words

Processes observed station data to obtain interpolated values of temperature, salinity, oxygen, specific volume anomaly, dynamic depth, sigma-t, and sound velocity. The three-point Lagrange interpolation equation and the Wilson sound velocity formula are used in the computations. Running time is two seconds per station.

Miguel Angel Alatorre Instituto de Geofisica Universidad N.A. de Mexico Ciudad Universitaria Mexico 20, D.F. Copy on file at NODC

Telephone 548-63-00, ext. 537

Flexible System for Biological, Physical, and Chemical Data SFDHYP (System d'Exploitation des Donnees en Hydrologie Profonde) Language - FORTRAN JV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/40K 32 bit words with overlay

A very flexible system of about 5,000 cards which computes, interpolates, lists, and plots physical, chemical, and biological parameters. Input includes: List of the parameters to be listed, computed, interpolated, plotted, and copied on files; method of computation and interpolation; name of the parameter to be used as "interpolater"; list of the interpolation levels; format of the processed data. Output: Listings of the observed, computer, or interpolated parameters; plots of one parameter versus another parameter with all the curves on the same graph, or by groups of N curves on the same graph; copy of the values of one parameter on a working file for further use by other programs. The options, input on cards, are analysed and controlled; each station is stored in "common" area; then parameters are computed and interpolated. Files in a new format (FICPAR) are created; each file contains all the values of all the stations for one parameter. The plot is realized from two files of the FICPAR type. Documentation: Presentation de SEDHYP, Dec. 1973; also, Catalogues des methodes de calcul, d'interpolation et de reduction, Dec. 1973.

Mr. Stanislas, BNDO
Centre National pour l'Exploitation
des Oceans
Boite Postale 337
29273 Brest Cedex, France

Available from originator only

Telephone 80.46.50, telex. 94-627

Subroutines for Physical, Chemical and Biological Parameters CO4 SAL, C44 TETA, C 46 SIGM Z, etc. Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

Subroutines compute the following parameters: Depth, pressure, salinity, potential temperature, sigma-o, oxygen saturation percent, sigma-t, delta-st, potential sigma, alpha, delta-alpha, sigma-stp, nitrate, saturated oxygen, apparent oxygen utilization, sound velocity, dynamic depth, potential energy anomaly, salinity or temperature flux, Vaisala frequency. Input: Value of all parameters to be used in the computations and the catalog ide tification number of the chosen method. Documentation: "Catalogue des mathodes de calcul des arameters physiques, chimiques et biologiques," Dec. 1973.

Mr. Stanislas, BNDO Centre National pour 1'Exploitation des Oceans Boite Postale 337 29273 Brest Cedex, France Available from originator only

Telephone 80.46.50, telex 94-627

Interpolation Subroutines INTERP1, INTERP2, etc.

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

Subroutines interpolate the values of a parameter at different levels; for each subroutine, the method is different: spline function, polynomial interpolation, linear interpolation, Lagrange polynomial interpolation. Input: The values of the parameter to be interpolated, the corresponding values of the parameter to be used as "interpolater" (e.g., depth), list of the levels of the "interpolater" for which interpolater is asked, the number of points to be used. Documentation: "Catalogue des methodes d'interpolation," Dec. 1973.

Mr. Stanislas, BNDO Centre National pour l'Exploitation des Oceans Boite Postale 337 29273 Brest Cedex, France Available from originator only

Telephone 80.46.50, telex 94-627

Processes STD and CTD Data SEDSTD (Systeme d'Exploitation des DONNEES STD, CTD)

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/25K words

The system includes programs to copy the raw data from paper tape onto magnetic tape, to produce validated data from the raw data using calibration information, and to process the validated data. It is possible to reprocess the stations from raw data or validated data on magnetic tape. Option information to be supplied includes: identification number of the stations to be processed, whether the data are raw or validated, list of the depth levels to be listed, and scale of the parameters to be plotted. Output: Listings of depth or pressure, temperature, salinity (observed or computed from conductivity), oxygen, oxygen saturation percent, signa-t, potential temperature, potential signa, delta-alpha, and delta-d for each station; plots of temperature, salinity, oxygen and signa-t vs. depth, and temperature vs. salinity for each station; magnetic tape files of raw and validated data. Documentation: Presentation de SEDSTD, Dec. 1973.

Mr. Stanislas, BNDO Centre National pour l'Exploitation des Oceans Boite Postal 337 29273 Brest Cedex. France

Available from originator only

Telephone 80.46.50, telex 94-627

Reads, Calculates, Interpolates Station Data CARRICORN

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-65/320K bytes

Reads oceanographic station data from cards or NODC formatted 120-character-per-record tape. If desired, it can edit the NODC tape and/or calculate and interpolate oceanographic parameters for each station or calculate and interpolate variables at specified signa theta surfaces or potential temperatures. (See subroutines F3, SECPG, EDIT, and PLTEDT.)

Ruth McMath Department of Oceanography Texa: A&M University College Station, TX 77843 Available from originator only

Telephone (711) 845-7432

Station Data Calculations F3

Language - FORTIAN IV Hardware - IbM 360-65

This subroutine takes as input, through its common blocks, the observed values for depth, temperature, salinity, and, if available, oxygen, phosphate, silicate, nitrate, and nitrite. It then interpolates salinity and temperature to standard depths, using either a linear means or by weighting two Lagrangian three-point polynomials (devending on whether there are three or four properly distributed data points). The subroutine calculates the following for both the observed and standard depths: potential temperature, thermosteric anomaly, specific volume anomaly, sigma-t, the sigma values for depths of 0, 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000, and 5000 meters. Computations of sound velocity, dynamic height, and transport functions are made for standard depths only. The computation for stability is made at the observed depths only. The values of oxygen, phosphate, silicate, nitrate, and nitrite are simply printed out, if they are read. Subroutine F3 is a composite of programs written are simply printed out, if they are read. Subroutine F3 is a composite of programs written by kilmer and Durbury for the IBM 650. This program was expanded by Nowlin and McLellan for the IBM 7094 and again by Eleuterius for the IBM 360. The Scripps SNARKI program provided the Lasis for much of the present version. (See program CAPRICORN.)

Ruth McMath Department of Oceanography Texas A&M University College Station, TX 77843 Available from originator only

Telephone (713) 845-7432

Plots Station Data PLTEDT

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-65/Houston Omnigraphic Plotter

This subroutine generates a plot tape to make any of the following 13 plots: Temperature vs. depth, salinity vs. depth, sigma-t vs. depth, temperature vs. salinity, oxygen vs. sigma-t, oxygen vs. temperature, temperature vs. silicate, potential temperature vs. salinity, phosphate vs. depth, sound velocity vs. depth, stability vs. depth, silicate vs. depth, oxygen vs. depth. The size of the plots is 11 x 17 inches. (See program CAPRICORN)

Ruth McMath Department of Oceanography Texas A&M University College Station, TX 77843 Available from originator only

Telephone (713) 845-7432

Calculates Station Data

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-65

This subroutine computes the depths that correspond to input density surfaces. It then interpolates temperature, salinity, oxygen, phosphate, nitrate, and nitrite to these computed depths. Using these interpolated values for temperature and salinity, the following are calculated at each computed depth: Potential temperature, thermosteric anomaly, specific volume anomaly, sigms theta for depths of 0, 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000, and 5000 meters, transport, dynamic height and acceleration potential. Uses Lagrangian interpolation or linear interpolation, depending on point distribution. (See program CAPRICORN)

Ruth McMath Department of Oceanography Texas A&M University College Station, TX 77843 Available from originator only

Telephone (713) 845-7432

Station Data

Language - HP ASA Basic FORTRAN
Hardware - HP 2100/13K words/Keyboard/CalComp
Plotter, paper tape punch, and
magnetic tape unit optional

Computes station data. Input: Header information, depth, temperature, salinity, oxygen and silicate from a user-specified device. Output: Station data including depth, temperature, salinity, oxygen, silicate, pressure, potential temperature, dynamic height, etc. Plot or tape output optional.

Chris Polloni Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543 Available from originator only

Telephone (716) 548-1400

Brunt-Vaisala Frequency OBVFRQ

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/204 words

Subprogram computes the Brunt-Vaisala frequency (radians/sec) from station data. Input: Gravitational acceleration, pressure, temperature, salinity. Requires double precision of program ATG.

Information Processing Center Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543 Available from originator only Telephone (617) 548-1400

Dynamic Height DYNHT

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Language - FORTEAN IV Hardware - MDS Sigma 7/85 words

Subprogram calculates an array of dynamic heights for specified arrays of pressure and specific volume anomalies.

Jacqueline Webster Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543 Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Potential Energy Anomaly PEN

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/103 words

Subprogram computes the potential energy anomaly from pressure and specific volume anomaly.

Jacqueline Webster Woods Hole Cceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Various Parameters from Station Data OCCOMP

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/23K words

Computes various oceanographic parameters from NODC format station data; interpolates parameters to standard depths; computes geostrophic velocity and volume transport for successive stations.

Mary Hunt Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543 Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Specific Volume Anomaly SVANOM

Language - FORTRAN IV-H Herdware - XDS Sigma 7

Subroutine computes the specific volume anomaly, given the pressure and the specific volume, from an empirical formula devised by Fofonoff and Tabata.

Mary Hunt Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543 Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Pressure Subroutine PRESS

Language - FORTRAN IV-H Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

Subroutine computes a series of pressures from a given series of Jepths, temperatures, salinities, and their latitude. The equation for pressure is integrated by successive approximations.

Mary Hunt Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543 Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Telephone (617) 548-1400

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Reads Station Data

Language - FORTRAN IV-H Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

Subroutine reads oceanographic station data cards and returns the information therein to the user, one station for each call.

Mary Hunt Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Geostrophic Velocity Difference Subroutine VEL

Language - FORTRAN IV-H Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

Computes geostrophic velocity difference between two oceanographic stations, according to a formula described by N.P. Fofonoff and Charlotte Froese.

Mary Hunt Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Copy on file at NODC (lirting, documentation)

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Volume Transport

Language - FORTRAN IV-H Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

Computes volume transport between two stations.

Mary Hunt Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Sigma-t SIGMAT and DSIGMT Language - FORTRAN IV-H Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

Subroutine computes sigma-t from temperature and salinity by Knudsen's formula, rewritten by Fofonoff and Tabata. DSIGMT is the double-precision form of SIGMAT.

Mary Hunt Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution

Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Woods Hole, MA 02543 Telephone (617) 548-1400

Adiabatic Temperature Gradient

Language - FORTRAN IV-H Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

Subroutine calculates adiabatic temperature gradient for specified values of pressure, temperature, and salinity, using an empirical formula developed by N.P. Fofonoff.

Mary Hunt Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Potential Temperature POTEMP

Language - FORTRAN IV

OTEMP Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/100 words

Subprogram computes the potential temperatures at a given temperature, salinity, and preasure, using a formula derived from a polynomial fit to laboratory measurements of thermal expansion.

Mary Hunt Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Specific Volume SPVOI.

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/129 words

Subprogram computes the specific volume (ml/g) of seawater at a given temperature, pressure, sigma-o, and sigma-t, using formula by V.W. Ekman (rewritten by Fofonoff and Tabata). Input: values of sigma-t as calculated by subprogram SIGMAT.

> Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Oxygen OPLOT

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 3300

Computes oxygen in ml/l and percent saturation.

U.S. Coast Guard Oceanographic Unit Available from originator only Bldg. 159-E, Navy Yard Annex Washington, DC 20590

Telephone (202) 426-4642

**Chlorophyl** CHLO

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 3300

Computes chlorophyl in mg/l.

U.S. Coast Guard Oceanographic Unit Available from originator only Bldg. 159-E, Navy Yard Annex Washington, DC 20590

Telephone (202) 426-46 2

Salinity SALTY

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 3300

Computes salinity in ppt with temperature correction and shear correction between each standard water sample.

U.S. Coast Guard Oceanographic Unit Available from originator only Bldg. 159-E, Navy Yard Annex Washington, DC 20590

Telephone (202) 426-4642

Temperature-Salinity Class Volume TSVOL

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 3300

Calculates volume of water by T-S class, area within which station is located (in sq. km) and total volume for each T-S class.

> U.S. Coast Guard Oceanographic Unit Available from originator only Bldg. 159-E, Navy Yard Annex

Washington, DC 20590

Telephone (202) 426-4642

11

Thermometer Correction THERZ

Language ~ FORTRAN IV Hardware ~ CDC 3300

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Corrects deep-sea reversing thermometers using calibration factors; computes thermometric depth for unprotected thermometers, lists bad thermometers and their malfunctions, computes observed L-Z, plots L-Z curve (on line), computes used L-Z and picks from the L-Z curve the d pths for the other bottles.

U.S. Coast Guard Oceanographic Unit
Bldg. 159-E, Navy Yard Annex
Washington, DC 20590 Telephone (202) 426-4642

Transport XPORT Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 3300/CalComp Plotter

Calculates sigma-t, dynamic heights, solenoidal values of average temperature and salinity volume flow, current velocity at top of each solenoid, distance (n.m.) between stations, specific heat, heat and salt transport, net volume flow for each pair of stations, net volume flow in form of cold core and warm water for each station and plots solenoid graph on off-line plotter.

U.S. Coast Guard Oceanographic Unit Available from originator only Bldg. 159-E, Navy Yard Annex Washington, DC 20590 Telephone (202) 426-4642

Plots Temperatures, Lists Mixed Layer Depths WEEKPLOT

Language - FORTRAN
Hardware - Burroughs 6700/Less than 20K words/
CalComp Plotter

Plots sea temperature for one-degree quadrangles for the eastern tropical Pacific Ocean; also, computes and lists mixed layer depths. Mixed layer depths are computed by an empirical formula and modified by reports received from tuna fishing vessels. Input: Disk files of synoptic marine radio weather reports, prepared separately from punched cards.

A.J. Good Available from originator only
Southwest Fisheries Center
National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA
P.O. Box 271
La Jolla, CA 92037 Telephone (714) 453-2820, ext. 325

Constants for Harmonic Synthesis of Mean Sea

Language - ALGOL

Hardware - Burroughs 6700/Less than 30K words/

Disk input and output

Computes five constants to be used in harmonic synthesis of mean sea temperatures, by one-degree quadrangles. Monthly variations of mean sea temperature are treated by a Fourier series analysis. Disk file of constants, by one-degree quadrangles for the Pacific Ocean.

A.J. Good Available from originator only
Southwest Fisheries Center
National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA
P.O. Box 271
La Jolla, CA 92037 Telephone (714) 453-2820, ext. 325

Vertical Section Plots

ESTPAC

Language - FORTRAN 63

Hardware - CDC 3600/32K words/3 tape units/
Calcomp Plotter

Constructs vertical temperatures and salinity sections from STD magnetic tape on 30-inch-wide

plotting paper. The product of the two dimensions (station distance x depth) of a data array times four must not exceed 32,000. NOAA Technical Report NMFS CIRC-365.

Kenneth A. Bliss Available from originator only Southwest Fisheries Center
National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA
P.O. Box 271
La Jolia, C' 92037 Telephone (714) 453-2820

Converts STD Data RDEDTP Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3600/15K words/2 tape units

Reads raw STD data from tape, converts to engineering units, removes extraneous values, smooths and writes a new tape. U.S. Pish and Wildlife Service Spec. Sci. Rept. Fish. 588, by James H. Jones, 1969. This program is presently in the state of revision.

Kenneth Bliss Available from originator only Southwest Fisheries Center
National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA
P.O. Box 271
La Jolla, CA 92037 Telephone (714) 453-2820

Corrects STD Data TPMOD Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3500/10K words/2 tape units

Reads STD data from output of program RDEDTP, calibrates data, adds station location and data, and writes a final corrected tape. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Spec. Rept. Fish. 588, by James J. Jones, 1969.

Kenneth Bliss Available from originator only Southwest Fisheries Center National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA P.O. Box 271 La Jolla, CA 92037 Telephone (714) 453-2820

Environmental Dynamica Subfoutines OCEANLIB

Language - BASIC

Hardware - IBM 360/Dartmouth DTSS

A series of subroutines: ALPHA calculates Alpha 35, 0, P for any depth by interpolating standard values from a random access file; GRAV computes the resultant gravity at any latitude, using the international gravity formula. SIGMAT calculates sigma-0 and sigma-t using empirical formulas of Knudsen for sigma-0 and LaFond for sigma-t. DENSITY calculates the in situ density of seawater, using empirical formulas developed by LaFond and others. SOUND computes sound velocity using the empirical formula developed by LaFond in 1968. POSIT computes the direction and distance between points on the earth's surface, using spherical trigonometry, allowing the earth's radius to vary.

LCDR W.C. Barney
Environmental Sciences Department
U.S. Naval Academy
Annapolis, MD 21402

Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 267-3561

Geostrophic Current CURRENT Language - BASIC

Hardware - IBM 360/Dartmouth DTSS/14.5K

Calculates geostrophic current at standard depths between adjacent stations using method of

dynamic height or geopotential anomalies. Requires OCEANLIB aubroutines.

LCDR W.C. Barney Environmental Sciences Department U.S. Naval Academy Annapolis, MD 21402 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 267-3561

Monthly Sonic Layer Depthh

and the second s

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Calculates sonic layer depth from BT traces and converts position to plot on Mercator base without overprints. OS No. 53480. Author - D.B. Nix.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373

Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Vertical Temperature Gradients

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Computes, from geographic station data, the vertical temperature gradient largest in absolute magnitude between successive standard depths, for each station. These gradients are tabulated in frequency distribution format, and averages are calculated for each one-degree square. OS No. 20126 Part 2. Author - C.S. Caldwell.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Water Clarity

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/3K words/Drum

Combines data taken with Scripps illuminameter, transmissometer, Secchi disk and Forel-Ule Scale. Logarithmetic combination of parameters are summed over observation intervals to yield meter by meter results. Input: Diffuse attenuation coefficiencs, transparency readings, depths of observations via cards. Output: Visibility loss at specific levels of the water column and contrast loss expressed in decibel values.

Philip Vinson U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 433-3878

Oceanographic Data Computation

Language - FORTRAN EXTENDED

Hardware - CDC 6500/15K 6C bit words/Two tape

units

Assembles tem, erature, salinity, and sound velocity at forty standard oceanographic depths from any preselected ocean area onto magnetic tape. Also included for each oceanographic station is the layer depth, layer sound velocity, in-layer gradient, below-layer gradient, axis depth and axis depth sound velocity. Output used by program SUMMARY. NUC Tech. Note 1223.

John J. Russell Naval Undersea Center Code 14 San Diego, CA 92132

Available from originator only

Telephone (714) 225-6243

Variance and Standard Deviation SUMMARY

Language - FORTRAN EXTENDED
Hardware - CDC 6500/63K 60 bit words/Disk/
Two tape units

Orders selected oceanographic data at each of forty standard levels and selects maximum, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 25 and 75th percentiles, and minimum. Also computes variance and standard deviation at each of the forty standard depths. Input: Data generated by the program TPCONV. Output: Deck of eighty-one cards - two cards at each of the forty standard depths. First card contains maximum, percentiles (above), minimum, number of observations, and identification at one depth. The second card contains variance, number of observations, mean, depth number, and identification. NUC Tech. Note 1224.

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John J. Russell Naval Undersea Center Code 14 San Diego, CA 92132

Available from originator only

Telephone (714) 225-6243

Sigma-T INVREJ Language - ANSI FORTRAG Hardware - CDC 3300

Removes inversions in sigma-t profiles prior to calculation of buoyance-frequency profile. The following options are available: binomial smoothing, minima rejection, maxima rejection, and local smoothing.

K. Crocker Naval Underwater Systems | enter Newport, RI 02840 Available from originator only

Telephone (401) 841-3307

STD Processing OCEANDATA

Language - ANSI FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3300/UCC plotter

Converts raw Plessey CTD-STD data (frequency or period average) to parametric form, corrects salinity for time constant mismatch, rejects invalid data, averages data by designated intervals (normally 1 decibar). Provides listing, plots, disk and tape files of corrected raw data and reduced data. Several special purpose editions available.

K. Crocker Naval Underwater Systems Center Newport, RI 02840 Available from originator only

Telephone (401) 841-3307

Internal Waves WITCOMB

Language - USASI FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3300/26K words

Calculates internal wave eigenvalues (dispersion curves) and eigenfunctions as solutions to the linear internal wave equation. Input: Density as a function of depth in the ocean from the surface to the bottom. Data points do not have to be equally spaced in depth. Output: Density profile (smoothed), buoyance-frequency profile, dispersions curves (all listings); plotter tape for preceding plus eigenfunctions. Performs numerical integration of internal wave equation using assumed values of frequency and wavenumber until boundary conditions are satisfied by trial and error.

Alan T. Massey Naval Underwater Systems Center Newport, RI 02840 Available from originator only

Telephone (401) 841-4772

Interpolation for Oceanographic Data

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3200/IBM 1620 Interpolates the values of depth, temperature, and salinity at isentropic levels (constant values of the density functions). Uses a four-point Isgrangian polynomial. Exception: Modifications are made where common oceanographic conditions distort the polynomial. Technical Report TM-312 by J. Farrell and R. Lavoie, Feb. 1964.

Naval Underwater Systems Center Newport, RI 02840 Copy on file at NODC (above report)

STD-S/V Data S2049 Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/CalComp Plotter

Performs general purpose processing of STD-S/V data; includes conversion to oceanographic units, editing, ordering relative to increasing depth, calculation of dependent variables, and plotting of results. Input: Pressure or depth, temperature, salinity or conductivity, and sound speed in units of frequency, period or geophysical units. Density computed by integration of P, T, s throughout the water column; sound speed by Wilson's equation; potential temperature by Fofonoff's equation. Output: Magnetic rape, listing, plots of profiles, T vs. S, cross-sections, geographic contours; measured parameters plus density, sound speed, potential quantities, Brunt-Valsala frequency.

Michael Fecher Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2834

Thermometric Depth Calculation CAST

Language - HP FORTRAN IV under RTE Hardware - HP 21005/12K words core/10K for kTE/CalComp Plotter

Uses thermometer readings from Nansen bottles to calculate thermometric depths of the bottles, following method described in instructions for filling our Naval Oceanographic Office "A Sheet." Thermometric depths are printed with input data; L-Z graph is plotted.

J. Dean Clamons
Shipboard Computing Group, Code 8003
Naval Research Laboratory
Washington, DC 20375

Telephone (202) 767-2024

Available from originator only

Thermometer Data File Handler THERMO

Language - HP FORTRAN IV under RTE Hardware - HP 21JOS/12K words core/10K for RTE

Maintains and builds a disk file containing correction factors for thermometers used on Nansen casts. Program is interactive and can add, delete, change, or list data for each thermometer.

J. Dean Clamons Shipboard Computing Group, Code 8003 Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375

Telephone (202) 767-2387

Available from originator only

Internal Gravity Waves DISPER

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3800

Calculates frequency - wavenumber dispersion relations for internal gravity wave rodels. Input: Brunt-Vaisala frequency distribution, wavenumber range, made number range. Output: Frequency as a function of wavenumber for specified modes, in tabular or line printer plot form.
NRL Report 7294, "Numerical Calculation of Dispersion Relations for Internal Gravity Waves," by
T.H. Bell, Sept. 1971.

T. H. Bell Ocean Sciences Division Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375

Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 767-3122

Swa Surface Temperature Analysis Model MEDSST

Language - FORTRAN/COMPASS
Hardware - CDC 3100/CDC 3200/32K 24 bit words

Performs a synoptic sea-surface temperature analysis, using a Laplacian relaxation technique to generate the final field. EPRF Program Note 5. "Mediterranean Sea-Surface Temperature Analysis Program MEDSST," by A.E. Anderson, Jr., S.E. Larson, and L. I'Anson.

Sigurd Larson
Environmental Prediction
Research Facility
Naval Postgraduate School
Monterey, CA 93940

Available from originator only

Telephone (408) 646-2868

Objective Thermocline Analysis

Language - FORTRAN IV-H Hardware - IBM 360/CDC 6500

Reads digitized bathythermograph traces and then analyzes them objectively by Gaussian and non-Gaussian methods for the top, center, and base of the main thermocline. Additionally, such features as multiple thermoclines, inversions, and thermal the sients are identified and their key points are included in the information data printout. The jective Digital Analysis of Bathythermograph Traces," thesis by Eric F. Grosfils, Dec. 1968.

Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA 93940 Available from NTIS, Order No. AD 689 121/LK, \$5.75 paper, \$2.25 microfiche.

Wet Bulb Temperature WETRLE

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6600

Computes the wet bulb temperature from the inputs of dry bulb temperature, pressure, and relative humidity. This is sometimes useful for generating homogeneous archive outputs (filling in missing wet bulb temperatures from the other variables).

Jerry Sullivan Center for Experiment Design and Data Analysis, NOAA/EDS Washington, DC 20:35

Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 634-7288

Internal Wave Oscillations

Language - FORTRAN
Hardware - CDC 6600 & 7600 (original program),
UNIVAC 1108 (modified version)/31K

Computes eigenfunctions and dispersion relations for internal wave oscillations in a density-stratified water column, using Newton-Raphson approximation technique to obtain solutions for eigenfrequencies and associated mode functions. Input: STD data on cards. Output: Tabular output of density, Brunt-Vaisala frequency, dispersion relations, eigenfunctions. User's Manual (RDA-TR-2701-001) by R&D Associates, Santa Monica, California, for implementation on CDC 6600 and CDC 7600; modified User's Manual by A. Chermak for ACMI.'s UNIVAC 1108.

Andrew Chernak
Ocean Remote Sensing Laboratory
Atlantic Oceanographic and
Meteorological Laboratories, NOAA
15 Rickenbacker Causeway
Himmi, FL 33149

Available from originators only

Telephone (305) 361-3361

Isentropic Interpolation

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 360-65/61K bytes

Provides values of several variables at selected density (sigma-t) levels; interpolation by cubic spline, with modifications for oscillation. Input: NODC SD2 (station data) file. Output: Interpolated values of depth, temperature, salinity, pressure, specific volume anomaly, dynamic height and acceleration potential, on magnetic tape. Author - Douglas R. Hamilton.

Oceanographic Services Branch National Oceanographic Data Center NOAA/EDS Washington, DC 20235 Copy on file at NODC

Telephone (202) 634-7439

Potential Temperature and/or Density POTDEN

Language - Assembler Hardware - IBM 360-65/50K bytes

Reads the NODC SD2 (station data) file and replaces temperature and/or sigma-t with totential temperature and/or density. Requires subroutine PODENS. Author - Walter Morawski.

Oceanographic Services Branch National Oceanographic Data Center NOAA/EDS Washington, DC 20235

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Telephone (202) 634-7439

SIGMAT

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - IBM 360-65/740 bytes (object form)

Computes sigma-t, giving a rounded floating point answer accurate to four significant decimal digits (xx.xx); also returns the computed variable FS (a function of sigma-t), a short floating point number. Author - Robert Van Wie.

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NOAA/EDS Washington, DC 20235

Telephone (202) 634-7439

Dynamic Depth Anomaly DYANOM

Language - FORTRAN IV-G Hardware - 1BM 360-65

Subroutine computes dynamic depth anomaly. Author - Robert Van Wie.

Oceanographic Services Branch National Oceanographic Data Center NOAA/ZDS Copy on file at NODC

Telephone (202) 634-7439

Computes Salinity from Conductivity, T, P SALINE

Washington, DC 20235

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - 1BM 360-65 Computes salinity from conductivity in milli mhos/cm, pressure in decibars, and temperature in degrees C. Valid for temperature range 0-30 degrees C, salinity range 20-40 ppt, pressure range 0-3000 decibars; measurements outside these ranges may cause a significant error in the resulting salinity computation. Author - Philip Hadsell.

> Oceanographic Services Branch National Oceanographic Data Center

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NOAA/FDS

Washington, DC 20235

Telephone (292) 634-7439

Volume Transport Function CFUN

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 360-65

Computes the volume transport function at each depth of a hydrographic station. Author - Ralph Johnson.

Oceanographic Services Branch

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National Oceanographic Data Center NOAA/EDS

Washington, DC 20235

Telephone (202) 634-7439

Potential Temperature, Potential Density **PODENS** 

Language - FORTRAN IV-G Hardware - IEM 360-65

Computes potential temperature and potential density from depth, temperature, and salinity. Author - Dave Pendleton.

> Oceanographic Services Branch National Oceanographic Data Center

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NOAA/EDS

Washington, DC 20235

Telephone (202) 634-7439

Volume Transport

Language - FORTRAN IV

VOLTRN

Hardware - IBM 360-65

Computes volume transport between any two stations, according to the formulas in D. Pendleton's "Specifications for a subroutine which computes the transport function," NODC, August 29, 1972. Author - Ralph Johnson.

> Oceanographic Services Branch National Oceanographic Data Center

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NOAA/EDS

Washington, DC 20235

Telephone (202) 634-7439

Computes Pressure PRESSR

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - IBM 360-65

Computes pressure from latitude, depth, temperature, salinity, and sigma-t. Must be called serially through a cast since the calculation of pressure at each depth after the surface involves the depth, density, and pressure of the preceding depth. Author - Sally Heimerdinger.

> Oceanographic Services Branch National Oceanographic Data Center

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NOAA/EDS

Washington, DC 20235

Telephone (202) 634-7439

Temperature Difference Calculations TEMPDIFF

Language - Assembler

Hardware - IBM 360-65/36K bytes

Takes selected BT's or sections of the BT geofile and sums the temperature difference for each Marsden square, one degree square and month; these may be summed over 10; 15; or 20-meter interwals. Input: BT records sorted by Marsden (ten-degree) aquares. Author - Walter Morawski.

> Oceanographic Services Branch National Oceanographic Data Center

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NOAA/EDS

Washington, DC 20235

Telephone (303) 634-7439

RSMAS Data Processing and Analysis Programs; Data Management System (DMS) Language - FORTRAN\*

Hardware - UNIVAC 1106/PDP-11

#### Data Processing:

DMSED is a general-purpose editor for DMS files; editing may be by hand or by algorithm. (PDP-11)

DMSCHP automatically chops a DMS time series into profiles. (PDP-11)

AACAL aligns, calibrates, and pre-edits data from Aanderaa current meter; output is DMS file. (PDP-11)

MK2CAL transcribes and calibrates Mark I! Cyclesonde (unattended current profiler) data; output is DMS file. (PDP-11)

DERIVE appends to a DMS file new quantities derived from the input file; repertoire is expandable. (UNIVAC, PDP-11)

DMSORT concatenates DMS files from various sources, sorts according to selected keys, aegments into class intervals, and outputs a DMS file. (UNIVAC)

MATRIX 81 interpolates data in depth-time coordinates to a uniform grid with various input and output options. (UNIVAC)

#### Data Analysis:

PLSAD computes a wide variety of statistical and dynamical quantities from time series of STD and/or PCM profiles; requires data on a uniform, rectangular grid. (UNIVAC)

IWEG computes internal wave eigenvalues and eigenfunctions. (UNIVAC)

CHRSEC computes dynamical fields and internal wave rays for x, z sections; requires mean sigma-t and mean velocity fields on a common level but otherwise nonuniform gtid. (UNIVAC)

SPKTRA computes auto-and cross-spectra by Tukey (correlation) method. (UNIVAC)

CHXSPC computes auto- and cross-spectra in polarized form for single or a pair of complex-valued series; input is selected output of SPKTRA. (UNIVAC)

TIDES4 computes amplitude and phases for specified frequencies by least-squares; for pairs of series, tidal ellipse parameters are computed. (UNIVAC)

METFLX computes all meteorological fluxes from observed meteorological parameters by bulk formulas. (UNIVAC)

EMPEIGI computes cross covariance matrix and finds its eigenvalue and (orthogonal) eigenvectors. (UNIVAC)

(\*Reading and writing DMS files in machine-level language)

Christopher N.K. Mooers or Henry T. Perkins Division of Physical Oceanography Rosenstiel School of Marine and Atmospheric Science University of ...ami 10 Rickenbacker Causeway Miaml, FL 33149 Available from originator only

Telephone (305) 350-7546

### **CHEMISTRY**

CO2 and D.O. SAT

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - IBM 360/less than 5000 bytes

Calculates percent saturation of dissolved oxygen and concentration of free CO<sub>2</sub>. Follows standard methods (American Public Health Association, 1971) for oxygen and Garrels and Christ (1965) for CO<sub>2</sub> ("Minerals, Solutions, and Equilibria," R.M. Garrels and C. Christ, Harper and Row). Input: Data cards with sample identification, temperature, pH, phenolphhalein alkalinity, bicarbonate alkalinity, and dissolved oxygen. An average correction factor for total dissolved solids is included in each run. Output: Printed and punched sample identification, temperature, dissolved oxygen, percent saturation, carbonate alkalinity, bicarbonate alkalinity, bicarbonate, K<sub>1</sub>, and free CO<sub>2</sub>. "A Computer Program Package for Aquatic Biologists," by Paul J. Godfrey, Lois White, and Elizabeth Keokosky.

Paul J. Godfrey Department of Natural Resources Cornell University, Fernow Hall Ithaca, NY 14850 Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Telephone (607) 256-3120

Alkalinity ALCT Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 3150

Calculates total alkalinity, carbonate alkalinity, pH, and log (k(A)) for a potentiometric alkalinity titration. Endpoints are found by Gram plot method; complete procedure has been described by Dyrssen and Sillen. Input: Paper tape from DATOS data set and ASR-33 Teletype; a set of sample salinities on disk, tape, or cards; one or two cards containing run information. Output: Line printer plots of the titration curves; extensive information about each sample

John L. Barron Bedford Institute of Oceanography P. O. Box 1006 Dartmouth, N. S. B2Y 4A2

run; and a summary sheet with the four parameters for each sample.

Available from originator only

Telephone (902) 426-3676

Specific Conductivity with Pressure Effect

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 360

Computes specific conductivities from measured values of resistance for the electrolytic solution and the pressures at which the measures were made. Also determines other useful quantities needed to determine the effect of pressure on the ionic conductance through the upper 2000 meters of the ocean's water column. The conductivity increase which results solely from solution concentration changes during compression is determined and found to be a significant error source. Thesis by Michael E. Mays, Dec. 1968.

U.S. Naval Postgraduat: School Monterey, CA 93940

Available from NTIS, Order No. AD 686 654, \$4.75 paper copy, \$2.25 microfiche.

Percentage Saturation of Oxygen in Estuarine Waters, B528

Language - FORTRAN IV-G Hardware - IBM 360-65

Computes the percentage saturation of dissolved oxygen in estuarine or brackish water. Because of the temperature compensation at a fixed 25 degrees C in the conductivity measurements, salinity is given as input and is used to compute chlorinity. This computed chlorinity, with the

accompanying temperature, is used to determine the oxygen solubility of the water. The maximum percentage saturation of the dissolved oxygen in the water is calculated from the given oxygen content and the computed oxygen solubility. The same procedure is used to ascertain the minimum percentage saturation of oxygen. Independent of the dissolved oxygen data, there is another set of measured temperature and conductivity from which salinity is computed. Author—Patricia A. Filton.

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Computer Center Division U.S. Geological Survey National Center Reston, VA 22092 Copy on file at NODC (listing, Jocumentation)

Telephone (703) 860-7106

Water Chemistry - Dielectric Constant MolOl Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-65

Calculates the dielectric constant of water (0 to 360 degrees C (water saturated for T over 100 degrees C), the density of water (0 to 360 degrees C), the extended Debye-Hueckel activity coefficients of charged species, the activity products for 33 hydrolysis reactions including oxides, hydroxides, carbonates, sulfides, and silicates, the concentrations and activities of ten ion pairs or complexes, and of 22 aqueous species, the oxidation potential calibrations, the standard state oxidation potentials and Eh values at equilibrium for 13 redox reactions, moles and ppm of cations at equilibrium with 42 solid phases and the chemical potentials for each of the 42 reactions along with activity product/equilibrium constant ratios for the hydrolysis reactions.

Computer Center Division U.S. Geological Survey National Center Reston, VA 22092 Copy on file at NODC (deck, documentation)

Telephone (703) 860-7106

### COASTAL AND ESTUARINE PROCESSES

Three-Dimensional Estuarine Circulation Model

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/40K 6 character words

Produces a fully three-dimensional simulation of estuarine circulation for arbitrary lateral and bottom geometry, inflowing rivers, openings to the sea, salinity, wind effect, and other related parameters.

Alan J. Fuller
Department of Meteorology (IFDAM)
University of Maryland
Space Science Building
College Park, MD 20742

Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 454-2708

Multi-Layer Hydrodynamical-Numerical Model Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6500/CDC 7600

Computes the current patterns using a two-layer hydrodynamical-numerical model for bays, estuaries, and sections of coastline. This program applies the finite difference hydrocynamic equations to a two-layer system. As optional output, it can produce currents and layer elevation fields, surface pollutant diffusion fields, and detailed special point information. EPRF Tech. Note. 2-74, "A Multi-Layer Hydrodynamic-Numerical Model," by T. Laevastu.

Taivo Laevastu Environmental Prediction Research Facility Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA 93940 Available from originator only

Telephone (408) 646-2937

Single Large Hydrodynamical-Numerical Model Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6500/IBM 360

Computes tidal, permanent, and wind-induced flows for bays, estuaries, or sections of the coastline, using the finite difference form of the hydrodynamic equations. Input includes bottom bathymetry and tides at an open boundary. Output: Wave elevation and current speed and direction fields, diffusion of pollutants field, if desired; detailed data for up to twelve points. EPRF Technical Note 1-74, "A Vertically Integrated Hydrodynamical-Numerical Model," by T. Laevastu.

Kevin M. Rabe Available from originator only Research Facility Environmental Prediction
Naval Postgraduate School
Honterey, CA 93940 Telephone (408) 646-2842

Estuarine Model NONLNRA

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - IBM 370-165/150K characters

Solves a system of non-linear algebraic equations for a vertical plane estuary model. Output: Salinity and two velocity component profiles as a function of two space variables.

L.J. Pietrafesa Center for Marine and Coastal Studies North Carolina State University Raleigh, NC 27607 Available from originator only

Telephone (919) 787-6074

MIT Salinity Intrusion Program

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-65/120 K bytes

Provides predictions of unsteady salinity intrusion in a one-dimensional estuary of varying cross-section, using finite difference solution to the equations of motion and conservation of salt; coupling is accounted for through a density term in the momentum equation. Input: Schematized geometry, upstream inflows as a function of time, ocean salinity and tidal elevations at the ocean. Output: (1) Surface elevations, cross-sectional discharges and salinities as a function of time; (2) high-water slack valinities by tidal cycle; (3) longitudinal dispersion coefficients; (4) plots. Technical Report No. 159, "Prediction of Unsteady Salinity Intrusion in Estuaries: Mathematical Model and User's Manual," by M.L. Thatcher and D.R.F. Harleman, Ralph M. Parsons Laboratory, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1972. Also MIT Sea Grant Publications 72-21.

M. Llewellyn Thatcher Southampton College Southampton, NY 11968 Available from MIT or from the author.

Telephone (516) 283-4000

Dynamic Deterministic Simulation SIMUDELT

Language - FORTRAN IV
Hardware - IBM 360/5 tape units/CalComp
Plotter optional

Simulates growth of a subaqueous deposit where a fresh water stream enters a saline basin. Tidal effects and longshore transport also are included. Input: Stream width and depth, water discharge, sediment load, profile of basin bottom, tidal range, length of tidal cycle, and transport parameter. Output: Tables of particle trajectories, graphs of distribution of different size grains in deposit, plots of delta development in plan, and elevation views.

K. Kay Shearin University of Delaware P.O. Box 2826 Lewes, DE 19958 Available from originator only

Telephone (302) 645-6674

Beach Simulation Model

Language - FORTRAN IV Haidware - IBM 1130/16K words/3 disks/ CalComp Plotter

A computer simulation model to study relationships among barometric pressure, wind, waves, longshore currents, beach erosion, and bar migration. Fourier series are used to represent major trends in weather and wave parameters. Barometric pressure plotted as a function of time; longshore current velocity computed as function of first derivative of barometric pressure. Nearshore area represented by a linear plus quadratic surface with bars and troughs generated by normal and inverted normal curves. Wave and current energies computed for storm and poststorm recovery periods are used to simulate coastal processes which cause erosion and deposition. A series of maps are produced to show changes in nearshore topography through time. ONR Tech. Report No. 5, "Computer Simulation Model of Coastal Processes in Eastern Lake Michigan," Williams College.

William T. For Department c. Geology Williams College Williamstown, MA 01267 Available from originator only

Telephone (413) 597-2221

Estuarine Density Currents and Salinity DENSITY

Language - FORTRAN
Hardware - IBM 370-155/250K bytes

Performs numerical calculation of steady density currents and salinities in an estuary in three dimensions by numerical solution of finite-difference equations for a number of quasi-timesteps. Input: Local geometry, depths, tidal currents, latitude, boundary salinities. Output: x-y-z

paper plot of velocities and vector representation of circulation patterns with complementary 35mm color slides. Determines primary orientation of 45° oblique photographs, identifies specific dye patch movements, and averages velocity over a known time span. "Airphoto Analysis of Estuarine Circulation," by H.G. Weise, M.Oc.E. Thesis.

Dennis Best or L.S. Slotta Ocean Engineering Program Oregon State University Corvallis, OR 97331 Available from originator only

Telephone (503) 754-3631

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Upwelling CSTLUPWL

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - CDC 6400/150K characters/2 tape units

Provides sigma-t and three velocity component profiles as a function of two space variables for a steady-state, two-dimensional upwelling. Input: Independent variable and independent parameter sizes.

L.J. Pietrafesa Available from originator only Center for Marine and Coastal Studies North Carolina State University Raleigh, NC 27607 Telephone (919) 787-6074

Mathematical Water Quality Model for Estuaries

Language - FORTRAN IV llardware - IBM 360/350K

Computation of water quality parameters of dissolved oxygen, biological oxygen demand, etc., for the Neuse Estuary, North Carolina. Input: Upstream discharge and water quality data. Output: Water levels, velocities, and water quality parameters at downstream locations. Uses numerical solution of shallow-water systems matched with explicit solutions of the mass balance equation. Sea Grant Report, in preparation.

Michael Amein
Dept. of Civil Engineering
North Carolina State University
Raleigh, NC 27607

Available from originator only

Telephone (919) 737-2332

Computation of Flow through Masonboro Inlet, North Carolina

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360/350K

Computation of discharges and water levels at complex coastal inlets. Implicit numerical solution of one-dimensional shallow water equations. Input: Tidal elevations at sea, water levels on the land side of inlets. Output: Velocity, discharges, and water levels. Sea Grant Report UNC-SG-73-15. Also, Journal of Waterways and Harbors Div., Proc. ASCE, Vol. 10, No. WW1, February 1975, pp. 93-110.

Michael Amein
Dept. of Civil Engineering
North Carolina State University
Raleigh, NC 27607

Available from originator only

Telephone (919) 737-2332

Circulation in Pamlico Sound

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 360/320K

Provides the water surface elevations, water velocity plots, and flows through inlets for Pamlico and Albemarle Sounds, North Carolina. Input: Wind fields, inflows, ocean tides.

Michael Amein Department of Civil Engineering North Carolina State University Raleigh, NC 27607

Available from originator only

Telephone (919) 737-2332

Three-Dimensional Simulation Package AUGUR

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Language - FORTRAN IV/COMPASS Hardware - CDC 6400/SCOPE 3.4 Operating System

AUGUR is a general three-dimensional simulation package designed to handle general spatial bookkeeping problems and basic input-output of data, thus leaving the main problem of modeling to the user. The specifications are:

- (1) to handle 1 to a maximum of 33,000 volumes;
- (2) to handle a one-, two-, or three-dimensional space in any one of the following structures:
  - (a) 1 x 1 x 1 (e) NC x 1 x 1
  - (b) 1 x NR x 1 (f) NC x NR x 1
  - (c) 1 x NR x ND (g) NC x NR x ND
  - (d) 1 x 1 x ND (h) NC x 1 x ND
- where NC = maximum volumes along the west to east axis
  - NR = maximum volumes along the south to north axis
  - ND = maximum volumes along the lower to upper axis
- (3) to determine the following information of each volume:
  - (a) corner coordinates
- (b) volume centroid (c) centroids of the
- (d) projected areas onto XY, XZ, and YZ planes of the volume's faces
- volume's faces
- (e) the volume measurement
- (4) to allow the user to handle:
  - (a) 1 to 40 state variables in each volume
  - (b) velocities at the centroid of each volume or (but not both) at the centroids of each face of the volume
  - (c) boundary conditions for state variables and velocities
- (5) to allow the user to initialize all state variables and velocities of each volume;
- (6) to allow the user to define the corner coordinates of each volume;
- (7) to set up the space in a right-handed coordinate system;
- (8) to allow free field data input (to a certain extent);
- (9) to use Adams-Bashforth predictor equation for the simulation with Euler's equation as a starter with the option to replace these equations;
- (10) to be able to save the simulated data on tape in order to continue the simulation later on or to plot the data;
- (11) to provide the option of suppressing certain output.

Due to the generality of the specifications, AUGUR requires much more computer core storage than a program written for a specific model. In order to reduce the core requirement, AUGUR has been subdivided into semi-independent parts called overlays, thus allowing only currently needed programs to occupy core while keeping the unneeded ones on disk until later. Further reduction of core is made possible by keeping in core only those data arrays of volumes which are to be used immediately and storing the data arrays of volumes not currently in use on disk. University of Washington Ref. No. M74-88, NSF GX 33502, IDOE/CUEA Technical Report 7, "AUGUR, A Three-Dimensional Simulation Program for Non-Linear Analysis of Aquatic Ecosystems," by D.L. Morishima, P.B. Bass, and J.J. Walsh, November 1974.

> Department of Oceanography University of Washington Seattle, WA 98195

Copy on file at NODC (Flogram code on magnetic tape). Documentation (above report) available from NTIS, Order No. PB 245 566, \$8.00 paper, \$2.25 fiche.

Salinity Distribution in One-Dimensional Estuary, ARAGORN

Language - FORTRAN Hardware -

A model is constructed for an estuary to predict the salinity distribution for a given freshwater inflow, with application to the upper Chesapeake Bay and the Susquehanna River. Based on a salt continuity equation in which the seaward salt advection is balanced by turbulent diffusion toward the head of the bay. In final form, it is a linear, second-order, and parabolic partial differential equation with variable coefficients which are functions of both space and time. Tech. Report 54, Ref. 69-7, by William Bolcourt, May 1969.

Cheaspeake Bay Institute
The Johns Hopkins University
Baltimore, MD 21218

Copy on file at NODC (above report)

Modeling an Ocean Pond

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 370-155

Models hydrodynamic characteristics of coastal waters, using the Galerkin weighted-residual method through which the finite element scheme can be implemented without a knowledge of the particular variational principle of the governing equation. Marine Technical Report 40, "Modeling an Ocean Pond: A Two-Dimensional, Finite Element Hydrodynamic Model of Ninigret Pond, Charlestown, Rhode Island", by Hsin-Fang Wang, University of Rhode Island, 1975.

Department of Mechanical Engineering and Applied Mechanics University of Rhode Island Kingston, RI 02881

Department of Mechanical Engineer- Copy on file at NODC (Above report, ing and Applied Mechanics includes listing)

Estuarine Chemistry MYACHEM Language - FORTRA: IV/WATFIV

Hardware - IBM 370

From raw hydrographic data and nutrient chemistry data absorbences, computes actual values as compared with standards, along with instantaneous tide height of station. Estuarine low salinity procedures are applied. Output: Formatted concentrations of nitrite, nitrate, ammonía, urea, dissolved oxygen, silicate, and phosphate. Author - Stephen A. Macko.

B.J. McAlice Available from originator only Ira C. Darling Center (Marine Laboratory) University of Maine at Orono Walpole, ME 04573 Telephone (207) 563-3146

Estuarine Tides

Language - WATFIV FORTRAN

Hardware - IBM 370

Computes instantaneous tide height, range, and tide character, given corrections. Author - Stephen A. Macko.

B.J. McAlice Available from originator only Ira C. Darling Center (Marine Laboratory) University of Maine at Orono Walpole, ME 04573 Telephone (207) 563-3146

Mathematical Model of Coastal Upwelling: Drift, Slope, and Littoral Currents OCEØ1P07 Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - IBM 360-40/23K bytes

Calculates and prints drift, slope, and littoral current tables, as well as their corresponding

flux tables - a total of 33 tables. Input: Orientation of the coast, latitude of the site, direction of the wind, velocity of the wind. Output: For drift currents, the results are presented in ten tables, corresponding to each tenth of the H/D ratio, where H is the depth of the site and D is the depth of the friction layer (a function of latitude and wind velocity); in each table the drift currents are shown at 20 levels of the local depth; at each level, values for the following elements are given - velocity, angle with the wind, direction, angle with the slope, glope component of velocity, and component of velocity parallel to the coast. The drift fluxes are presented in an eleventh table and calculated at each tenth of the H/D ratio, giving values for the following elements - rate of flow (m³/sec), angle with the wind, angle with the slope, direction, slope component of the rate of flow, and component of the rate of flow parallel to the coast. Slope currents and fluxes and littoral currents and fluxes are presented in tables similar to those of drift currents and fluxes, but without values for angle of currents and fluxes with the wind.

CF Emmanuel Gama de Almeida Diretoria de Hidrografia e Navegacao BCO Nacional de Dados Oceanograficos Primeiro Distrito Nava? - Ihla Fiscal Rio de Janeiro - GB-20.000, Brasil

Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation in English and Portuguese)

Beach and Nearshore Maps

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IbM 1130/8K words

Topographics maps of the beach and nearshore area are computed and plotted based on nine profiles from a baseline scross the beach. Profiles are spaced at 100-foot intervals along the beach with survey points at five foot intervals along each profile. Linear interpolation is made parallel to the baseline between adjacent profiles. Numbers and symbols are printed to form the maps. Profiles for a series of days are used to print maps of erosion and deposition by subtracting elevations for each day from the elevations for the previous day. ONR Tech. Report No. 4, "Beach and Nearshore Dynamics in Eastern Lake Michigan", by Davis and Fox, 1971.

William T. Fox Williams College Department of Geology Williamstown, MA 012u7 Available from originator only

Telephone (413) 597-2221

Numerical Model, Dynamics and Kinematics of Partially Mixed Estuaries

Language - FORTRAN Hardware -

A real-time numerical model is developed to describe the dynamics and kinematics of partially mixed estuaries. The governing equations are formally latera? y averaged and realistic estuarine bathymetry is included. The external inputs to the model are salinity and tidal amplitude as a function of time at the ocean boundary and the freshwater discharge at the river boundary. The model includes the continuity, salt, and momentum balance equations coupled by equations of state. The numerical technique conserves volume, salt, and momentum in the absence of dissipative effects. Simulations show that using a constant vertical eddy viscosity and diffusivity produce unrealistic salinity distributions, but have minor effects on the surface amplitudes; results from the application of the model to the Potomac Estuary, using a stability dependent eddy viscosity and diffusivity, yield distributions comparable to field observations. Further numerical experimentation illustrates the response of the circulation to changes in the boundary friction and the river discharge. Reference 75-9, Technical Report 91, "A Numerical Investigation into the Dynamics of Estuarine Circulation," by Alan Fred Rlumberg, October 1975.

Cheaspeake Bay Institute The Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, MD 21218 Copy on file at NODC (above report)

## **ENGINEERING**

Deep Ocean Load Handling Systems DOLLS

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6600

Provides a capability to evaluate any selected deep ocean load handling system on the basis of critical mission parameters; allows comparison of candidate systems, development of an optimum system, and sensitivity analyses. Input: Mission objectives, mission scenario, mission parameters, analytical parameters. Output: Scenario with times and costs in individual step and cumulative form. "A Method for Evaluation and Selection of Deep Ocean Load Handling Systems," Vol. I, Final Report, Vol. II, User's Manual; supplementary Letter Report.

- Tail - Tail

L.W. Hallanger Civil Engineering Laboratory Naval Construction Battalion Center Port Hueneme, CA 93043 Copy on file at NODC (Deck)

Telephone (805) 982-5787

Load Motion and Cable Stresses

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CLC 6600

Determines the transient and/or steady-state load motion and cable stresses in a vertically suspended load due to excitation at top or release from non-equilibrium position. Uses the method of orthogonal collocation in the "length" variable in order to reduce the equations to a set of ordinary differential equations. These are solved by a predictor-corrector method. Input: Cable length, cable density, Ea, load radius, load density, fluid density, added mass and drag coefficient on load (sphere only), initial tension at load, frequency and amplitude of forced motion. Output: Time history of cable tensions, velocities, and time history of load motion.

H.S. Zwibel
Civil Engineering Laboratory
Naval Construction Battalion Center
Port Hueneme, CA 93043

Copy on file at NODC (Deck)

Telephone (805) 982-4625

Soil Test Data TRIAX Language - FORTRAN IV
Hardware - CDC 6600/100K characters

Uses standard technique for reduction of triaxial soil test data. Input: Axial displacement of sample, axial load, original area, original height, consolidation pressure, volume change, and pere water pressure. Output: Axial strain, pore water pressure change, principal stress difference, A, minor and major principal effective stress, principal stress ratio, P, Q.

H.J. Lee Civil Engineering Laboratory Neval Construction Battalion Center Port Nueneme, CA 93043 Copy on file at NODC (Deck)

Telephone (805) 982-5624

Dynamic Stress Response of Lifting Lines, CABANA Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6500/2 :ape units

Predicts dynamic response, of a lift line/payload system with long line length. Response operators are calculated from explicit equations; the output spectrum is used in a statistical calculation to determine the probability distributions. Input: Cable physical properties and elasticity, payload physical descriptions, surface excitation in the form of displacement spectrum or acceleration spectrum. Output: Dynamic tension or payload motion operators as a function of frequency, probability distribution of dynamic tension and motion, and design peak

tension. CEL Technical Report R-703, "Dynamic Stress Response of Lifting Lines for Oceanic Operations," by C.L. Iiu, Nov. 1970.

Francis C. Liu Copy on file at NODC (Deck)
Civil Engineering Laboratory
Naval Construction Battalion Center
Port Hueneme, CA 93043 Telephone (805) 982-4613

Dynamic Response of Cable System Language - FORTRAN IV SNAPLG Hardware - CDC 6600

Determines dynamic responses of a two-dimensional cable system in the ocean with in-line masses, based on lumped mass approximation; equations of motion were solved numerically by predictor-corrector method; cable segment takes tension only. Input: Cable static position, cable physical and elastic properties, in-line mass characteristics, current profile, surface excitation in sinusoidal form. Output: Tension and mass point location as function of time. CEL Tech. Note N-1288, "Snap Loads in Lifting and Mooring Cable Systems Injuced by Jurface Wave Conditions," by F.C. Liu, Sept. 1973.

Francis C. Liu Copy on file at NODC (Deck)
Civil Enginhering Laboratory
Naval Construction Battalion Center
Port Hueneme, CA 93043 Telephone (805) 982-4613

Changes in Electromechanical Cable Language - FORTRAN IV RAMSC Hardware - CDC 6600

Determines the internal and external changes of a multi-strand electromechanical cable under end constraints and loadings. Based on helical wire model, equations are solved numerically by progressive iteration. Input: Cable construction details, wire physical properties, external loadings and constraints. Output: Cable end torque or torsion, elongation, internal changes. Note: RAMSC and RADAC have been combined to form program TAWAC.

Francis C. Liu Copy on file at NODC (Deck)
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Naval Construction Buttalion Center
Port Hueneme, CA 93043 Telephone (805) 982-4613

End Responses in Electromechanical Cable Language - FORTRAN IV RADAC Hardware - CDC 6600

Predicts the elongation, end rotation, or end moment of a double-armored electromechanical cable. Based on helical wire model, the problem is solved numerically by progressive iteration. Input: Cable physical and elastic properties, end loadings and/or conditions, detailed description of cable construction. Output: End responses in the form of end moment or end tersiors, cable elongation, cable geometric changes, wire tensions. Note: RAMSC and RADAC have been loadings to form program TAWAC.

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Civil Engineering Laboratory
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Unmanned Free-Swimming Submersible
UFSS Plotting Program

Language - BASIC
Hardware - hP 9830A/4K words core/24K words
addtional/Plotter plus ROM

Calculates radius of mission possible for theoretical UFSS (Unmanned Free-Swimming Submersible) when internal energy usage (hotel load) is varied. Uses simple iteration to select relative

speed for most efficient energy usage per actual distance covered. Input: Minimum, maximum, and increment on external volume and hotel load of UFSS; responses (yes or no) for speed matrix; response (yes or no) for another run with an ocean current one half knot greater than previous plot. Output: Speed matrix (if desired) up and downstream, matrix of radii covering volume and hotel load variations; graphic output of radii matrix as a function of external volume and hotel load as a parameter. Documentation: OTD-01-74-02-01.

> Edward J. Finn Available from originator only Ocean Instrumentation Branch Naval Research Laboratory, Code 8422 Washington, DC 20375 Telephone (202) 767-2112

Unmanned Free-Swimming Submersible UFSS Variable Hotel Load

Language - BASIC

Hardware - HP 9830A/2K words

Calculates ranges possible with theoretical UFSS when internal energy usage (hotel load) is varied, using iteration to determine speed for most efficient energy usage per actual distance covered. Input: Minimum, maximum and increment on external volume of UFSS and on hotel load in watts; response to question on desire to have most efficient speeds printed. Output: Matrix of ranges covering volume and hotel load variations; speed matrix (if desired); terminal plot of data in the matrix. Documentation: OTD-01-74-01-01.

> Edward J. Finn Available from originator only Ocean Instrumentation branch Naval Research Laboratory, Code 8422 Washington, DC 20375

Telephone (202) 767-2112

Unmanned Free-Swimming Submersible Nominal UFSS Program

Language - BASIC

Hardware - HP 9830A/2K words

Calculates distance covered by theoretical unmanned free-swimming submersible vehicle with specific energy package, using iteration to determine speed for most efficient energy usage per actual distance covered. Output: Data about model; most efficient speed with ocean current and range (one-way) as a function of external volume of the UFSS.

> Edward J. Finn Ocean Instrumentation Branch Naval Research Laboratory, Code 8422 Washington, DC 20375

Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 767-2112

Steady-State Trapezoidal Array Configurations

Language - FORTPAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Steady-state configurations under forces due to currents are determined. Finite element (lump mass) three-dimensional statics equations are solved using Skop's method of imaginary reactions. NUSC/NL Tech. Memo. SA2302-0170-72, "On the Parameters Governing Steady State Distortion of a Bottom Moored, Subsurface Buoyed, Linear Cable Array in Various Current Fields," by J.D. Wilcox, Sept. 1972.

> J.D. Wilcox Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320

Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Anchor Last, Buoy System Development Dynamics

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Equations of motion for a surface or subsurface buoy system initially stretched out are solved

as the anchor is dropped. The equations of motion for buoy, cable (modeled as a number of lump masses) and anchor are integrated in the time domain, using a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm. Velocity-squared drag and hydrodynamic masses concentrated at each lump. Input: Physical parameters of items to be modeled. Output: x-z positions, tersions and angles, sequential plots. NUSC/NL Technical Memorandum TA12-134-71, March 1971.

Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New Loudon, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Cable-Towed Bucy Configurations

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Steady-state configurations under forces due to a ship on a turn are determined. The three-dimensional steady state cable equations are integrated with a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm from the towed body up to the ship. Input: Physical parameters of items to be modeled. Output: Buoy attitude x-y-z positions, ship speed, buoy speed, tensions and angles. Three-dimensional plots available. Project CORMORAN Memo 0132 (4.10.3), "Steady State Towline Configurations in a Turn," Sept. 1973.

Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Free-Floating Spar-Array Dynamics Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

The equations of motion for spar bucy, cable (lump mass model), and an extended three-leg structure are solved in the time domain using a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm. Auxiliary computation of spar bucy bending in the waves is included. Input: Physical parameters of the items to be modeled. Output: Spar bucy x-z motions and tilt, hydrophone motions on the ends of the three-leg structure. NUSC/NL Technical Memorandum No. TA12-2:7-71, Nov. 1971.

Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Free-Floating Spar Buoy Dynamics Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

The equations of motion for the spar buoy are solved in the time domain using a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm. Auxiliary computations of the spar buoy bending due to waves are included. NUSC Tech. Memo. No. TAl2-257-71, "The Spar Buoy System," by G.T. Griffin, Nov. 1972. NUSC Tech. Memo. No. 2212-90-67, "A Guide for the Design of Spar Buoy Systems," by K.T. Patton, July 1967.

Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Ship Suspended Array Dynamics

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Equations of motion for a vertically suspended cable array are solved in the time domain as the ship drifts and responds to waves. The cable is broken up into a elastically connected lump masses, each having two degrees of freedom. The  $2 \times n$  equations of motion are solved simultaneously in the time domain using a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm. Velocity-squared

viscous forces and hydrodynamic masses are concentrated at each lump. NUSC Tech. Memo. No. 2212-202-68, "A Study of the Stability of the Five-Hydrophone, Ship-Suspended General Dynamics Array," by G.T. Griffin, Oct. 1968.

Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320

Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Boomerang Corer Descent/Ascent Trajectories

Language -Hardware -

Boomerang corer trajectories due to currents are calculated. The three-dimensional body equations are integrated in the time domain using a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm.

> Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320

Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Buoy-Ship Dynamics

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

The equations of motion for the buoy moving in a plane (3-D Heave, Surge and Pitch) and constrained by the A-frame and vangs are solved in the time domain using a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm. Ship response to the quasi-random sea state is computed using Levis's dimensionless RAO's. NUSC letter ser. TA12:83, "Results of First Order Study of Ship-to-Buoy Mooring Study."

> Kirk T. Patton or Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320

Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Buoy System Dynamics

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Six degree-of-freedom equations of motion for the buoy are solved in the time domain using a fourth order Runge-Kutta integration algorithm. These equations are coupled with the set of partial differential equations for cable dynamics through tensions and velocities at the buoy. The equations of motion for the cable are solved in the space-time domain using a method of characteristics approach, i.e., a modification of Hartree's method. Output notions and tensions for the buoy and along the cable are plotted as power spectra using FFT methods. The program has been used for the design of ocesnographic and acoustic buoy systems and for evaluation of NOAA Data Buoy design.

> Kirk T. Patton and Gary T. Griffin Available from originator only Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Fixed Thin Line Array Dynamics

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Equations of motion for the cable array are solved in the time domain for excitation by currents. The array is broken up into n elastically connected lump misses, each having three degrees of freedom. The 3 x n equations of motion are solved simultaneously, using a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm. Velocity-squared viscous forces and hydrodynamic masses are concentrated at each lump.

Kirk T. Patton or Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Fixed Thin Line Array Steady State Configurations Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Steady-state configurations under forces due to currents are determined. The three dimensional steady-state cable equations are integrated using a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm. One fiftieth the array length is typically used as the integration step size.

Kirk T. Patton or Gary T. Griffin Naval Underweter Systems Center New London, CT 06320

Available from originator only Telephone (203) 442-0771

Marine Corer Dynamics

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

The equations of motion for a corer free-falling through the water column (or, for the case of a cable-lowered corer, free-falling through its trip height) are integrated in the time domain, using a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm. Upon impact with the bottom, frictional forces due to the sediment are introduced and the corer comes to rest. Output: Terainal velocity, velocity at impact, penetration of corer and compaction of recovered sample. "An Analysis of Marine Corer Dynamics," by K.T. Patton and G.T. Griffin, Marine Technology Society Journal, Nov.-Dec. 1969.

Kirk T. Patton and Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0/71

Steady-State Buoy System Configurations

Language - FORTPAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Steady-state configurations under forces due to winds and currents are computed. The three-dimensional cable equations are integrated with a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm from the buoy down to the anchor. An iterative method is used to modify the buoy's displacement until the vertical cable projection matches the vater depth; 1/1000 the cable length is used as the integration step size. Instrument packages mounted in or on the line can be accounted for also. Output: Buoy drift and cable r-y-z positions, tensions, two angles and stretch as functions of cable length. Three-dimensional plots also available. NUSC Tech. Memo. 2212-212-68, "On the Equilibrium Configuration of Moorad Surface Buoys in Currents," by K.T. Patton, Oct. 1968. USL Tech. Memo. 2212-116-69, "A Study of Three NAFI Buoy Moorings," by G.T. Griffin, June 1969. NUSC Tech. Memo. 2212-170-69, "An Analysis of Optimizing NAFI Buoy Shallow Water Moorings," by G. Griffin and P. Bernard, Sent. 1969.

Kirk T. Patton or Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320

Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Steady-State Subsurface Buoy System Configurations

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Steady-state configurations under forces due to currents are computed. The three-dimensional cable equations are integrated with a fourth order Runge-kutta algorithm from the buoy down to the anchor; 1/1000th the line length is typically used as the integration step size. Output: x-y-z cable positions, tensions, stretch and angles (all in dimensionless form) as a function of dimensionless cable length. Three-dimensional plots also available. NUSC Report

4379, "Nondimensional Steady State Cable Configurations," by G.T. Griffin, Aug. 1972; NUSC Tech. Memo. TA12-50-73, "Remote Terminal Usage to Compute Subsurface Single Leg /ray Configurations" by G.T. Griffin, Nov. 1973.

Kirk T. Patton or Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT L6320

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Telephone (203) 442-0771

Contract to the second of the

Towed Array Dynamics

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Equations of motion for the towline, towed array, and drogue are solved in the time domain for response to ship motions, etc. The equations are integrated using a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm. The program first computes the steady-state configuration and tensions which serve as initial conditions for the dynamics section. Also, using the steady-state data, the Stroubal excitation frequencies and amplitudes are computed along the towline.

Kirk T. Patton or Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Towed System Configurations

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Steady-state configurations for towed systems are determined. Effects of current and ship turns can be included. The three-dimensional cable equations are integrated with a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm from the towed body up to the ship. For steady ship turns, the centrifugal force is also integrated up the cable. 1/100th to 1/1000th the cable length is used as the integral step size. Output: x-y-z positions, tensions, stretch, and angles as functions of cable length. Can be dimensionless. Three-dimensional plots also available. NUSL Tech. Memo. 933-0175-64, "Towline Configurations and Forces" by K.T. Patton, Oct. 1964; NUSC/NL Report No. 4379, "Mondimensional Steady State Cable Configurations," by G.T. Griffin, Aug. 1974; Project CORMORAN Memo. D112/4.10.3, "Two-dimensional Steady-State Towed System Configurations," by G.T. Griffin, March 1973.

Kirk T. Patton or Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Towed System Dynamics

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Equations of motion for the towed body and for the cable (when treated as a lump mass model of n lumps) are solved in the time domain using a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm. The towed body is allowed six degrees of freedom, and each cable element has three. "Dynamics of a Cable-Towed Body System," by G.T. Griffin, MS Thesis, University of Rhode Island, Kingston, Jan. 1974.

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Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Trapezoidal Array Deployment Dynamics

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Equations of motion for a trapezoidal erray are solved in the time domain as the second anchor is lowered and the ship is underway. The two subsurface buoys and the four cables are broken

up into six elastically connected lump masses, each having three degrees of freedom. The eighteen equations of motion are solved simultaneously in the time domain, using a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm. Velocity-squared viscous forces and hydrodynamic masses are concentrated at each lump. NUSC Report No. 4141, "Dynamics of Trapezoidal Cable Arrays," by G.T. Griffin and K.T. Patton. March 1972.

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Kirk T. Patton or Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CI 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Trapezoidal Array Dynamics

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Equations of motion for a subsurface trapezoidal cable array are solved in the time domain for response to currents. The two subsurface budys and the three cables are broken up into six elastically connected lump masses, each having three degrees of freedom. The eighteen equations of motion are solved simultaneously using a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm. Velocity-quared viscous forces and hydrodynamic masses are concentrated at each lump. NUSC Report No. 4141, "Dynamics of Trapezoidal Cable Arrays," by G.T. Griffin and K.T. Patton, March 1972.

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Telephone (203) 442-0771

Steady-State Cable Laying

Language - FORTRAN IV

The three-dimensional steady-state cable equations are integrated using an Euler method. Ship speed and cable payout rate constant. Output: x-y-z positions of the cable and tensions. "Final Report to NUSL - Analysis of Cable Laying," by J. Schram, 1969.

R. Pierce Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Towed Array Configurations

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Steady-state towed array configurations are computed. The two-dimensional cable equations are integrated with a fourth order Runge-Kutta algorithm from the drogue up to the ship; 1/1000th the total cable length is used as the integrated step size. Output: x-z positions, tensions, stretch, and angle as functions of cable length. Plot routine available.

S. Rupinski Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (293) 442-0771

Cabie Configuration

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 1800

Computes the equilibrium configuration and tensions of a cable towing a submerged body for faired, unfaired, and discontinuous (lower part faired) cables. The output on the line printer gives the values of the input data followed by various calculated values. The solution is found for the "heavy general cable" law of cable loadings as described by M.C. Eames (1968). Execution time: About 30 seconds for each case. NIO Program No. 168. Author - Catherine Clayson.

National Institute of Oceanography Wormley, Godalming, Surrey, England

Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

## GEOLOGY AND GEOPHYSICS

Convection in Variable Viscosity Fluid

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - CDC 6600/140K bytes/Disc/ Tektronix graphics terminal

Computes streamlines, temperatures, and shear heating in a highly viscous fluid of variable viscosity (Earth's upper mantle), relief gravity, and heat flow. "ADI Solution of Free Convection in a Variable Viscosity Fluid," by M.H. Houston, Jr., and J.-Cl. De Bremaecker, Jour. Comp. Phys., Vol. 16, No. 3, 1974.

> J.-Cl. De Bremaecker Rice University P.O. Box 1892 Houston, TX 77001

Copy on file at NODC

Telephone (713) 528-4141

Gravitational Attraction, Two Dimensional Bodies, TALWANI 2-D GRAVITY, W9206

Language - FORTRAN IV-H Hardware - IBM 360-65

Calculates the vertical component of gravitational attraction of two-dimensional bodies of arbitrary shape by approximating them to many-sided polygons. The technique is from Talwani, Worzel, and Landisman in J.G.R., Vol. 64(1), 1959. Output: Gravity values are printed in tables; the calculated profile and the observed profile (if one exists) are plotted on the line printer in either a page size plot or an extended plot with the x-axis running down the page. Contains option of units in miles, kilofeet, or kilometers.

> Computer Center Division U.S. Geological Survey National Center Reston, VA 22092

Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Telephone (703) 860-7106

X-Ray Diffraction Analysis

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/20K 32 bit words/RAD

Provides mineralogic analysis of marine sediments from X-ray diffraction data. Input: Tape containing data generated by X-ray diffractometer. Output: List of "d" spacings, 20 angles, intensities and peak heights of diffraction maxima, list of minerals and estimated amounts in samples analyzed.

> John C. Hathaway Office of Marine Geology U.S. Geological Survey Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-8700

Sediment Grain Size Analysis

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IEM 1130

Calculates statistical parameters for sediment grain size analysis. Moment measures routine (Sheppard's correction applied) from Schlee and Webster (1965); linear interpolation for Folk and Inman Graphic Measures. Input: Phi size, cumulative frequency percent couplets. Output: Moment measure of mean, standard deviation, skewness, kurtosis, Folk Graphic Measures, Imman Graphic Measures, mode and median values, histogram plots.

> Gerald L. Shideler U.S. Geological Survey P.O. Box 6732 Corpus Christi, TX 78411 Telephone (512) 888-3241

Program maintained by: Computer Center Division U.S. Geological Survey Federal Center Denver, CO 80225

Magnetic Anomalies MAG2D

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/32K 32 bit words/ Pletter

Computes theoretical magnetic anomalies for two-dimensional bodies magnetized in any specified direction. Vertical, horizontal, and total field anomalies are computed at a serie; of observation points equally spaced along a profile. A graphic display of the anomaly and the bodies may be output to the CalComp or Versatec Plotter. A line printer plot of the anomaly is made. Modification of program by W.B. Joyner, USGS, Silver Spring, MD. Requires Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution subroutines, MOVE, AXIS, SYMBOL, NUMBER and PLOTDFER.

James M. Robb U.S. Geological Survey Office of Marine Geology Woods Hole, MA 02543 Copy (main program) on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Telephone (617) 548-8700

Geophysical Data Reduction and Plotting Programs

Language - OS3 FORTRAN IV/COMPASS Hardware - CDC 3300

A system of programs to process and plot marine gravity, magnetic, and bathymetric data. The programs check for data errors, merge geophysical data with navigation, and plot the processed data as profiles or on computer-generated Mercator projection charts. Tech. Report. No. 180, by M. Gemperle and K. Keeling, May 1970.

Geophysics Group School of Oceanography Oregon State University Corvallis, OR 97331 Available from originator only

Processing and Display of Marine Geophysical Data Language - OS3 FORTRAN IV/COMPASS Hardware - CDC 3300

A system of programs to process and plot marine gravity, magnetic, and bathymetric data using improved navigation techniques and standard data formats. The navigation programs use EN Log and Doppler Speed Log data and gyro headings combined with Magnavox 706 satellite navigator fixes to determine data point positions and Ectvos corrections. All outputs from processing programs and inputs to plotting programs are in standard NGSDC format for marine geophysical data. Tech. Report. by M. Gemperle, G. Connard, and K. Keeling (in press, 1975).

Geophysics Group School of Oceanography Oregon State University Corvallis, OR 97331 Available from originator only

Marine Seismic Data Reduction and Analysis

Language - OS3 FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 3300

A series of programs to reduce, display, and analyze marine seismic data. These data include reversed and single-ended seismic refraction, wide-angle reflection, and marine micro-earth-quakes. Supplementary programs compute seismic wave arrival times and distances using theoretical earth models consisting of plane dipping layers. Tech. Report by S.H. Johnson et al (in press, 1975).

Geophysics Group School of Oceanography Oregon State University Corvallis, OR 97331 Available from originator only

A Library of Geophysics Subroutines
GLIB

Language - OS3 FORTRAN IV/COMPASS Hardware - CDC 3300 The library consists of various subroutires commonly used in geophysical data reduction and plotting and not available in the OS3 FOKTRAN library. The subroutines fall into five general categories: (1) Plotting - general purpose plotter subroutines, (2) Time and data conversion, (3) Arithmetic functions not contained in the OS3 FORTRAN library, (4) File control programs peculiar to the OS3 operating system, (5) Miscellaneous subrourines. Tech. Report by K. Keeling, M. Gemperle, and G. Connard (in press, 1975).

Geophysics Group School of Oceanography Oregon State University Corvallis, OR 97331 Available from originator only

Reduction, Display and Storage of Navigation, Language - FORTRAN IV (most of the programs) bravity, Magnetic and Depth Data Hardware - IBM 1130/Peripherals described below

Processes data recorded by a data logger, prepares profiles and maps, and provides reduced data in a form suitable for data banking and interpretation. The first stage of the processing is to de-multiplex the data to separate disk files, and at the same time automatically edit where possible and flag errors that occur. The second stage is to filter data affected by ship motion, and the third stage is to optimize the navigation by merging dead-reckoning, hyperbolic or satellite data, and from this calculate depths, and gravity and magnetic anomalies. Graphical presentation of the data is in the form of profiles and maps. The maps include the ship's track and posted geophysical values or profiles along the char's track. The finally reduced data may be stored on magnetic tape in any of the Internatio 'Geophysical Data Exchange Formats. With this system it is possible to reduce data and produce maps and final reports within three weeks of the end of the survey. The complete system can be used at sea with one engineer and one operator/programer, or the data logger alone may be used at sea and then only an engineer would be required.

The IBM 1130 has a central processing unit with 8K 16-bit words of core storage, an integral disk drive, and a console typewriter. Peripherals include two extra IBM disk drives, a Data Disc fixed-head disk drive, Tektronix Model 4012 visual display unit with a Tektronix Model 4610-1 hard copy unit, a 76 cm CalComp drum plotter, Facit punch tape input/output, and two RDL Series 10500 magnetic tape decks. A Data Dynamics 390 teletypewriter is used for off-line punch tape preparation and, when necessary, as a remote terminal via a Modem linked in parallel with the visual display unit.

Equipment that has been successfully interfaced with the Decca Data Logger include a Decca Main Chain Mk 21 Receiver, Decca Hifix, Sperry Gytocompass Mk 227, Microtechnica Gyrocompass, LaCoste and Romberg Shipborne Gravity Meter, Askania Gss2 and Gss3 Gravity Meters, Anschutz Gyro-Stabilized Platform, Barringer Proton Magnetometer, Edo-Weslern Precision Depth Recorder (333C-26) linked to an Edo-Western Digitrack (261C), Two-Component Magnetic Log, Walker Electric Log, and a Marquart Doppler Sonar 2015A.

"Computer System for Reduction, Display and Storage of Navigation, Gravity, Magnetic and Depth Data Recorded in Continental Shelf or Deep-Ocean Areas," a series of twelve software manuals, produced by the Department of Geodesy and Geophysics, Cambridge University, Oct. 1974, under contract to the National Environment Research Council.

Computer Unit Institute of Oceanographic Sciences Kestarch Vessel Base, No. 1 Pock Barry, South Glamorgan, Wales, UK Copy on file at NODC (Above manuals)

Computation and Plotting of Magnetic
Anomalies and Gradients

Language - FORTRAN II hardware - IBM 7094/CalComp plotter

Computes the anomaly profiles for total field, horizontal and vertical components, first and second vertical derivatives, and first and second horizontal derivatives over a uniformly magnetized two-dimesional polygon of irregular cross-section. Output may be printed or plotted. "Potential Applications of Magnetic Gradients to Marine Seophysics," by William E. Byrd, Jr., June 1967; program modified and expanded from Talwar! and Heirtzler (1964).

Department of Geology and Geophysics Massachusetts Institute of Technology Cambridge, MA 02139 Available from NTIS, Order No. AD 655 892/LK, \$5.75 paper, \$2.25 microfiche.

Geomagnetic Field MFIELD

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/372 32 bit words\*

Calculates regional total geomagnetic field at a specified latitude and longitude and time. Subroutine is initialized with the harmonic coefficients from any specified input device via a separate subroutine. Shared variables are placed in COMMON. See I. A. G. A. Commission 2, Working Group 4, 1969. International Geomagnetic Reference Field 1965. J. Geophys. Res., 74, pp. 4407-4409) \*Subroutine COEFF requires 271 words.

Robert C. Groman Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only
Telephone (617) 548-1400, ext. 469

Marine Geophysical Data Reduction

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-65

Corrects soundings for sound velocity variations (if desired), computes residual magnetic anomalies from magnetic total-intensity values, and reduces marine gravity values to free-air anomalies corrected for Eotvos effect and drift. Each geophysical data point is associated with a date-time group, a geographic position, and an approximate mileage along track. The output is in the form of separate magnetic tapes and listings each for bathymetric, magnetic, and gravity data, in a format suitable for direct input to display or analytical programs. NOAA Technical Memorandum ERL AMQL-11, "A Computer Program for Reducing Marine Bathymetric, Magnetic, and Gravity Data," by Paul J. Grim, Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratories, Miami, Florida, January 1971.

Paul J. Grim, Code 7621 Copy on file at NODC (Above report, with Marine Geology and Geophysics Branch National Geophysical and Solar~
Terrestrial Data Center, NOAA/EDS
Boulder, CO 80302

Plots Profiles of Bathymetry and Magnetic or Gravity Anomalies

Language ~ FORTRAN IV Hardware ~ IBM 360-65/CalComp 563 Plotter

Produces bathymetric and magnetic anomaly profiles in a form suitable for publications with little or no additional drafting. The horizontal scale can be the Jistance along the trackline in nautical miles or kilometers, or degrees of latitude or longitude. The input consists of digitized bathymetric and magnetic anomaly data on separate magnetic tapes. The horizontal and vertical axes of the profiles are determined automatically with reference to the maximum and minimum values of the input data. Control cards contain variables that further determine how the data are to be plotted. The program can also be used for plotting gravity anomaly profiles by substituting the gravity anomaly in milligals for the magnetic anomaly in garmas on the input tape. One of the control card variables causes the vertical axis to be labeled either gammas or milligals. Magnetics and bathymetry can be plotted together (the bathymetry is always below the magnetics) or either can be plotted separately. In addition, the same data can be repletted in a different manner (for example, with a different vertical exaggeration) if desired. ESSA Technical Memorandum ERLTM-AOML 8, "Computer Program for Automatic Plotting of Bathymetric and Magnetic Anomaly Profiles," by Paul J. Grim, Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laberatories, Miami, Florida, July 1970.

Paul J. Grim, Code D621 Copy on file at NODC (Above report, with Marine Geology and Geophysics Branch listing)
National Geophysical and SolarTerrestrial Data Center, NOAA/EDS
Boulder, CO 80302

Lists Raw Data ZLIST

Language -Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Lists a single file of MG&G standard raw data tape, according to a standard format. Requires subroutine DLIST (HRMIN). Author - R.K. Lattimore.

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Telephone (305) 361-3361

Plots Trackline OCKDRAW

Lenguage -Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Using as input the standard MGGG navigation cards, plots a trackline with or without tick marks delineating time intervals. The user is given external control of the map size, latitude and longitude map boundaries, the number of files to be mapped, the time marks, and annotation. The trackline is plotted up to the boundary limits specified, allowing the user to plot only a sector of the navigation deck loaded. Because the size of the actual plotting sheet is 28 inches, internal boundaries may also be required. In this case, bookkeeping devices within the program will assign trackline to the appropriate submaps and plot each in sequence. Author – J.W. Lavelle.

Director, Marine Geology and Geophysics Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratories/NOAA 15 Rickenbacker Causeway Miami, FL 33149

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Telephone (305) 361-3361

Plots Contour-Crossing Intervals DOUELX

Language -Hariware - UNIVAC 1108

Calculates contour-crossing intervals, determine highs and lows along a trackline, and plots both, using as input a USA Standard format data tape. Annotation of the extreme is also provided. The user is given control of the map size, the latitude and longitude boundaries, the number of files to be mapped, the contouring interval, and the data field frow which the data is chosen. If the data which are being handled require more than one plotting sheet, an appropriate choice of latitude and longitude boundaries will allow the entire job to be handled at one time, with the plots drawn consecutively. Author - J.W. Lavelle.

Director, Marine Geology and Geophysics Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratories/NOAA 15 Rickenbacker Causeway Miami, FL 33149 Available from originator only

Telephone (305) 361-3361

Plots Geophysical Data PLOTZ

Language -Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Produces a plotter tape to display raw depth, magnetic, or gravity data vs. time, with the aspect-"itio automatically determined to facilitate comparison with the original records. Scale factor (fathoms, gammas, or gravity meter units per inch) must be specified; if maximum and minimum values are not specified, the raw data will be scanned and the values determined. Requires subroutines LIMITS, DIGICT, HRMIN, PLOT (includes PLOTS and FACTOR), NUMBER, SYMBOL. Author - R.K. Lattimore.

Director, Marine Geology and Geophysics Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratories/NOAA 15 Rickenbacker Causeway Miami, FL 33149

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Telephone (305) 361-3361

Lists Every Hundredth Value

Lunguage -

SNOOP

Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Scans a tape containing data in the standard MG&G format, listing every 100th value and the last value before an end-of-file mark. Author - R.K. Latti-ore.

> Director, Marine Geology and Geophysics Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratories/NCAA 15 Rickenbacke: Causeway Miami, FL 33149

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Telephone (305) 361-3361

Navigation Computations TPNAV

Language -

Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Accepts standard MG&G navigation lata cards, computes course and speed made good and Ectyos correction between adjacent positions, compares this with input course and speed if given; creates a binary tape with position, azimuth, and distance information required for interpolation of position in programs FATHOM, GAMMA, and GAL. Author - R.K. Lattimore.

Director, Marine Geology and Geophysics Atlantic Oceanobraphic and Meteorological Laboratories/NOAA 15 Rickenhacker Causeway Miam1, FL 33149

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Telephone (305) 361-3361

Edits Geophysical Data

ZEDIT

Language -

Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Performs two editing functions on MG&G standard raw data tape: (a) Deletion by index number; (b) insertion of new data by date-time group; such data can be put on tape (e.g., output from program HANDY) or in card format, one value per card. Data to be inserted must be ordered by date-time group. Requires subroutines DLIST (HRMIN). Author - R.K. Lattimore.

> Director, Marine Geology and Geophysics Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratories/NOAA 15 Rickenbacker Causeway Miami, FL 33149

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Telephone (305) 361-3361

Geophysical Data Conversion !!ANDY

Language -

Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Converts data in the MG&G standard data-card format to a binary tape suitable for input to the raw-data editing, evaluation, and processing programs (e.g., ATHOM, PLO17, ZEDIT). Requires subroutine DLIST (HRMIN). Author - R.K. Lattimore.

Director, Marine Geology and Geophysics Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratories/NOAA 15 Rickenbacker Causeway Miami, FL 33149 Available from originator only

Telephone (305) 361-3361

Lists Geophysical Data LISTP Language -Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Lists the contents of a tape containing one or more files of reduced marine geophysical data. Require subroutine PPLIST (modification o: PTLIST). Author - R.K. Lattimore.

Director, Marine Geology and Geophysics Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratories/NOAA 15 Rickenbacker Causeway Miami, FL 33149 Available from originator only

Telephone (305) 361-3361

Course, Speed, Ectvos Correction LOXXAV

Language -Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Accepts standard MC&G navigation data cards, computes courses and speed made good and Eotvos correction between adjacent positions,; if course and speed are given on input, compares input with computed values. Author - R.K. Lattimore.

Director, Marine Geology and Geophysics Atlantic Oceanographic and Mettorological Laboratories/NOAA 15 Rickenbacker Causeway Mlami, FL 33149

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Telephone (305) 361-3361

Converts Geophysical Data PHONEY

Language -Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Converts marine geophysical data from 120-column image (10 images to the block), even-parity BCD on 7-track tape (produced by program UN1FOO on the CDC 6600) to the standard MG&G storage format. Author - R.K. Lattimore.

Director, Nacine Geology and Geophysics Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratories/NOAA 15 Rickenbacker Causeway Miami, FL 33149 Available from originator only

Telephone (305) 361-3361

Sound Velocity Variation and Navization FATHOM

Language -Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Given smooth-track navigation data and sounding values indexed by time, the program corrects for sound-velocity variation (if desired), ship's draft (if desired), and computes latitude, longitude, and distance along track for each observation; the output is in the standard MG&G reduced-data format. Requires subroutines GP, HRMIN, QUIT (TPLIST). Author - R.K. Lattimore.

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Telephone (305) 361-3361

Regional Field, Residual Magnetic Anomaly GAMMs

Language -Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Given smooth-track navigation data and total-field magnetic measurements indexed by time, the program computes regional field, residual magnetic anomaly, latitude, longitude, and distance along track for each observation. Output is in the standard MG&G reduced-data format. The regional field is computed as follows: For each input navigation point, or for each 20 n.m. interval along track (if navigation points are farther apart), a regional-field value is computed according to the method of Cain et al using the LGRF 1965 parameters. Regional field values for each observation are interpolated linearly. Requires subroutines FIELD, GOFIND, GPMAG, REMIL, SETUP, QUIT (TPLIST). Author - R.K. Lattimore.

Director, Marine Geology and Geophysics Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratories/NOAA 15 Rickenbacker Causeway Miami, FL 33149 Available from or ginator only

Telephone (305) 361-3361

Gravity

Language -Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Given smoothed-track navigation data and gravity meter dial readings indexed by date/time, this program will (1) compute Eotvos correction between adjacent navigation points; (2) reduce the dial reading to observed gravity corrected for instrument drift and Eotvos effect; (3) determine latitude, longitude, and distance along track for the observations; (4) compute the free-air anomaly from the 1930 International formula for theoretical gravity. Requires subroutines GOFIND, GPGAL, HRMIN, QUIT (TPLIST). Author - R.K. Lattimore.

Director, Marine Geology and Geophysics Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratories/NOAA 15 Rickenbacker Causeway Miami, FL 33169 Available from originator only

Telephone (305) 361-3361

Plots Profiles of Geophysical Data DISPLOT

Language - Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/offline CalComp plotter

This program will scale and generate the necessary plotter commands to produce a graph of sounding, depth, magnetic or gravity value ws. distance along track. The source data consist of as many as four magnetic tapes containing unformatted standardized geophysical data, such as are produced by MG&G reduction programs (Grim, 1971). As many as nine Y-quantities may be plotted against one X-axis. Options provide for: (1) converting distance in nautical miles to kilometers; (2) scanning the data and annotating the upper X-axis, at the appropriate point, with crossings of even degrees of latitude or longitude; (3) omitting all axes; (4) plotting the profile reversed, or from right to left against distance values which increase from left to right; (5) drawing the zero Y ordinate; and (6) "Assembling" a single profile from more than one source, i.e., from different places on a single tape, or from different tapes. The input data are not edited. Multiple profiles may overlap one another as indicated by space limitations or aesthetics. NOAA Technical Memorandum LRL AOML-11, "A Computer Program for Reducing Marine Bathymetric, Magnetic, and Gravity," by Faul J. Grim, January 1971. Author - Robert K. Lattimore, October 1971.

Director, Marine Geology and Geophysics Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratories/NOAA 15 Rickenbacker Causeway Miami, FL 33149

Available from originator only

Telephone (305) 351-3361

Converts Digitizer Data

CYCYT

Language -

Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Converts digitizer data on punched cards to MG&G standard raw-data tape. Requires subroutine DLIST (HMRMIN). Authors - Developed by J.W. Lavelle, modified for 1108 by R.K. Lattimore.

> Director, Marine Geology and Geophysics

Atlantic Ocea..ographic and Meteorological Laboratories/NOAA

15 Rickenbacker Causeway Miami, FL 33149

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Edits Reduced Geophysical Data EDIT

Language -

Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Performs editing operations on a file of reduced marine geophysical data as follows: (a) Deletions (maximum 2000); (b) insertion of new data or modification of single points (maximum 1500); (c) block adjustments to Z1, Z2, Z3, Z4 (maximum 1500 points). The total number of editing operations may not exceed 2/99; with the exception of deletions; like operations must be grouped together and ordered by index number. Permitted modifications (b above) include replacing 21, Zr on a card, interpolating geographic position and mileage given date/time and Zi-Z4, and insertion of completely-specified data, i.e., date/time, latitude, longitude, distance along track, Z1, Z2, Z3, Z4. Requires subroutines QUE, QTWO, QUETWO, DAY, TPLIFY. Author - R.K. Lattimore.

> Director, Marine Geology and Geophysics Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratories/NOAA 15 Rickenbacker Causeway Miami, FL 33149

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Seamount Magnesization

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Computes the magnitude and direction of magnetization of a uniformly magnetized body from its shape and magnetic intensity. OS No. 53533. Author - G. Van Voorhis.

> Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373

Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Observation Draping (Gravity)

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Reduces observation data taken with Lacoste-Romberg sea/air or submarine gravimeters to observed gravity value and free-air anomaly. Interpolates geographic position from smoothed fix, course, and speed. Generates BC chart and x,y coordinates for Mercator projection for each station. OS No. 53543. Author - M.K. Lattimore.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

True Ocean Depth FATHCR

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/10K words

Given the Fathometer depth and velocity profile, computes the true ocean depth. The velocity profile is broken into constant gradient segments, the travel time integrated along the profile, and the profile is extrapolated to continue to the estimated travel time of the Fathometer record.

Peter D. Herstein Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2305

Plots Track and Data Profile TRACK

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3600/3800

Plots a track and the superimposed bathymetry or magnetic profile on a polar stereographic projection. This profile series is plotted perpendicular to the track, using uncorrected meters or fathoms. Input: Data on tape, map parameters, and command words via cards.

James V. Massingill Environmental Sciences Section Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375 Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 767-2024

GEODATA

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3600/3800

Stores navigation, bathymetry, and magnetic data on magnetic tape in BCD form. Uses the format recommended by the National Academy of Sciences.

James V. Massingill Environmental Sciences Section Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375

Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 767-2024

Geophysical Data Storage and Retrieval GFOFILE

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - CDC 3150/32K words/Disk/3 tape units

Data storage and retrieval system for BIO's geophysical data. The programs sort, edit, merge, and display data recorded at sea. Input: Magnetic tapes from BIODAL's lpboard data logging system, bathymetry data on punched cards, and navigation data. Output: Magnetic tape containing all information recorded during cruises relevant to processing of geophysical data, sorted by geographical location. Computer note BI-C-73-3.

Larry Johnston
Bedford Institute of Oceanography
P. O. Box 1006
Dartmouth, N. S. B2Y 4A2

Available from originator only

Telephone (902) 426-3410

Magnetic Signatures MAGPLOT

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3600/CDC 3800/706,768 words/Online plotter Separates and characterizes the various components of magnetic noise in magnetometer records taken from a sensor towed at sea. Gives a printout of histogram data for each of three wavelength filters: N (amplitude) vs. amplitude; N (wavelength) vs. wavelength. Also produces plots of filtered magnetic fields as function of distance. Program is briefly described in NRL Formal Report No. 7760, "Geological and Geomagnetic Background Noise in Two Areas of the North Atlantic."

Perry B. Aiers Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375 Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 767-2530

Sediment Size

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/9K 36 bit words

Produces frequency distributions for soil particle size values; applied to marine sediments.

Joseph Kravitz U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Copy on file at NODC (deck with documentation)

Telephone (202) 433-2490

Bottom Sediment Distribution Plot

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/23K/Drum/3 tape units/ CalComp 905/936 system

Produces a plot of bottom sediment notation on a Mercator projection, and a list of all data, including cores, within specified area.

William Berninghausen U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Copy on file at NODC (deck with documentation)

Telephone (301) 763-1189

Sand, Silt, and Clay Fractions DSDP/GRAIN

Language - ALGOL

Hardware - Burroughs 6700/19K words

Computes sand, silt, and clay fractions in sediments. The laboratory method consists of dispersing the sediment in Calgon solution, sieving the sand fraction, and pipetting the silt and clay fractions. Input: Three card files for laboratory data and one card file for interpreting an identifier attached to each sediment sample. Output: Listing with option for ternary plots and punched cards.

Peter B. Woodbury Deep Sea Drilling Project Box 1529 La Jolle, CA 92037 Available from originator only

Soil and Sediment Engineering Test Data

Language - FORTRAN II-D

Telephone (714) 452-3526

Hardware - IBM 1620 II/IBM 1627 Model I Plotter

Engineering Index of Core Samples: Reduces data and tabulates results for tests on bulk wet density, vane shear strengths, original water content, liquid limit, plastic limit, and specific gravity of solids; in addition, from the above results, other index properties are simultaneously computed and tabulated; the output table lists results in columns representing each depth segment analyzed.

Grain Size Analysis with Direc Plotting: Input data are sample identification, sample weights, hydrometer readings, and sieve readings. Output on plotter is a particle size distribution curve. Another program provides output on cards of a table with proper headings and values for particle diameters and percent finer by weight.

Carbonate - Organic Carbon Analysis of Sediments: Reduces data from the carbon determinator and tabulates results of the analysis of deep ocean sediments for carbonate and organic carbon percentages; output is in same format as in program for engineering index properties, to which the output from this program is added.

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Direct Shear Test with Direct Plotting: Reduces data and plots shear stress vs. shear displacement with appropriate headings and labels; another program, Direct Shear Test, uses the same data formats but presents the results in the form of tabulations rather than plots.

Triaxial Compression Test with Direct Plotting: Reduces the data from triaxial compression tests and plots stress vs. strain with headings for sample identification, lateral pressure, etc. Another program reduces the same raw data and presents the results in the form of tabulations, one for each test.

Consolidation Test (E vs. log time plot): Reduces the data obtained from consolidation test readings. Input includes sample identification and characteristics and test characteristics. The output is in two forms: plots and punched cards. The log of time is plotted vs. the void ratio. The cards are used as input to the next consolidation test program.

Consolidation test (E vs. log P and C(V) vs. log P plots): Develops plots for void ratio vs. log of pressure and coefficient of consolidation vs. log of pressure. The input consists of output cards from the previous program, together with the values of void ratio and pressure at log consolidation and the time and void ratio at 50% consolidation. These data were obtained from the plots of void ratio vs. log of time in accordance with the Terzaghi consolidation theory.

Permeability Test with Direct Plotting: Reduces test data and plots curve of permeability vs. time with appropriate headings and labels. The plotting scale is a variable incorporated in the program since permeability values for fine-grained soils vary throughout a wide range.

Settlement Analysis: Estimates settlement values from laboratory test results, for deep ocean foundation investigations. Input: Sediment properties and structure characteristics. Output: A table listing total settlement, footing dimensions, structure load, change in thickness of incremental layers and corresponding depth in sediment, initial stress, and change in stress.

Summary Plots: Plots the results from the laboratory analysis of core samples. The input data are the output results on cards from the previous programs and miscellaneous analyses. Since the link system of programing is used, the items to be plotted can be increased or decreased with slight modifications, depending on the user's requirements. Output is a sequence of plots. The depth into the sediment column is plotted with reference to the ordinate, and the various properties along the abscissa on variable scales.

NCEL Report No. R 566, "Computer Reduction of Data from Engineering Tests on Soils and Ocean Sediments," by Melvin C. Hironaka.

Civil Engineering Laboratory Available from NTIS Order. No. AD 666 311, Naval Construction Battalion Center \$5.75 paper, \$2.25 microfiche.

Port Hueneme, CA 93043

## **BIOLOGY**

WHOI Biology Series

Language - FORTRAN 1V hardware - XDS Sigma 7/plotter optional 9,000 words

 FTAPE
 9,000 words

 \*LISHT
 9,054 words

 Chapit
 32,430 words

 SELECT
 58 words

 CHANAT
 16,751 words

 PREPLOTG
 12,200 words

 PLOTSPECT
 18,000 words

 STATAB
 4,164 words

FTAPE generates a tape containing station data, species data, and systematic order information. FLISHT prints a list 'n systematic order of the species from the tape, including stations, numbers, sizes, and weights, with a final summary. Subsets can be specified with subroutine SELECT.

CHKSPIT summarizes catch information from any specified set of stations on the tape made by FTAPE, including data for all species, a listing of the top-ranking species by number and weight, various diversity indices, and percent similarity between sets. CHANAT analyzes a transect for faunal breaks, follow on the method of Backus et al (1965, "The Mesopelagic Fishes Collected during Cruise 17 of the CHAIN, with a Method for Analyzing Faunal Transects," Bull. Hus. Comp. Zool. Harvard, 134 (5):10.-158), using the data on the tape made by FTAPE.

PREPLOTG and PLOTSPECG plot a distribution map for any species on the tape made by FTAPE, with indications of vertical distribution, catch rates, and negative data; the two programs must run together; input includes a tape from NODC with world map outlines; output can be plotted on CalComp or Versatec Plotters.

STATAB prints in readable format the information contained in the station data file made by FTAPE or on the input cards.

R.L. Haedrich Available from originator only
Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution
Woods Hole, MA 02543 Telephone (617) 548-1400, ext. 354

Optimal Ecosystem Policies

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 370/180K/REGION=180

To approximate optimal management policy for an aquatic stream ecosystem, program produces a sequence of converging values of an objective function, optimal values of decision variables, and simulation of the ecosystem using optimal decisions. Input: Parameter values (defaults built in), program constants, species interaction matrices. Deterministic or Monte Carlo simulations (user specified) are fit to state equations, from which the optimal policy is found using the discrete maximum principle.

Robert T. Lackey
Department of Fisheries and
Wildlife Sciences
Virginia Polytechnic Institute
and State University
Blacksburg, VA 24601

Available from originator only

Telephone (703) 951-6944

Inverse Problem in Ecosystems Analysis

Language - FORTRAN 1V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/10K 6 character words

Performs systematic analysis and modeling of interacting species in complex ecosystems, using a

previously unpublished iterative technique for regression analysis as well as statistical hypothesis testing. Input: a user-written subroutine defining the general structure of the ecosystem and a set of species population vs. time data to be analyzed. Output: A mathematical model of the ecosystem which has the most simple structure adequate to explain the observations. For an example, see "A Systematic Approach to Ecosystems Analysis," by Curtis Mobley, J. Theoretical Biology, 41, 119-136 (1973). Program documentation in NRI Tech. Ref. 72-84.

Curtis Mobley Dept. of Meteorology (IFDAM) University of Maryland College Park, MD 20742

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Telephone (301) 454-2708

Toxicity Bioassay PROBIT ANALYSIS Language - FORTRAN IV Level G Hardware - IBM 360/4K bytes

A routine method for the analysis of all-or-none acute toxicity bloassay data. Input: Number of concentrations, tabular text statistics (F, "t," Chi-square), number of organisms tested and number dead in each concentration and control. In general, mortality must be related to concentration. A minimum of three concentrations, with a partial kill both above and below 50% is required. Output: LC30, 50, 70, 90 values with upper and lower 95% confidence limits; intercept, slope and standard error of regression line, and several additional measures of goodness. "Probit Analysis," by D.J. Finney, Cambridge University Press, 1971. Program written by A.L. Jensen, School of Natural Resources, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104.

Patrick W. Borthwick Gulf Breeze Environmental Research Laboratory Environmental Protection Agency Sabine Island, Gulf Breeze, FL. 32561

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Telephone (904) 932-5326

Species Affinities REGROUP

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3600

The program first determines the numbers of occurrences and joint occurrences of the species in the set of samples; it then calculates an index of affinity for each pair of species. The species are ordered in terms of the numbers of affinities they have, and this list is printed along with a list of names, code numbers, and numbers of occurrences. The program then determines the largest group that could be formed, tests to see whether that many species all have affinity with each other and, if they do, prints out the group. If they do not, it tries the next smaller group, etc. Those species which had affinity only with this group - and/or earlier groups -- are listed. The remaining species are reordered and the process continues until all species have been put either in groups or in the list of species with affinities with groups. Limits -- 200 species. Author - E.W. Fager.

Scripps Institution of Oceanography Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation) P.O. Box 1529
La Jolla, CA 92037

Productivity OXYGEN

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6600

Determines productivity by oxygen diurnal curve method. Input includes oxygen concentration and oxygen probe parameters. Output contains net and pross productivity and P/R plus original data. Author - William Longley.

Marine Science Institute The University of Texas Port Aransas, TX 78373 Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Species Diversity JOB

1

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6600/50 K 60 bit words

Calculates species diversity index for numbers of organisms and/or weight of organisms, utilizing the diversity index equation derived from Margalef. The program calls subroutine SEASON, which calculates seasonal averages for a given station, seasonal limits being indicated by a control card. This subroutine outputs mean, standard deviation, and range of diversity indices for each seasonal 5.000. Other desired groupings may be entered by a groupings control card. Author - A.D. Eaton.

Marine Science Institute The University of Texas Port Aransas, TX 78373

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Productivity ECOPROD !anguage - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6600/25 K 60 bit words

Computes gross and net productivity, respiration, P/R ratio, photosynthetic quotient, efficiency, and diffusion coefficient, given sunlight data and diurnal measures of oxygen and/or carbon dioxide. Author ~ William Longley.

Marine Science Institute The University of Texas Port Aransas, TX 78373 Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Concentrations per Square Meter of Surface

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 7074-11/7040 DCS/2231 words

Computes various chemical and biological compound concentrations as well as productivity rates per square meter of water surface from integrated values on per volume basis. Ten concentrations and rates are integrated over up to seven pairs of optional depth limits. Report UMNS-1006, June 1966. Source deck has 771 cards. Authors - Leilonie D. Gillespie and Linda S. Green.

Department of Oceanography University of Washington Seattle, WA 98105

Copy on file at NODC (above report)

Combined Chlorophyll and Productivity

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6400

Computes assimilation of productivity in seawater; also computes the quantities of chlorophyll A, B, and C, and the amount of carotenoids in seawater. The chlorophyll program determines the amount of plankton pigments using the equations of Richards and Thompson. The productivity program (Carbon 14) determines the production of marine phytoplankton by using Neilsen's method. Output consists of both printed matter and of library cards; the cards may be used as input to a multiple regression program to lerive a relation between productivity and chlorophyll A; a plot routine may be called to graph one or several variables as a function of depth, or to display the horizontal distribution of any given property. Written by Marsha Wallin, Nov. 1963, based on two programs prepared in 1962 for the IBM 709 by N.R. Rona; revised in 1969 for the CDC 6400.

Department of Oceanography University of Washington Seattle, WA 98105 Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Phytoplankton Numbers, Volumes and Surface Areas by Species Language - FORTRAN IV and MAP Hardware - IBM 7094-II/7040 DCS/23,836 words

Two programs, differing only in input format, compute concentrations of cell numbers, cell surface areas, and cell and plasma volumes in marine phytoplankton populations, with option to compute mean cell areas, mean cell volumes, and mean plasma volumes, as well as the ratios: cell area to cell volume and cell area to plasma volume. The input quantities are obtained from microscopic examination of seawater samples. A subroutine computes the area, volume, and plasma volume of a cell from measured dimensions of diverse species. Source deck has 1221 cards. Special Report No. 38, M66-41, July 1966, by Paavo E. Kovala and Jerry D. Larrance.

Department of Oceanography University of Washington Seattle, WA 98105 Copy on file at NODC (above report)

Program to Generate a Taxonomic Directory of Deep-Ocean Zooplankton

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/20K words

Generates a data file (taxonomic directory) which classifies and catalogs various species of deep-ocean zooplankton collected in water samples for the purpose of studying the population and distribution statistics of these species. Input: Cards containing either the phylum, class, order, genus, or species name and the appropriate identifying numbers associated with each of these categories. NUSC Technical Memorandum No. TL-104-71, May 1971.

Drew Drinkard Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2127

Deep-Ocean Looplankton Distribution

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - UMIVAC 1108/30K words

The purpose of the program is to study the distribution statistics of the deep-ocean zocolank-ton species within a particular taxonomic category. The distribution characteristics of the individual species are examined for both the individual net samples which have been collected at various sampling depths and the combined net samples for a given tow. Input: Station data, sample data, species abundance data on cards, and a hash table species directory (program available for generating such a hash table). Records total count for each species to which the various organisms collected in the samples belong. For the individual net samples, computes the percentage of the total taxonomic category which each species in the sample represents. For the combined net samples, both the percentage of the total taxonomic category and the percentage of the entire sample (all taxa included) are computed. Finally, the population density of each species within its taxonomic category is calculated. NUSC Technical Memorandum No. TL-107-71, May 1971.

Drew Drinkard Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2127

Deep-Ocean Zooplankton Population Statistics

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/30K

Produces population statistics for both the individual net samples collected at various depths and for the combined net samples. Input: Station data, sample data, species abundance data on cards, and a taxonomic directory on mass storage device. Each species is identified by phylum and class with the aid of the taxonomic directory. The organisms are counted according to the phylum or class. Total counts for the entire sample are calculated for each category. The population densities of each category are computed. Also calculated is the percentage of the total sample that each taxonomic category represents. NUSC Technical Memorandum No. TL-106-71, May 1971.

Drew Drinkard Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2127

PICMENT RATIO

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360/less than 5000 bytes

Computes ratios: Chl a/Carot, Pheo/Carot, (Chl a + Pheo)/Carot, Chl b/Carot, Chl c/Carot, and Fluor/(Chl a + Pheo). Input: Sample identification, chlorophylls a, b, c, carotenoids, pheopigments, and fluorescence on cards. Output: Printed sample identification and ratios. "A Computer Program Package for Aquatic Ecologists," by Paul J. Godfrey, Lois White, and Elizabeth Keokosky.

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Telephone (607) 256-3120

SUCCESSION

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360/4440 bytes

Computes succession rate of community based on measure proposed by Jassby and Goldman of relative change in each species' biomass. See "A Quantitative Measure of Succession Rate and Its Application to the Phytoplankton of Lakes," by A.D. Jassby and C.R. Goldman, 1974, Amer. Naturalist 108:688-693. Input: Integrated species biomasses and sampling date in calendar days. Output: Printed sample identification values, dates defining interval in each succession rate, and succession rate. "A Computer Program Package for Aquatic Ecologists," by Paul J. Godfrey, lois White, and Elizabeth Keokosky.

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Species Abundance SPECIES

Language - PL/1 Hardware - IBM 360/250K

This series of three programs was developed to accept species abundance data in its simplest form, check it for errors, produce lists of species abundances where comparisons may be made between days, depths, lakes, stations or years, and convert the input data to a form acceptable to packaged programs. Output: Listings of species abundances, summary data including total abundance, number of species and diversity, and subtotals within user-determined groups, punched output of summary data. "A Computer Program Package for Aquatic Ecologists," by Paul J. Godfrey, Lois White, and Elizabeth Keokosky.

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Yield Per Recruit RYLD, BIOM

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 1130

Computes the approximate yield of a fish stock per recruitment by either of two methods (arithmetic or exponential approximations), or simply computes the stock biomass when there is no fishing. Output: An equilibrium yield matrix with up to 400 entries corresponding to 20 ages at entry and 20 multipliers. Technical Report No. 92 (unpublished manuscript), No. 1968.

Authors - L.V. Pienaar and J.A. Thomson. Earlier version written by L.E. Gales, College of Fisheries, University of Washington.

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Fisheries Research Soard of Canada Copy on file at NODC (above report) Biologica. Station Nanaimo, B.C.

Chlorophyll CHLOR

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 370

Calculates chlorophyll in  $mg/m^3$  according to B&P extraction, spectrophotometric technique. Input: Raw absorbences. Author - Stephen A. Hacko.

8.J. McAlice Available from originator only Ira C. Darling Center (Marine Laboratory)
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Phytoplankton Population Density

Language - WATFIV FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 370

Computes species densities and population percentages and relative diversity from cell counts. Output formatted according to taxonomy in FAO Fisheries Technical Paper #12. Author - Stephen

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Species Diversity

Language - WATFIV FORTRAN

DVRSTY

A. Macko.

Hardware - IBM 370

From unformatted raw data, produces species diversity, and diversity matrix.

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## **FISHERIES**

Length Frequency Analysis

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6500

Uses three methods of stratification to expand sample length frequencies in different strata. The program was developed for tuna fishery samples. Input: Sample length frequencies for up to 80 strata, alpha and beta for the length-weight relation, von Bertalanffy growth parameters. Output: Tables of sample length frequencies, expanded length frequencies (expanded by total catch), weight in each length interval, by strata; total frequencies for all strata combined; average length and weights and age; catch per unit effort.

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Yield per Recruit for Multi-Gear Fisheries MGFAR

Language - FORTRAN
Hardware - Burroughs 6500/6,200 words

Computes estimates of yield per recruit and several related parameters for fisheries that are exploited by several gears which may have differing vectors of age specific fishing mortality. The Ricker yield equation is used. Input is limited to 4 types of gear, 30 age intervals, and 10 levels of fishing mortality. Output: Besides tables of yield per recruit, landings per recruit when fish below minimum size are caught and then discarded dead, average weight of fish in catch, and yield per recruit per effort as functions of minimum size and amount of fishing effort are provided for each gear and for the entire fishery. The program has been used for evaluating proposed minimum size regulations for the yellowfin tuna fishery of the tropical Atlantic, a fishery exploited by four types of vessels (bait boats, small purse seiners, large purse seiners, and longliners) having quite different vectors of age specific fiching mortality.

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Resources Allocation in Fisheries Management PIGCES

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 370/125K

Uses a Monte Carlo simulation to predict the effect of fisheries management programs upon the distribution and abundance of angler consumption. Input: State fisheries agency data and management plan. Output: (1) Predictions of the number and location of angler-days throughout a state; (2) Standard deviations. "PISCES: A Computer Simulator to Aid Planning in State Fisheries Management Agencies," by R.D. Clark, MS Thesis, VPI&SU.

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Computer-Implemented Water Resources
Teaching Game, DAM

Language - FORTRAN IV
Hardware - IB:1 370/120K/Interactive terminal
desirable

Using a simulation of an existing reservoir system, this computer-assisted instructional game illustrates the management of a large multiple-use reservoir system. Input: Student management decisions for (1) a regional planning commissioner, (2) a fisheries manager. (3) a power company executive, (4) a recreation specialist, and (5) a city major. Output: Status of reservoir system, including human components.

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A Generalized E::ploited Population Simulator

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6500/CDC 3600

GXPOPS is a generalized exploited population simulator designed for use on a wide variety of aquatic life history patterns. Population processes programed into the present version are (1) month-specific and density-independent mortality rates on the recruited population, (2) density-independent growth, (3) sex-specific and age-specific, but density-independent, maturation, (4) reproductive success due to random mating, and (5) density-dependent or density-independent recruitment. Mortality, growth, and maturation can be made density-dependent through the addition of subroutines. The unit length of time is the reproductive cycle, commonly a year in temperate species; computations are performed each one-twelfth of a unit, thereby representing a month for most species.

There are three output options. For each year the complete output option lists monthly (1) the average year class size, yield in numbers and weight for any six consecutive year classes, (2) the total initial population size, (3) the average total fishable population, (4) the total yield in numbers and weight, and (5) the average sex ratio. Annual summaries of initial population, average population, average fishable population, yield in number and weight, and the spawning success are provided by year class for the total population and for the fishable total population. The moderate option lists only the monthly summary totals and the annual summary by year class. The minimum option, suited for long simulations, lists only the annual summary by year class and for the total and fishable total population. GXPOPS is dimensioned to handle the computations for up to 30 year classes, but, in order to economize on space, the output is dimensioned to list up to 6 consecutive year classes only. The FORMAT statements must be rewritten to list an additional number of year classes. "A general life history exploited pipulation simulator with pandalid shrimp as an example," by William W. Fox, Jr., Fishery Bulletin, U.S., 71 (4): 1019-1028, 1973.

William W. Fox, Jr. Available from originator only Southwest Fisheries Center National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA P.O. Box 271
La Jolla, CA 92037 Telephone (714) 453-2820, ext. 345

Generalized Stock Production Model PRODFIT

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3600/Burroughs 6500

Input: (Option 1) A catch and fishing effort history and a vector of significant year class numbers are read in; the catch per unit effort is computed internally and the averaged fishing effort vector is computed with subroutine AVEFF; (Option 2) The vectors of catch per unit effort and averaged (or equilibrium) fishing effort are read in directly. Our ut includes a listing of the input data, the transformed data, initial parameter estimates, the iterative solution steps, the management implications of the final model \*Umax, Uopt, iopt, and Ymax and their variability indices, the observed and predicted values and error terms, estimates of the catchability coefficient, and a table of equilibrium values. (\*Umax is the relative density of the population before exploitation; Uopt is the relative population density providing the maximum sustainable yield; iopt is the amount of fishing effort to obtain the maximum sustainable yield; and Ymax is the maximum sustainable yield.) Titting the generalized stock production

model by least-squares and equilibrium approximation," by William W. Fox, Jr, Fishery Bulletin, U.S., in press.

> William W. Fox, Jr. Available from originator only Southwest Fisheries Center National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA P.O. Box 271 La Jolla, C1 92037 Telephone (714) 453-2820, ext. 345

Normal Distribution Separator TCPA1

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Separates a length-frequency sampling distribution into K component normal distributions. Used to estimate age group relative abundance in length samples of unageable species. The method is statistically superior to graphical procedures. Also, the program will produce estimates of the percent composition by age group and the number of fish in the sample from each age group. Output includes a plotted histogram, the observed frequencies, and all estimated values. The value of K may be from one to ten. "Estimation of parameters for a mixture of normal distributions," by V. Hasselblad, Technometrics 8(3):431-441, 1966. Author - Victor Hasselblad; modified by Patrick K. Tomlinson.

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Spawner-Recruit Curve Fitting TCPA2

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Estimates the parameters of the Licker spawner-recruit curve, R - ASe-bS, from fitting the logarithmic transformation Ln(R/S)= LnA-ba, by the method of least squares. S is the spawning bio-mass, R is the recruit biomass, and A and b are constants. From the fitted curve a table of spawning stocks and resultant recruitments is produced. The curve is discussed in "Handbook of computations for biological statistics of fish populations," by W.E. Ricker, Bull. Fish.Res.Bd. Canada (119):1-300, 1958. Author - Patrick K. Tomlin.

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Weight-Length Curve Fitting TCPA3

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Fits a curve giving weight as a function of length of the form W = a Lb where W is the weight and L is length. It produces a table of fitted weights and lengths and provides various re-lated statistics. The method of fitting involved linearization by common logarithms and the usual least-squares procedure for fitting a straight line. Author - Norman J. Abramson; modified by Patrick K. Tomlinson and Catherine L. Berude.

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Age Composition Estimation

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Estimates ages composition using a double sampling scheme with length as strata. Also provides estimates assuming simple random sampling of aged fish. Under the double sampling scheme, the first sample is of lengths (length frequency) to estimate length-strata sizes; the second or main sample is for ages. The second sample can be drawn (1) independently, (2) as a subsample of the first, or (3) as a subsample within length strata. "A method of sampling the Pacific albacore (Thunnus germo) catch for relative age composition," by D.J. Mackett, Proc. World. Sci. Meet.Biol.Tunas & Rel.Sp., FAC Fish.Rpt. No. 6, Vol. 3, 1963. Author - D.J. Mackett.

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Best Current Estimate of Numbers, Percentages, Language - FORTRAN and Weights of Fish Caught, TCPB2 Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Given any number of length detail cards for fish sampled during a given bimonthly (or other) period, this program calculates by primary area and gear: (1) The number of fish sampled at each length-frequency interval; (2) the percentage of fish sampled at each length-frequency interval; (3) the smoothed percentage of fish sampled at each length-frequency interval; (4) the average weight of the fish. With the input of the corresponding catch data the program makes estimates of the number of fish caught at each length-frequency interval for the given period by primary area and gear. The program also makes estimates for the given period for both gears combined for each of the primary and secondary areas of (1) through (4) above. It estimates the same thing for each gear separately and for each of the secondary areas. Finally the program makes estimates for the given period and all preceding periods of that year combined for each gear separately and both gears combined for each of the primary and secondary areas of (1) through (4) above and the total weight of fish caught at each light-frequency interval. Linitations: (a) The cards for each period must be kept separately, and the periods must be in chronological order; (b) gear 2 must follow gear 1 in the catch cards; (c) although any number of periods may be run consecutively, it must be kept in mind that all of the periods will be summed to compute the best current estimate; (d) the maximum number of length frequencies is 80, gears 2, and primary areas 7. Author - Christopher T. Psaropulos.

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Length-Frequency Distribution of Market Measurement Sampling, TCPB3

Language - FORTRAN liardware - Burroughs 6700

Given any number of length detail cards for fish sampled with input of corresponding catch data during a year period, this program (using the same methods as TCPB2) summarizes, by quarter, market measurement area code, and for each gear, or combined: (1) The average weight, and the number of fish caught at each quarter; (2) the raw and smoothed percentage of fish sampled and caught at each length-frequency interval; (3) the number of fish sampled and caught at each length-frequency interval. Author - Christopher T. Psaropulos.

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Von Bertalarffy Growth Curve Fitting TCPC1

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Fits the von Bertalanffy growth-in-length curve to unequally spaced age groups with unequal sample sizes for separate ages. It fits the equation  $D_{\rm c}$  = length (at age t) = A+BR<sup>E</sup>; 0<2<F1 (1) by least squares when data of the form (length, age) are given in pairs ( $L_{\rm c}$ , t). The programminimizes the function  $Q = \frac{n}{L}(L_{\rm c} - A - BR^{\rm c})^2$  by use of the furtial derivatives evaluated near zero.

Output is in the von Bertalanffy form, where  $A = L_0$ ,  $R = e^{-k}$  or  $K = -\log_e R$ ,  $B = -l_m L^{kto}$  or  $t_0 = [\log_e (-B) - \log_e A]/K$ .

The output gives values of the expected length at age using equation (1) evaluated at ages selected by the user. The pairs  $(L_t, t)$  may be read into the program in two different ways. The first assumes that no type of ordering or sorting has occurred and that each  $(L_t, t)$  represents a single fish. The second method allows for frequency distributions and the user provides a triple  $(L_t, t)$  where m is the number of times (or some weighting factor) the pair  $(L_t, t)$  is to be used. Author - Patrick K. Tomlinson.

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Von Bertalanffy Growth Curve for Unequal Age Intervals TCPC2 Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Uses the method of Tomlinson and Abramson to fit length at age data to the von Bertalanffy growth equation  $L_{\zeta} = L_{m} (1 - e^{-k(\xi^{-1}C_{0})})$  where  $L_{\zeta} = 1$  length at time t,  $L_{m} = a$  symptotic length, K = c growth constant, and  $t_{0} = t$  theoretical time at which  $L_{\zeta} = 0$ . The age intervals do not need to be equal. Limitations: The number of lengths for each age group must be at least two and not more than 500. (If only one length, or a single mean length, is available for a given age group, it may be punched twice.) The maximum number of age groups is 40. The output includes: (1) estimates of  $L_{m}$ , K, and  $t_{0}$  from each iteration of the fitting process; (2) final estimates of  $L_{m}$ , K, and  $t_{0}$ ; (3) standard errors of  $L_{m}$ , K, and  $t_{0}$ ; (4) fitted ler ths for age 0 through the maximum included in the input; (5) mean lengths of the samples at each age group; (6) atandard errors of the mean lengths in the samples; (7) the number of lengths in each age group; (8) variance-coveriance matrix; (9) standard error of estimate. "Computer programs for fisheries problems," by Norman J. Abramson, Trans.Amer.Fish.Soc. 92(3):310, 1963. Fitting a von Bertalanffy growth curve by least squares including tables of polynomials," by Patrick K. Tomlinson and Norman J. Abramson, Fish.Bull.Calif.Dept.Fish & Game 116:69 p., 1961. Author - K.J. Abramson. (See also ICPC 3.)

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Von Bertalanffy Growth Curve for Equal Age Intervals TCPC3 Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burrou hs 6700

Similar to TCPC2. However, the age intervals must be equal with at least two observed lengths at each age. The program always yields estimates when a least-squares solution exists, and immediately terminates the run when there is no solution. In this respect it is superior to TCPC2, which occasionally does not converge to estimates even when a solution exists. Author - N.J. Abramson.

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Von Bertalanffy Growth Curve Fitting TCPC4

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Estimates the parameters K and L. of the von Bertalanffy growth-in-length curve when only the lengths of individual fish at two points in time are known. This allows the curve to be fitted to tag release and recovery data. Fits equation (1) by least squares when data are of the form (initial length, final length, time elapsed).

$$L_{\xi} + \Delta_{\xi} = L_{\xi} R^{\Delta \xi} + A(1-R^{\Delta \xi}); 0 < R < 1$$
 (1)

 $L_{\xi}$  is the initial length;  $L_{\xi}+\Delta\xi$  is the final length, and  $\Delta t$  is the time clapset. Given a triples  $(L_{\xi}, L_{\xi}+\Delta\xi)$  and equation (1), the program minimizes the function.

$$Q = {n \choose L_t + L_t} - L_t R^{\Delta t} - A (1-R^{\Delta t})$$
 by use of the partial derivations evaluated

near zero. Output is in the von Bertalanffy form, where L=A and  $K=\log_e R$ . The output gives values of the expected length using equation (1) evaluated at an initial length and time-lapse selected by the user. The user enters one initial length and a time lapse. The program computes the final lengths. The triples are punched on cards, with one triple per card. No provisions are made for frequency distributions or weighting factors. The program will handle up to 5000 triples. Author - Patrick K. Tomlinion.

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Estimation of Linear Growth and von
Bertalanffy Growth Equation from Tag Data
TCPC5

Language - FORTRAN
Hardware - Burroughs 6700

This program is used to estinate the rate of linear growth per unit time and the parameters La and K of the von Bertalanffy growth equation from data on the lengths at release and at recapture, and the times at liberty for two or more tagged fish. Known bias(es) in the lengths at release for fish of one or two groups can be corrected by use of the constants a and b in the equation y = a+bx, where x is the uncorrected length and y is the corrected length. Before estimating La and K by the method of program TCPC4, the program calculates the mean rate of linear growth per time interval and its standard deviation. If option 1 is specified, the data for any fish which grew at rates which differ by three or more standard deviations from the mean rate are eliminated; if option 2 is specified, no data are eliminated. Author - Patrick K. Tomlinson; modified by Jo Anne Levatin.

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Fishing Power Estimation TCPD1

Language - FORTRAN

liardware - Burroughs 6700

Estimates the fishing power of individual vessels or class relative to a standard vessel or

class and the densities of fish by time-area atrata relative to a standard time-area stratum. Program first estimates log fishing powers, using the method described by Robson (1966). Then the estimates are converted from log relative fishing power and log density to the original scales, employing a bias-correcting factor given in Laurent (1963). The program handles up to 2000 catch observations from a combined total of not more than 200 distinct boats and lime-area strata; it arbitrarily selects the lowest numbered boat as the standard vessel and the lowest numbered area-data in which the standard vessel fished as the standard time-area strata. normal distribution and the translation method: description and estimation problems" by Andre G. Laurent, Jour.Amer.Stat.Assn. 58(301):231-235, 1963. "Estimation of the relative fishing power of individual ships," by D.S. Robson, Res. Bull. Inter. Comma, NV. Atlantic. Fish. (3):5-14. 1966. Author - Catherine L. Berude.

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Survival Rate Estimation TOPEL

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Estimates a survival rate from the age composition of a sample. Computes a number of statisticr measures associated with a vector of cate; number  $N_0,\ N_1,\ \dots,\ N_I$  where  $N_j$  = number of fish caught of (coded) age "j." Four options are available:

Option 1 assumes that (a) recruitment and annual survival are constant for all age groups entired in catch vector; (b) all ages in catch vector are fully available to sampling gear; (c) ages are known for all fish in catch vector. Computes estimate of survival rate, variance of survival rate, standard error of survival rate, 952 confidence interval for survival rate, instantaneous mortality rate, variance of instantaneous mortality rate, standard error of Z (total mortality), 952 confidence interval for 2, and 2 interval obtained from S interval.

Option 2 tests the hypothesis that the relative frequency in the U-age group as compared to the older ages does not deviate significantly from the expected frequency under option I assumptions and computes a chi-square statistic associated with the difference between the best estimate and Heinke's estimate. If this statistic exceeds CHI (a chi-square value for desired confidence level) the catch numbers are recorded as follows:  $N_1-->N_0$ ;  $N_2-->N_1$ ;  $N_3-->N_2$ ;...; $N_1-->N_1-1$  and the above computations are made for the new vector  $N_0$ ,... $N_{I-1}$ . This test is repeated until the statistics are less than CBI, a theoretical chi-square value with one degree of freedom which specifies the significance level of the test. Oil is entered on a control card. If the see latic is less than CHI, the output is the same as in option 1.

Option 3 is to be used when assumptions (a) and (b) of option 1 hold but it is not possible to age fish whose coded age is greater than "K." Option 3 assumes that the recorded relative frequencies are not reliable for fish of ages K+1, K+2,..., I in the vector of catch numbers; it sums the match for ages K+1 to I and computes the same output as in option I using the catch vector  $N_0$ ,  $N_1, \dots, N_K$ , m where m  $N_{K+1}+\dots+N_1$ .

Option 4 peraits the user to subdivide the catch curve into a number of segments. The assumptions listed under option 1 may be satisfied for the consecutive age groups in one segment but not for age groups in different segments of a catch curve. Because segmentation of a catch curve may be exploratory, the program allows the use of overlapping segments, i.e., one age group may appear in more than one segment. Option 4 computes the same output as option 1.

"The analysis of a catch curve," by D.C. Chapman and D.S. Robson, Biometrics 16:354-368, "Catch curves and mortality rates," by D.S. Robson and D.G. Chapman, Trans.Am.Fish. Soc. 90:1810189, 1961. Author - Lawrence E. Gales.

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Fishing Mortalities Estimation TCPE2

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Uses the method of Murphy (1965) and Tomlinson (1970) to estimate the population (P) of a cohort of fish at the beginning of each of several consecutive time intervals (i) and the coefficients of catchability (q) and of fishing mortality (F) for each interval when the catches (C), effort (f), and the coefficients of natural mortality (M) for each interval and F for either the first or last interval are known. When estimates of F and M are not available, various trial values can be used to obtain estimates which appear to be reasonable. "A solution of the catch equation, "by G.I. Murphy, J.Fish.Res.Bd.Can. 22(1):191-202, 1965. "A generalization of the Murphy catch equation," by P.K. Tomlinson, J.Fish.Res.Bd.Can. 27(4): 821-825, 1970. Author - Patrick K. Tomlinson; modified by Jo Anne Levatin.

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Relative Yield per Recruit at Various Fishing Intensities

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Calculates the relative yield in weight per recruit at various fishing intensities by the method of Beverton (1963: Formula 1)). With option 1, the program calculates the ratios of the yields per recruit at selected values of E = (F/(F+!)) to the yield per recruit at E = 1. H is the coefficient of natural mortality; F is the coefficient of fishing mortality. With option 2, it calculates the relative yield per recruit at selected levels of F. Limitations: No more than ten values of M, nor more than 1000 values of E or F, can be used for a single problem; in option 1, M cannot equal 0. "Maturation, growth and mortality of clupeid and engraulid stocks in relation to fishing," by R.J.H. Beverton, Rapp.Proc.-Verb. 154:44-67, 1963. Author -Christopher T. Psaropulos.

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Yield Cu ... with Constant Rates TC.PF 2

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Using the incomplete beta-function, evaluan array of coordinates for plotting yield Holt yield equation." by G.J. Paulik and L. 1964. Author - Lawrence E. Gales.

Beverton and Holt yield equation and produces oths. "Allometric growth and the Severton and Gales, Amer. Pish. Soc., Trans. 93(4):369-381,

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Eumetric Yield TCPF3

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Uses Beverton and Holt's (1957: 36:4.4) equation to compute the population in numbers, the wasmass, the yield in numbers, and the yield in weight theoretically obtainable from one recruit with various combinations of growth, nortality, and age of entry into the fishery. "On the

dynamics of exploited fish populations," by R.J.H. Beverton and S.J. Holt, Fish. Inves., Minis. Agr. Fish. Food, Ser. 2, 19:533 p., 1957. Author - Lawrence E. Gales; modified by Christopher T. Psaropulos.

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Telephone (714) 453-2820, ext. 310 or 253

Piecewise Integration of Yield Cutves TCPF4

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Computes an approximate yield isopleth for a given number of recruits to a fishery when both growth and natural mortality are estimated empirically. The calculations are carried out using a modified form of Ricker's wethod for estimating equilibrium yield. The program is extremely general in that growth, natural mortality and fishing mortality rates need not be measured using the same time intervals. Fishing nortality rates can be age specific (up to 400 different rates can be applied during the life of the fish) but the over-all level of fishing mortality can be varied by means of multipliers which apply to all of the individual age specific rates. The range and the intervals between ages at first capture can also be varied by the user.

The program has two approximation options: (1) an exponential mode which assumes that the biomass of the stock changes in a strictly exponential manner during any interval when growth, natural mortality, and fishing rates are all constant (Ricker, 1958: Equation 10.4); (2) an arithmetic mode which uses the arithmetic mean of the stock biomass at the start and at the end of any interval during which all three rates are constant as an estimate of the average biomass present during the interval (Ricker, 1958: Equation 10.3).

The program will compute and print out at specified times the biomass of the stock when only natural mortality and growth are present. This biomess vector is useful for determining the optimum harvest times for stocks that may be completely harvested at one time. "A generalized computer program for the Ricker model of equilibrium yield per recruitment," by G.J. Paulik and W.F. Bayliff, J.Fish.Res.Bd.Canada 24:249-252, 1967. "Handbook of computations for biological statistics of fish populations," by W.E. Ricker, Fish.Res.Bd.Canada Bull. (119):300 pp. Author - Lawrence E. Gales.

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Piecewise Integration of Yield Curves When Age is Unknown TCPF5

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Perform: piecewise integration of yield curves when age is unknown. Different mortality rates may be associated with intervals in the lifespan and growth is calculated as a function of length from a transformed von Bertalanffy growth curve. Yield isopleths are given as functions of length-at-entry and fishing nortality. Note that program TCPC4 provides von Bertalanffy growth parameters from unaged fish which can be used with this program. The amount of growth a fish will put on during an interval of time is a function of the size at the beginning of the interval, not age. Similarly, survival is usually given as a function of time elapsed, not age. Therefore, growth during an interval and survival during the interval can be combined to produce yield, even though age is unknown. Author - Patrick K. Tomlinson.

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Constants in Schaefer's Model TCPF6

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Uses three simultaneous equations to solve for the constants, a. M., and k2. in Schaefer's (1957) model for determining the status of a stock of fish in regard to fishing. Schaefer (1957) used an iterative procedure to evaluate these constants, but in another publication (Schaefer and Beverton, 1963), it was indicated that evaluation of the constants by the solution of three simultaneous equations would be acceptable. "A study of the dynamics of the fishery for yellow-fin tuna in the eastern tropical Pacific Ocean" by M.B. Schaefer, Bull., Inter-Amer. Trop. Tuna Comm. 2(6):245-285, 1957. "Fishery dynamics - their analysis and interpretation," by M.B. Schaefer and R.J.H. Beverton, pp. 464-483 in, M.N. Hill, The Sea, Vol. 2, Interscience Publishers, New York, 1963. Author - Christopher T. Psaropulos.

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Schaefer Logistics Model of Fish Production Language - FORTRAN TCPF7 Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Pella and Tomlinson (1969) discussed a generalization of Schaefer's (1954) logistic model to explain changes in catch as related to effort upon a given population and they presented a conputer program useful in estimating the parameters of the model when observed catch-effort data are available. However, in their scheme, it is necessary to use numerical methods for approximating the expected catch. Also, the user is required to provide guesses of the parameters and limits to control searching. In general, this program TCPF7 uses the same procedure for estimating the parameters as that described in Pella and Tomlinson. Ereptions: The user only needs to supply catch, observed effort, and elapsed time for each of n at intervals; the program will make the guesses and set the values used in the search. "A & . : :lized stock production model," by J.J. Pella and P.K. Tomlinson, Inter-Amer. Trop. Tuna Comm., Bull. 13(3):421-496, 1969. "Some aspects of the dynamics of populations important to the management of the commercial marine fisheries," by M.B. Schacfer, Inter-Amer.Trop.Tuna Comm., Bull. 1(2):25-56. Author - Patrick K. Tomlinson.

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Fits Generalized Stock Production Model

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Fits the generalized stock production model described by Pella and Tomlinson (1969) to catch and effort data. This model estimates equilibrium yield as a function of effort or population size. The production curve is allowed to be skewed. "A generalized stock production model, by Jerome J. Pella and Patrick K. Tomlinson, Inter-Amer. Trop. Tuna Comm., pt 11. 13(3):419-496. Authors - Pells and Tomlinson; modified by Catherine L. Berude.

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Biometry - Linear Regression Analysis TCSA1

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700 Performs an analysis of regression with one or more Y-values corresponding to each X-value. The Model I Regression is based on the following assumptions: (a) that the independent variable X is measured without error, where the X's are "fixed"; (t) that the expected value for the variable Y for any given value X is described by the linear function  $L_Y = 0 + \beta X$ ; (c) that for any given value of X the Y's are independently and normally instributed. Y =  $0 + \beta X$ ; (c) that for any given value of X the Y's are independently and normally instributed. Y =  $0 + \beta X$ ; (c) that for any given value of X the Y's are independently and normally instributed. Y =  $0 + \beta X$ ; (c) that for any given value of X the Y's are independently and normally instributed. Y =  $0 + \beta X$ ; (c) that for any given value of X the Y's are independently and normally instributed. Y =  $0 + \beta X$ ; (c) that for any given value of X the Y's are independent variable and independent of the magnitude of X or Y. In Model II Regression, the independent variable and the dependent variable are both subject to error. Biometry, by Robert R. Sokal and F. James Rohlf, W.H. Freeman and Company. San Francisco. 1969. Modified by Walter Ritter O.

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Generalized Weighted Linear Regression for Two Variables, TCSA2

Language - FORTRAN
Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Computes the regression line  $Y_1 \sim b_0 + b_1x_1$  where the  $Y_1$  may have different weights. The user may transform the data by any of three transformations, natural logarithms of X, Y, and/or W (weight), common logarithms of X, Y, and/or W, and/or powers of X, Y, and/or W. The two variables and the weights may be transformed independently. The program normalizes the weights (or the transformations of the weights) by dividing each weight by the mean weight. Produces printer plots of the data and deviations. Author - Lawrence E. Gales; modified by Patrick E. Tomlinson and Christopher T. Psaropulos.

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Linear Regression, Both Variables Subject to Error, TCSA3

La Jolla, CA 92037

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Telephone (714) 453-2820, ext. 310 or 253

Computes a regression in which both the dependent and the independent variable are subject to error. There are several methods for obtaining solution to the equation in a Model II case, depending upon one's knowledge of the error variances or their ratios. Since this situation is not too likely to arise in the biological sciences, the authors adapted a relatively simple approach in which no knowledge of these variances is assumed — the Bartlett's three-group method. This method does not yield a conventional least squares regression line and consequently special techniques must be used for significance testing (Sokal and Rohlf, 1969). The user may transform the data by any of three transformations: matural logarithms of X and/or Y; common logarithms of X and/or Y; powers of X and/or Y. The program produces printer plots of the data and deriviations. Biometry, by Robert R. Sokal and F. James Rohlf, W.H. Freeman and Company. San Francisco, 1969. Author - Walter Ritter O.; modified by Christopher T. Psaropulos.

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Biometry - Product-Moment Correlation Language - FORTRAN Coefficient, TCSB1 Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Computes the Pearson product-moment correlation coefficient for a pair of variables and its

confidence limits. In addition, the program computes and prints the means, standard deviations, standard errors, and covariances for the variable, as well as the equation of the principal and minor axes. The confidence limits for the slope of the principal axis are also computed and the coordinates of eight points are given for plotting confidence ellipses for bivariate means. Biometry, by Robert R. and F. James Rohlf, W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco, 1969.

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Cooley-Lonnes Multiple-Regression Analysis Language - FORTRAN
TCSB2 Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Computes a multiple-regression analysis for a single criterion and a maximum of 49 predictor variables. The Gauss-Jordan method is used in the solution of the normal equations. There is no restriction in the number of subjects for which score vectors may be presented. Output: Basic accumulations, means, standard deviations, dispersion matrix, and correlation matrix are printed and/or punched as required. Additional printed output, appropriately labeled, includes: The multiple-correlation coefficient; the F test criterion for multiple R, with its degrees of freedom; the beta weights; the squared beta weights; the B weights; and the intercept constant. Additional punched output includes: The beta weights; the B weights, and the intercept constant. Multivariate Procedures for Behavorial Sciences, by William W. Cooley and Paul R. Lonnes, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York. Modified by Walter Ritter O.

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Biometry - Goodness of Fit to Discrete Language - FORTRAN Frequency Distribution, TCSC1 Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Provides several options for the following operations: (1) Computes a binomial or Poisson distribution with specified parameters; (2) computes the deviations of an observed frequency distribution from a binomial or Poisson distribution of specified parameters or based on appropriate parameters estimated from the observed data; AG-test for goodness of fit is carried out; (3) A series of up to 10 observed frequency distributions may be read in and individually tested for goodness of fit to a specific distribution, followed by a test of homogeneity of the series of observed distributions; (4) A specified expected frequency distribution (other than binomial or Poisson) may be read in and used as the expected distributions; this may be entered in the form of relative frequencies or simply as ratios; the maximum number of classes for all cases is thirty in the case of binomial and Poisson, the class marks cannot exceed 29. Biometry, by Robert R. Sokal and b. James Rohlf, W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco, 1969. Modified by Walter Ritter O.

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Biometry - Basic Statistic for Ungrouped Data Language - FORTRAN TCSC2 Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Reads in samples of ungrouped continuous or meristic variates, then ranks and optimally performs transformations on these data. Output consists of a table of the various statistics computed: mean, median, variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation, g1, g2, and the Kalmogorov Smirnov statistic Drax resulting from a comparison of the observed sample with a normal distribution based on the sample mean and variance; these are followed by their standard errors and 100 (1 - a)% confidence intervals where applicable. Biometry, by Robert R. Sokal and F. James Rohlf, W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco, 1969. Modified by Walter Ritter O.

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Biometry - Basic Statistic for Data Grouped into a Frequency Distribution, TCSC3

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Similar to TCSC2, but intended for data grouped into a frequency distribution.

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biometry - Single Classification and Nested Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Performs either a single classification or a k-level nested analysis of variance following the techniques presented in Sokal and Rohlf (1969). The basic anova table as well as the variance components are computed. The program allows for unequal sample sizes at any level. The input parameters are reproduced in the output, followed by a standard anova table giving SS, df, MS, and Fs. For nested anovas with unequal sample sizes, synthetic mean squares and their approximate degrees of freedom (using Satterthwaite's approximation) are given below each MS and df. Each Fs is the result of dividing the MS on its line by the synthetic MS from the level above it. When sample sizes are equal, the synthetic mean squares and their degrees of freedom are the same as their ordinary counterparts, but are printed out nevertheless by the program. No pooling is performed. The anova table is followed by a list of the estimated variance components expressed both in the original units and as percentages; these in turn are followed by a table of the coefficients of the expected mean squares. Biometry, by Robert R. Sokal and F. James Rohlf, W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco, 1969. Modified by Walter Ritter O.

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biometry - Factorial Anova Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700 TCSD2

Reads in data for a complete factorial analysis of variance with no replications. Using the technique described in Sokal and Rohlf (1969, Section 12.5), it is possible to use this program for single classification amova with equal sample sizes, multi-way analysis of variance with equal replications, and other completely balanced designs. Produces the standard anova table and provides as well an optional output of a table of deviations for all possible one-, two-, three-, four-way (and more) tables. The output is especially useful as input to various programs for testing differences among means and can be inspected for homogeneity of interaction terms. Biometry, by Robert R. Sokal and F. James Roblf. W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco, 1969. Modified by Walter Ritter O.

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Biometry - Sum of Squares STP TCSD3

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Tests the homogeneity of all subsets of means in anova, using the sums of squares simultaneous test procedure of Sokal and Rohlf (1969, Section 9.7). Bicaetry, by Robert R. Sokal and F. James Rohlf, W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco, 1969. Modified by Walter Ritter O.

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Biometry - Student-Newman-Keuls Test TCSD4 Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - Burrough: 6700

Performs a Student-Newman-Keula a posteriori multiple range test. The SNK procedure is an example of a stepwise method using the range as the statistic to measure differences among means. Biometry, by Robert R. Sokal and F. James Ronlf, W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco, 1969. Modified by Walter Ritter O.

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Biometry - Test of Homogeneity of Variances Lau TSCE1 Hau

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Performs Bartlett's test of homogeneity of variances and the F<sub>max</sub> test. Biometry, by Robert R. Sokel and F. James Rohlf, W.M. Freeman and Company, San Francisco, 1969. Modified by Walter Ritter O.

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Biometry - Test of Equality of Means with Heterogeneous Variances, TCSE2

Language - FORTRAM Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Performs an approximate test of the equality of means when the variances are assumed to be heterogenous. The method differs from an ordinary single classification anova in that the means are weighted according to the reciprocal of the variance of the sample from which they were taken, and a special error MS must be used to take the weighting into account. The input parameters are reproduced in the output along with a listing of the means and variances for each sample. These are followed by the sample variance ratio  $F_s^{\prime}$  and the degrees of freedom required for looking up the critical F-value. Biometry, by Robert R. Sokal and F. James Rohlf, W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco, 1969. Modified by Walter Ritter 0.

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Biometry - Tukey's Test for Nonadditivity Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Performs Tukey's test for nonadditivity to ascertain whether the interaction found in a given set of data could be explained in terms of multiplicative main effects. This test is also useful when testing for nonadditivity in a two-way Model I amova without replication in experiments where it is reasonable to assume that interaction, if present at all, could only be due to multiplicative main effects. It partitions the interaction sum of squares into one degree of freedom due to multiplicative effects of the main effects on a residual sum of squares to represent the other possible interactions or to serve as error in case the anova has no replication. Biometry, by Robert R. Sokal and F. James Rohlf, W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco, 1969. Modified by Walter Ritter O.

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Biometry - Kruskal-Wallis Test Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

The Kruskal-Wallis test is a non-parametric method of single classification anova. It is called non-parametric because their null hypothesis is not concerned with specific parameters (such as the mean in analysis of variance) but only with distribution of the variates. This is based on the idea of "ranking" the variates in an example after pooling all groups and considering them as a single sample for purposes of ranking. This program performs the Kruskal-Wallis test for equality in the "location" of several samples. The input parameters and sample sizes are reproduced in the output, followed by the Kruskal-Wallis statistic H (adjusted, if necessary), which is to be compared with a chi-square distribution for degrees of freedom equal to a-1. Biometry, by Robert R. Sokal and F. James Rohlf, W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco, 1969. Modified by Walter Ritter U.

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Language - FORTRAN Biometry - Fisher's Exact Test Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Performs Fisher's exact test for independence in a 2 x 2 contingency table. The computation is based on the hypergeometric distribution with four classes. These probabilities are computed assuming that the row and column classifications are independent (the null hypothesis) and that the row and column totals are fixed. Biometry, by Robert R. Sokal and F. James Rohlf, W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco, 1969. Modified by Walter Ritter O.

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Biometry - R x C Test of Independence in Contingency Tables, TCSE6

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Burroughs 6700

Performs a test of independence in an R x C contingency table by means of the G test. Optionally it carries out an a posteriori test of all subsets of rows and columns in the R x C contingency table by the simultaneous test procedure. Biometry by kohert R. Sokal and F. James Rohlf, W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco, 1969. Modified by Walter Ritter O.

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# POLLUTION

Monte Carlo Spill Tracker

Language - PL/1 Optibizer Hardware - IBM 370-168/216 K bytes (characters)

Provides insight on likely of spill trajectories in a given region by season, using Monte Carlo sumpling of Markov wind model at one- or three-hourly intervals; spill novement assumed to be linear combination of momentary wind and current vectors. In, ut: Map of area, cutput files from analysis of IDF-14 data, current hypothesis, postulated spill launch points. Output: Estimates of the likelihood of spill reaching various areas; estimates of the statistics of the time to reach such areas. See publications MINSC 74-20, "Primary, Physical Impacts of Offshore Petroleum Developments," by Stewart and Devanney, MIT Sea Grant Project Office, April 1974.

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Thermal Pollution Model

Language - FORTRAS IV Hardware - CDC 6500/CDC 1604/20K 60 his words

Simulates the dispersion of heat from a source. Output is a printout of current and heat fields.

Kevin M. Rabe Environmental Prediction Research Facility Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA 93940 Available from originator only

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Substance Adv ction/Diffusion Routing

Language - FORTRAS Herdware - CDC 6500

Simulates the advection and diffusion of pollutants. The program uses a Lagrangian approach with a Fickian diffusion equation. Input: Current data, pollutant release location, concentration and time of release. Output: Pollutant spread fie.ds. EPRF Tech. Note 1-74, "A Vertically Integrated Bydrodynamical-Numerical Model."

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banish Advection Program

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3100/CDC 65G+

Computes advection of pollutants (or mass) in a fluid in two dimensions. Input: Velocities in X and Y, case and grid spacing in X and Y, all for each grid point; timestep and total time or advection. Dutput: initial gridpoint of field advected and final field after total advection. Quasi-Lagrangian method used, utilizing mass, center of mass, and width of mass dimerbution, all for each grid point. Storage requirement is grid-size dependent: for NX by NY grid, (GX\*NY\*7) + (GX\*1)\*28 words. "A Method for Numerical Solution of the Advection Lquation," by 1.3. Pederson and 1.7. From, Meteorological Institute, Denmark, Aug. 1973, 16 pp.

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Ecological Statistical Computer Programs ECOSTAT

Language - ANS FORTRAN\*
Hardware - 18M 360/370\*\*

The system was developed as part of an extensive study undertaken by the County Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles and the Southern California Coastal Water Research Project to provide insight into the ecological effects of ocean discharge of treated wastewaters. Biological and physical data for analysis were available from memi-annual benthic surveys on the Palos Verdes Shelf. Due to the nature of the analysis and the probability that the system would be used by other agencies, it was decided that the programs would be made general and easily implemented and used in other computing environments and sampling studies. The system differs from other statistics packages in that it allows the user to define a taxonomic structure on encountered species and employ the resultant groupings in the calculation of diversity indices, T and F statistics, linear correlation coefficients, one-way analysis of variance, dissimilarity coefficients, and abiotic-biotic relationship tables. The user can also specify station groupings to be used in computing statistics.

Output: (1) Summary information: (a) raw data, (b) species distribution, (c) dominant species; (?) Univariate statistics: (a) means, standard deviations by parameter for each station, (b) community diversity (8 measures - Brillouin's, Gleason's, Margalef's, Shannon-Weaver's, Simpson's, scaled Shannon-Weaver's, scaled Simpson's, scaled standard deviation), (c) T and F statistics between regions by parameter, (d) dissimilative coefficients by taxon between regions, between samples for each station, between surveys by region, (e) ANOVA cables among surveys by region; (3) Multivariate statistics: (a) linear correlation coefficients by region between parameters; (4) Abiotic-biotic relationships: (a) means, standard deviations, ranges of physical parameters for each partition of relative abundance, (b) dominant species occurring at physical parameter class interval pairs.

(With the following IBM extensions: Object-time dimensions transmitted in COBMON, INTEGER\*2, EED parameter in a READ, literal enclosed to apostrophes, mixed-node expressions, NAMELIST, I format code.)

(\*\*For all programs except BIOMASS, ABUNDANCE, and DIVERSITY, a direct access storage device is required. Since all data sets are accessed sequentially a tape system is possible, however, and with as few as three drives all analyses with the exceptions of those between surveys may be accomplished. The generation of Table VO (ANOVA among surveys) using five surveys, for example, requires a minimum of ten files to be open simultaneously, and, unless there are ten tape drives available, this would be impossible without using disk storage.)

"Ecological Statistical Computer Programs, User Guide," by Bruce Weinstein, Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts, August 1975.

Data Processing Available from originator only Technical Services Department
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## **CURRENTS AND TRANSFER PROCESSES**

Drift Bottle Statistics

Language - PL/1 Optimizer Hardware - IBM 360-168/2001

Used for determination of spatial and temporal conditions in drift bottle trajectories. Input: Standard NODC 80 character drift bottle records, formatted according to NODC Pub. M-6 in either card or tape form. Bottle records must be roughly sorted by launch point location to facilitate identification of recoveries occurring from a common launch event. Output: Launch and recovery group size distributions; pairwise correlations in recovery location and date. Recovery group size vs. launch group size; Chi-square tests of independent trajectory, hypothesis, etc. Brief discussion of results for U.S. Atlantic Coast available in publication MITSG 74-20, "Primary, Physical Impacts of Offshore Petroleum Developments," by Stewart and Devanney, MIT Sea Grant Project Office, April 1974.

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Drift Bottle Plots

Lan mage - PL/1 Hardware - IBM 370-168/SC4020 CRT

Plots launch and recovery locations of drift bottles. Input: Data files screened and formatted by CNDNSDTA. Output: CRT plots of launch and recovery positions. See publication MITSG 74-20, "Primary, Physical Impacts of Offshore Perroleum Developments," by Stewart and Devanney, MIT Sea Grant Project Office, April 1974.

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Reformat and Sort Drift Bottle Data CNDNSDTA

Language - PL/1 Hardware - IBM 370-168/250K/Disk

Reformats into condensed record format (28 characters), screens for bottle configuration, and sorts by launch point, filing into on-line (disk) storage. Input: Standard NODC 80 character drift bottle records per NODC publication M-6. Output: All drift bottles launched within "r" miles of "N" launch points are reformatted and filed in "N" separate data file.

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Current Profiles from Tilt Data

Language -

calculates current profiles generated from tilt data obtained from Niskin current array. Current magnitude and direction are computed at each sensor from tilt and azimuth data by means of numerical algorithms developed from analysis of the three-dimensional cable equations. Input: Physical parameters to be modeled. Output: Profiles can be generated at a given time using one method. Profiles can also be generated for one-hour increments from the averaged data which have been curre fitted between sensor stations.

Gary T. Griffin Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only Telephone (203) 442-0771

Current Meter Data

CREATE-C CURRENT CURRPLOT Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3300/Disk/UCC Plotter

> 20K words 20K words 28K words

CREATE-C creates a disk file of raw data digitized from Braincon current meter film and consisting of arc endpoints and angles; listing also produced. CURRENT converts raw data to current speed, direction, etc., according to particular calibration and gives basic statistics: minimum and maximum speed, means, standard deviations, etc. Input: disk file from CREATE-C and a data card giving information about the data (e.g., format) and about the current meter used (type, observation lime, etc.). Cutput: Listing of converted data and statistics and a new disk file of converted data. Using this data file and a plot data card, CURRPLOT prepares a tape for the UCC Plotter to give plots of speed vs. time, direction vs. time, and progressive vector plot. Plots are broken up into one-week units.

K. Crocker Naval Underwater Systems Center Newport, RI 02840 Available from criginator only

Telephone (401) 841-3307

Current data SPECTRUM Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3300

Using processed data file from CURRENT and a preprocessing data card, gives autrorrelation and auto power spectrum for current speed and velocity components with preprocessing options for filtering, condensing, etc.

K. Crocker Naval Underwater Systems Center Newport, RI 02840 Available from originator only

Telephone (401) 841-3307

Optimized Multi-layer HN Model

Language - C.X. FORTRAN EXTENDED
Hardware - C.C 7600 or 6500 w/CDC 3100/157K
octal (60 bit) words on 7600

Computes surface deviations and integrated current velocities based on hydrodynamic equations for small-scale coastal and open ocean areas for up to three selected layers. The finite difference acheme proposed by Hansen (1938) is extended to multiple layer cases optimized for ease in practical application and for computer computation. Intermediate data tape prepared on CDC 3100. EPRF Tech. Paper 15-74, by R.A. Bauer.

T. Laevastu or A. Stroud Environmental Prediction Research Facility Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, (A 93940 Available from originator only

Telephone (408) 646-2937

Mean Drift Routine

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 6500/CDC 1604

Generalized routine to simulate the drift of an object, given the current structure, wind fields, and object leeway. EPRF Tech. Note 1-74, "A Vertically Integrated Hydrodynamical-Numerical Model."

Taivo Laevastu Environmental Prediction Research Facility Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA 93940 Available from originator only

Telephone (408) 646-2937

Search and Rescue Planning NSAR

Language - FORTRAN Extended Hardware - CDC 6500/54K words

Provides an estimate of an object's position in the ocean at the time a search is initiated. Computes drift as a resultant of two components. In all cases 100 percent of the surface current is applied. Wind effects are handled through a series of leeway codes options. Input: FMMC surface wind and current field analysis and prognosis; object starting time and position, datum time, last known position, navigation error factors, leeway factors. httput: Datum points (latitude, longitude) for each datum time. OPNAV 1887 3130.5A, 7 Dec. 1972, FMMC Tech. Note 60, August 1970.

LCDR John Gomener First Numerical Weather Central Monterey, CA 93940 Available from originator only Telephone (408) 646-2010

Current Meter Turbulence

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Gives an indication of turbulence in the ocean by computing measures of the deviations from means over various lengths of time. OS No. 572-2. Author - Robert R. Gleason.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

In-Situ Current

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/1K words/Drum

Converts one-minute averages of interocean Type II current meter to standard vectorial values. Produces vectorial angle and velocity for each data point and then combines vectorially to yield a mean value for entire period. Input: Card images of data points taken from Rustrak recorders. Output: Printout of vectorial and five-minute average values, current speed and direction in knots, and degrees true.

Philip Vinson U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 433-3878

Water Displacement DISPLA

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/1,200 36 bit words/

3 tape units

Computes water displacement resulting from ocean current action. Input: Current speed and direction values on tape produced by current meter print program. Output: Individual and cumulative displacements for selected unit time in nautical miles; tabular printout, tape,

Gerald Williams U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 433-4187

Current Meter Print

Language - FORTRAN
Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/10K 36 bit words/Drum/
3 tape units

Calculates occan current speeds and directions from Geodyne AlOI optical current meters. Values are converted to knots and degrees and are vectorially averaged over one-minute data frames, ten scans per frame. Input: Observed current parameters from meter converted from optical film to magnetic tape; parameters are in arbitrary units dependent on meter design. Output: Current speed and direction data; tabulated printout and tape. Tape output drives plotter program.

Gerald Williams U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 433-4187

Current Meter Plot

Language - FORTRAN
Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/9K 36 bit words/3 tape
units/CalComp Plotter

Produces plotter tape to plot ocean current speed and direction information. Program calls CalComp subroutines. Input: Current speed and direction data on tape produced by Current Meter Print Program. Output: Histograms, polar plots, and point plots.

Geralc Williams U.S. Laval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 433-4187

Convert Current Heter Tape HAGPACK

Language - FORTRAN V
Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/EXEC 8/Instructions 647
words/Data 707 words/2 tape units

Converts binary data on tape from Geodyne MK III current meter to BCD tape, formatted and blocked for further processing, with edited time, compass, vane, tilt, and speed rotor counts. Binary data decoded with FORTHAN field functions and output blocked and formatted with subroutine NAVIO. Author - Peter J. Topoly.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Current Meter Data MPRINTO

Language - FORTRAN V
Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/EXEC 8/Instructions
2 tape units

Computes frame and scan values of current meters (Geodyne AlOl optical and MK III magnetic); calculates normalized unit vectors for vectorial speed, lists data, and produces packed BCD tape. Input: BCD tape with rotor counts of compass, vane, speed, and tilt. Output: Packed BCD tape of frame data and averaged frame data (pack rate and averaging rate optional). Author - Peter J. Topoly.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanohraphic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Current Neter Clack Sequence

- 10

Language - FORTRAN IV Extended
Haroware - XDS Sigma 7/48K words (192K bytes)

Verifies sequence of crystal clock count values from VACM or Geodyne 850 current meters. Bad

clock values are identified by use of differencing techniques. Input: Clock values on tape in CARP format. Output: Statistics of clock performance with catalog of erroneous values.

John A. Maltais Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Current Meter Calibration

Language - FORTRAN IV Extended Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/48K words (192K bytes)

Applies calibration parameters to raw VACM current meter data on tape in CARP format, identifies and removes bad values, and stores the output on tape in standard buoy format.

John A. Maitais Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Current Meter Data Reduction and Editing CARP

Language - HP Assembly Language Hardware - HP 2100/8K locations/Cassette reader/Keyboard device

Transfers current meter data from VACM cassette or Geodyne 850 cartridge magnetic tape to nine-track computer compatible tape and flags data cycles which have errors.

Mary Hunt Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Available from originator only

Surface Current Summary SUFCUR

Language - Assembler Hardware - IBM 360-65

Produces a statistical summary of surface current observations for each Marsden (ten-degree) square, one-degree square, or five-degree square and month for a given area. Author - Jeffrey Gordon.

Oceanographic Services Branch National Oceanographic Data Center Copy on file at NODC

NOAA/EDS Washington, DC 20235

Telephone (202) 634-7439

Vector Time Series CURPLT6

Language - FORTRAN IV
Hardware - CDC 6400 (SCOPE 3.4)/115K (octal)
10-character words/CalComp
936/905 Plotting System

Computes and plots statistics, histograms, time series, progressive vector diagram and spectra for time series of current meter data. Input: Current meter time series on tape in CDC 6400 binary format; maximum number of data points is 5326. Output: Listing and tape for off-line plotter. Perfect Daniel frequency window used to compute spectral estimate from FFT-generated periodogram values.

James R. Holbrook Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory, NOAA 3711 Fifteenth Avenue, N.E. Seattle, WA 98105 Available from originator only

Telephone (206) 442-0199

Processes Current Instrument Observations

Language - FORTRAN II Hardware - IBM 1620 II

Several programs and subroutines for processing Michelsens Container data (automatic current and temperature measurements), for processing Ekman current meter data, and for harmonic analysis and power spectrum analysis. NATO Subcommittee on Oceanographic Rese. Technical Report No. 37 (Irminger Sea Project), "Some FORTRAN II Programs for Computer Producing of Oceanographic Observations," by H.E. Sweers, Feb. 1967.

Geophysical Institute University of Bergen Bergen, Norway Copy on file at NODC (above report)

Current Meter Data Processing System

1

Language - MS FORTRAN
Hardware - CDC 3150/20K words/2 tape units/
CalComp Plotter

crucesses data primarily from Braincon or Aanderaa moored current meters; performs automatic editing, tidal analysis residuals, tide prediction, filtering, plotting; power spectra and statistical means and histograms are generated. Also performs file management.

Doug Gregory Bedford Institute of Oceanography P. O. Box 1006 Dartmouth, N. S. B2Y 4A2 Available from originator only

Telephone (902) 426-2390

# **TIDES**

L

Astronomical Tide Prediction

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - IBM 360-195/80K bytes

Computes hourly values and time and heights of high and low astronomical tides by harmonic method. Input: Tidal constituent constants. Technical Memorandum WBIM TDL-6.

> N.A. Pore Tachniques Development Laboratory National Weather Service, NOAA 8060 Thirteenth Street Silver Spring, MD 20910

Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 427-7614

Tides in the Open Sea

Language - FORTRAN 60

Hardware -

Predicts tides in the coen sea, utilizing the basic hydrodynamic equations, for the principal lunar semidiurnal constituent M2. Application is made to the analysis of the tidal regime in the Gulf of Mexico. Thesis by Thomas H. Gainer, Jr., May 1966.

> Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA 93940

Available from NTIS, Order No. AD 489 096/LK, \$4.75 paper, \$2.25 microfiche.

Harmonic Analysis of Data at Tidal Frequencies

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6600\*/140K

For analyzing equally spaced short-period data (15 days or 29 days), this program utilizes the standard Fourier analysis and traditional methods of the former Coast and Geodetic Survey. Either a vector (polar form) or scular variable may be analyzed; for vector series, the program allows eithe: a major-winor uxis analysis or a north-east component approach. No data series may exceed 7,000 terus without redimensioning in the program, and no series of other than 15 or 29 days of uniformay spaced data can be analyzed. The program accepts input via magnetic tape or punched cards in any format with the restriction that, for vectors with magnitude and direction in the same record, the angles must precede the amplitudes in the record. For vectors specified by one file of amplitudes and one file of directions, the amplitude file must be read first. Output: mean amplitudes and phases of 26 tidal constituents. NCAA Technical Report NOS 41, "A User's Guide to a Computer Program for Harmonic Analysis of Data at Tidal Frequencies," by R. E. Dennis and E. E. Long, July 1971.

(\*The program is executable with minor adjustments on any compatible machine having a 140K nemory and access to arcsine and arccosine systems functions. Computing time is approximately 1.5 seconds per station on the CDC 6600.)

> Charles R. Muirhead National Ocean Survey, NOAA 6001 Executive Boulevard Rockville, MD 20852

Deck available from originator only; for above Chief, Oceanographic Surveys Branch report (including program listing), contact Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Price: \$.70, stock number 0317-0022. Telephone (301) 443-8501

Theoretical Radial Tidal Force

Language - MAD Hardware - IBM 7090

Input: (1) astronomical data from the naurical almanac; (2) the solar ephemeris obtained from the same source (only the earth-sun radius vector is needed); (3) list of local constants,

atitude and longitude in degrees of arc and minutes, elevation in centimeters. Output: Lunar, olar, and total tidal forces and the vector date. Program accommodates maximum of 725 hours 30 days) of data in core storage. Author - Henry L. Pollak.

Dept. of Earth and Planetary Sciences 414 Space Research Coordination Center University of Pittsburg Pittsburg, PA 15213 Copy on file at NODC (documented listing)

### **WAVES**

Harricane Storm Surge Forecasts SPLASH I

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6600/77K words

Predicts hurricane storm surges for landfalling storms, using numerical solutions of linearized transport equations with surface wind forcing and time history bottom stress. Input: Basin data and storm variables, such as intensity, size, and vector storm motion. Output: Storm surge envelopes, storm definitions, and astronomical tides.

Celso S. Barrientos Techniques Development Laboratory National Weather Service, NOAA 8060 Thirteenth Street Silver Spring, MD 20910 Available from NTIS: Magnetic tape, Order. No. COM-75-10180/AS, \$250 domestic, \$312 foreign; User's Guide, Order No. COM-75-10181/AS, \$3.25 domestic, \$5.25 foreign
Telephone (301) 427-7613

Hurricane Storm Surge Forecasts SPLASH II Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6600/77K octal words

Predicts storm surges for storms with general track and variant storm conditions, using numerical solutions of linearized transport equations with surface wind forcing and time history bottom stress. Input: Basin data, storm variables, and geographical description of storm track. Output: Storm surge envelopes, space-time history of surges, storm characteristics, and astronomical tides.

Celso S. Barrientos Techniques Development Laboratory National Weather Service, NOAA 8060 Thirteenth Street Silver Spring, Mp 20910 Available from NTIS: See SPLASH I

Telephone (301) 427-7613

East Coast Storm Surge

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-195/185K bytes

Predicts storm surges generated by extratropical storms for eleven stations along the U.S. East Coast. Forecast equations derived by statistical screening regression. Input: National Meteorological Center PE model sea-level pressure forecasts. Output: Storm surge forecasts to 48 hours at 6-hour intervals, for 11 locations. NOAA Technical Memorandum NNS TDL-50.

N.A. Pore Techniques Development Laboratory National Weather Service 8060 Thirteenth Street Silver Spring, MD 20910 Available : rom originator only

Telephone (301) 427-7614

Wave Forecasts

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-195/410K bytes

Forecasts wind waves and swells for the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, using singular method based on the Sverdrup-Munk forecasting system. Input: National Meteorological Center 1000 mb PE model wind forecasts; Output: Wind wave and swell grid printed charts to +48 hours. Technical Memoranda WBTA TEL-13 and TDL-17.

N.A. Fore Techniques Development Laboratory National Weather Service, NOAA 8060 Thirteenth Street Silver Spring, ND 20910 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 427-7614

Wave Bottom Velocity

Language - FORTEAN IV G Level 21 Hardware - IBN 3:0-75/96K

Computes and plots maximum bottom (horizontal) orbital velocity versus still water depth for Airy waves of given height and period. Output: log-log graph of u(max) at sea floor vs. water depth for each wave; also, a listing of the wave's steepness, u(max) at bottom, wave length, and celerity is produced.

John McHone Geology Department University of Illinois Urbana, IL 61801 Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Telephone (217) 333-3542

French Spectro-Angular Wave Model

Language - FORTRAN IV/COMPASS Hardware - CDC 6500/CDC 7600

Computes sea-state, using a spectral approach involving sixteen directions and six periods, devised by Gelei et al. Input: Wind speed and direction. Output: Significant wave height period of highest energy and direction of aximum energy fields. Detailed spectral breakdown for up to twelve points.

Kevin M. Rabe Environmental Prediction Research Facility Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA 93940

Available from originator only

Telephone (408) 646-2842

Surf Prediction Model

Language - FOR: RAN IV Hardware - CDC 3100/16K 48 bit words

Produces calculated wave ray paths, including the wave information and refraction and shoaling coefficients, using a modified Dobson approach to the 'ution of the general wave refraction. Technical Report No. 16, by B.S.L. Smith and F.E. Cam '.d, College of Marine Studies, University of Delaware.

Kevin M. Rabe Environmental Prediction Research Facility Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA +3940 Available from originator only

Telephone (408) 646-2842

Singular Wave Prediction Model

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - CDC 3100/CDC 3200/32K 24 bit words

Produces a wave height analysis for semi-enclosed seas. Uses a modified geostromic wind derived from a local pressure analysis to generate an analysis of the sea state. (utput: Wave height (ft), wave period (sec), wind speed (m sec-1) and wind direction (degrees). EPRF Program Note 8, "The Wave 32 Program," by S. Larson and A.E. Anderson, Jr.

Sigurd Larson.
Environmental Prediction
Research Facility
Naval Postgraduate School
Monterey, CA 93940

Available from originator only

Telephone (408) 646-2868

Wave Inters\_tion with Current CAPGRAY

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 370-165/2000K Region

Calculates wave length, wave number, wave slope, and wave energy changes for waves in the capillary-gravity subrange as they interact with non-uniform current. A perturbation scheme using the gravity contribution of the capillary-gravity wave as the perturbation parameter was used to integrate the energy equation exactly. Input: Wave number K for waves with no current.

Steven R. Long Available from originator only Center for Marine and Coastal Studies
North Carolina State University
Raleigh, NC 27607 Telephone (919) 737~2212

Shipborne Wave Recorder Analysis SBWRO

Language - FORTRAN 1V Hardware - IBM 1800

Given values of the highest and second highest crests, the lowest and second lowest troughs, the number of zero crossings, and the number of crests in a short record from the NIO shipborne wave recorder, computes the spectral width parameters and the significant wave height and also the predicted maximum height in a period of three hours; outputs the results on line-printer and on disk. NIO Program No. 89. Author - Eileen Page.

National Institute of Oceanography Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation) Wormley, Godalming, Surrey, England

Storm Surge

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/10K words

Numerical models, based on the hydrodynamic equation and local depth fields, are used to determine the flood levels expected from specific hypothetical storms. Publication IM-35, "Storm Surge on the Open Coast; Fundamentals and Simplified Prediction," May 1971.

(1) For program release:
Colonel James L. Trayers
Commander and Director
Coastal Engineering Research Center
Kingman Building
Fort Belvoir, VA 22060

Available from originator only

(2) For program information:
D. Lee Harri:
Chiet, Oceanography Branch
Coastal Engineering Research Center

Wave Reirsction

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/15K words/Plotter

Calculates and plots surface wave rays. Input: Depth grid; xy and angle starting point of rays. Output: Plotted output of shoreline and wave rays; listing of wave ray x, y, angle, time and depth. Publication TM-17, "A Method for Calculating and Plotting Surface Lave kays," Feb. 1966.

(1) For program release: Colonel James L. Trayers Commander and Director Commander and Director Commander and Director Kingman Building Fort Belvoir, VA 22060 Available from originator only

(2) For program information
D. Lee Harris
Chief, Oceanography Branch
Coastal Engineering Research Center

Water-Wave Teaching Aids

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 360-49

In teaching the engineering applications of vater-wave theory, it is often desirable to have students make numerical calculations based on the various wave theories. This is practical, however, only for the simplest of the water-wave theories, as the computations involved with higher order theories are quite tedious and time-consuming. This collection of programs and subroutines represents an attempt to relieve students of these lengthy and detailed computations, so that they can use the theoretical results in solving realistic problems. At the same time, there are dangers inherent in developing and using computer programs for teaching purposes. The principal difficulty is the "black box" syndrome, where the students merely punch some numbers into a card and, later, get more numbers back from the machine, without the vaguest idea of what happened in between. In order to avoid this difficulty, and, in addition, to provide wide flexibility, it was decided that the best format for this collection would be many short, single-function subroutines, which compute some of the more tedious intermediate results for a given problem, and which can be easily modified or added to by the user. The disadvantage of this approach is that it requires some knowledge of Forman on the part of the student. It is believed, that this disadvantage is outweighed by the advantage of making the computational processes both clear and flexible.

A STATE OF THE STA

LENG1 computes wave length and speed, given the water depth and wave period, using small-amplitude (and Stokes' second-order) wave theory. Values are returned to the calling program through the CALL statement and are also printed out during execution. LENG3 uses Stokes' third-order wave theory.

PROF1 computes water surface elevations, eta(x) or eta(t), over a wave period, using linear wave theory; returns arrays of x, t, and cta through the CALL statement; prints input data and the three arrays. Alternate subroutines PROF2 and PROF3 accomplish the same purpose using Stokes' second— and third—order wave equations.

Subroutines UMAX1, UMAX1, UTMAX1, and WTMAX1 compute u(max), w(max), the partial derivative of u with respect to t(max), or the partial derivative of w with respect to t(max), i.e., the maximum flow velocities in the x and z directions and their corresponding temporal accelerations, as a function of z, from z = -h to z = eta(max), using linear wave theory. Returns arrays of z and u(max) etc., for z = -h, -(29/30)h, -(28/30)h,...for z less than e+a(max). through the CALL statement; prints the input data and the two arrays. Alternative sets of routines carry out the same purpose using Stokes' second— and third-order equations.

Subroutines UOFT1, WOFT1, UTOFT1, and WTOFT1 compute values of u(t), v(t), the partial derivative of u with respect to t, or the partial derivative of v with respect to t, i.e., the horizontal and vertical flow velocities and their accelerations, over a wave period (T) at a given depth (z) using linear wave theory. Returns arrays of t and u(t), etc., for t = 0, T/40, 2T/40,..., I, through the CALL statement; prints the input data and the two arrays. Atternative sets of routines carry out the same pur; see using Stokes' second—and third-order equations.

The following four programs, dealing with spectra, were adapted (wich permission) from the Share program G1 BE TISR, written at Bell Laboratories by M.J.R. Healy, 1962: DLTRND removes the mean, or the mean and linear trend (slope) from a time series X(I), I=1,N; AUTCOV computes the autocovariance, Y(K), K=0,L, of the time series X(I), I=1,N; CRSCOV computes the auto- and cross-covariances, ZXX(K), etc., of the two sequences X(I), Y(I), I=1,N, for lags from 0 to L; FOURTR computes either the sine or cosine transform, Y(K), Y(I), Y(I),

PROFILE computes and plots the wave profile given a spectrum (in the form of the Fourier coefficients). Output: A printer plot (on a printer with a 132-character line) of eta vs. t.

REFLI computes and prints water surface profiles for the partial (two-dimensional) reflection of a linear (small-amplitude) wave from a structure.

FORCE AND MOMENT computes the total force and moment (about the base, or "mud line") on a circular cylindrical pile as a function of time, using linear theory integrated to the actual water surface. A table of F and  $M_{\rm O}$  vs. t is printed out.

EDIST computes the force distribution on a pile, using linear theory. Prints out the data and the force distribution as a function of time.

Listed and documented in Hydrodynamics Laboratory Technical Note No. 13, "Water Wave Teaching ids," by R.H. Cross, Sept. 1984.

Department of Civil Engineering Copy on file at NODC (above report)
Massachusetts Irstitute of Technology
Cambridge, MA 02139

# AIR-SEA INTERACTION AND HEAT BUDGET

Markovian Analysis of TDF-14 Wind Data

Language- PL/1 Optimizer Hardware - IBM 370-180/260K bytes (characters)

Produces 9 x 9 and 33 x 33 matrices of wind transition probabilities for user-supplied interval. Assumes wind can be modeled as a Markov process, in which likelihood of wind speed and direction in next interval depends only on current wind speed and direction. Input: TDF-14 formatted tapes of hourly and three-hourly weather station data, available from National Climatic Center, Asheville, NC 28801. Output: Wind transition matrices by season, steady-state probabilities, distribution of wind speed by direction. See publication MITSG 74-20, "Primary, Physical Impacts of Offshore Petroleum Development," by Stewart and Devanney, MIT Sea Grant Project Office, April 1974.

J.W. Devanney III Available from originator only Massachusetts Institute of Technology Room 5-207
Cambridge, MA 02139 Telephone (617) 253-5941

Summarizes Weather Reports

Language - FORTRAN (ALGOL input routine) Hardware - Burroughs 6700/Less than 20K words

Processes synoptic marine radio weather reports to produce summaries of various items, by month. The validity of the data is checked against long-term mean values. Input: Disk files prepared separately from punched cards. Output: Printed summaries by one-, two-, and five-degree quadrangles, of sea and air temperatures, heat budget information, and barometric pressure; also punched cards for selected summary items.

A.J. Good Available from originator only
Southwest Fisheries Center
National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA
P.O. Box 271
La Jolla, CA 92037 Telephone (714) 453-2820, ext. 325

Pyranometer and Radiometer Time Series RAD

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 6400/53K words

Converts pyranometer and new radiometer readings to radiant intensity. Input: Cards with punched values of time, voltage values from a net radiometer, pyranometer, humidity sensor, air thermistor, wind speed detecter, and values of sea-surface temperature. Output: Listing of the above values converted to proper units plus computed values of net solar radiation, evaporative and conductive fluxes, total flux, effective back radiation, transmittance, solar altitude, and albedo.

R.K. Reed
Pscific Marine Environmental
Laboratory, NOAA
3711 Fifteenth Avenue N.E.
Seattle, WA 98105

Available from originator only

Telephone (206) 442-0199

Ocean Climatology Analysis Model 'ANALYS

Language - FORTRAN
Hardware - CDC 1604/16K 48 bit words/Drum/
3 tape units

Produces monthly climatological data fields. Input: Synoptic fields, first-guess climatology field. Uses a Laplacian relaxation technique. Computer Applications, Inc., Tech. Report,

"Documentation of Subroutine ANALYS," by J.N. Perdue.

Kevin M. Rabe Environmental Prediction Research Facility Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA 93940 Available from originator only

Telephone (408) 646-2842

Hurricane Heat Potential Model

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6500/20K 60 bit words/Varian Plotter optional

Computes the hurricane heat potential using the station temperature profiles in the form of punched cards in 4-D format. Output: a profile plot, hurricane heat potential, final Varian plot of area with all heat potentials plotted. Thesis by LCDR Shuman.

Kevin M. Rabe Environmental Prediction Research Facility Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA 93940 Available from originator only

Telephone (408) 646-2842

Mixed Layer Depth Analysis Model MEDMLD

Language - FORTRAN/COMPASS
Hardwarn - CDC 3100/CDC 3200/32K 24 bit words/
Drum/3 tape units

Generates an analyzed mixed layer depth field using ship reports and a first-guess field in the form of an adjusted climatological MLD field. The program uses a Laplacian analysis and relaxation scheme to generate the final field. Output: An analyzed mixed layer depth field on a synoptic basis. EPRF Programming Note 7, "Mediterranean Mixed Layer Depth Analysis Program MEDMLD," by A.E. Anderson, Jr.

Sigurd Larson Environmental Prediction Research Facility Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA 93940

Available from originator only

Telephone (408) 646-2868

Atmospheric Water Content Model

Language FORTRAN (CDC 3100 MSoS; Hardware - CDC 3100/12K octal words (24 bit)/ 15K octal words with system (MSOS)

Computes total grams of water present in atmospheric column surrounding ascent of radiosonde. The method used is based on Smithsonian tables and formulae. Compressibility of moist air is assumed equal to one. Output: Various intermediate values plus geometric height and total quantity of water in grams.

T. Laevastu or A. Stroud Environmental Prediction Research Facility Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA 93940 Available from originator only

Telephone (408) 646-2937

Ocean-Atmospheric Feedback Model

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - CDC 6500/70K 60 bit words

Simulates the response of the surface air to sea-surface properties and also the processes of

mesoscale feedback mechanisms. EPRF Tech. Paper 2-72, "The Effects of Oceanic Fronts on Properties of the Atmospheric Boundary Layer," by T. Laevastu, K. Rabe, and G.D. Hamilton.

Kevin M. Rabe **Environmental Prediction** Research Facility Naval Postgraduare School Monterey. CA 93940

Available from originator only

Telephone (408) 646-2842

Wind Computation from Ship Observations TRUWIND

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 1604/16K 48 bit words

Calculates the crue wind direction in degrees and speed in knots, given the direction and speed of the ship and the observed wind direction and speed. EPRF Program Note 16, "Program TRUWIND," by Baldwin van der Bijl.

> Taivo Lagvastu **Environmental Prediction** Resear h Facility Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA 93940

Available from originator only

Telephone (408) 646-2937

Mie Scattering Computations

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3800/CDC 6600/32K

Uses Mie scattering theory to compute the angular distribution of scattered radiation from spherical particles, for a range of values of index of refraction and size parameter  $\alpha=2\pi r/\lambda$ (where  $r = particle radius and <math>\lambda = wavelength of incident radiation)$ .

> James W. Fitzgerald Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375

Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 767-2362

Solar Radiation Conversion

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Averages :he radiation readings from the Eppley pyrheliometer and Beckman-Whitley radiometer for every 15 minutes. Converts from NV to Langleys/min. and calculates net radiation from both instruments. A modification of this program was made to include a Thornthwaite net radiometer. Authors - S.M. Lazanoff; modified by Mary E. Myers.

> Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373

Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Wind Stress

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Determines wind stress on the ocean surface. OS No. 53462. Author - W.H. Gemmill.

Available from originator only

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Two-Dimensional Power Spectrum for SWOP II

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074 Determination of spectrum associated with the spatial distribution of energy as obtained from an instantaneous picture of the ocean taken from aircraft (SWOP II). OS NO.: 3484. Author - C.M. Winger.

Pita Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator -nly

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Prediction of Vertical Temperature Change

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074/Beason-Lehner Plonter

A technique based primarily on heat budget and wind mixing calculations has been developed for predicting the vertical thermal structure of the occan; the technique essentially modifies the initial thermal structure through incident solar radiation, back radiation, sensible and evaporative heat exchange, convective heat transfer in the water mass, and wind mixing. Predictions are made at six-hour intervals until 12002 on the date of forecast. The predicted BT is printed out, and also can be plotted with a Benson-Lehner Model J plotter. Authors - W.H. Gemmill and D.B. Nix. Informal manuscript report 1MR No. 0-42-65, Oct. 1965. (See also IMR No. 0-45-65 by B. Thompson and IMR No. 0-13-66 by Barnett and Amstutz.) Program listings separate from reports.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Copy on file at NODC (Above reports 0-42-65 and 0-45-65; also listings)
Telephone (301) 763-1449

Cloud Cover and Daily Sea Temperature

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Divides cloud cover into three groups and computes mean temperature by hour of day and by day for each depth. OS No. 53414. Author - D.B. Nix.

Pata Systems Office U.S. Naval Ocean graphic Office Washington, DC 205/3 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

# ICE

Sea Ice Studies
YARIT, FLIP, SALPR, RITE

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 7090-94

A generalized program with several options that allow considerable latitude in the specification of input and output data. A main program reads in the input data and summarizes the results of each year's integration. Subroutine YARIT calculates the temperature and thickness changes of the ice and snow for each time step during the year. Subroutine FLIP takes the monthly values of the independent energy fluxes at the upper boundary and produces smoothed values for each time step. Subroutine SALPR calculates the salinity profile for each time step. Finally, subroutine RITE writes the temperature profile, ice thickness and mass changes for each ten-day period throughout the year. Memorandum RM-6093-PR, "Numerical Prediction of the Thermodynamic Response of Arctic Sea Ice to Environmental Changes," by G.A. Maykut and N. Untersteiner, Nov. 1969. Prepared for U.S. Air Force Project Rand.

The Rand Corporation 1700 Main Street Santa Honica, CA 90406 Available from NTIS, Order No. Ad 698 733/LK, \$7.00 paper, \$2.25 microfiche.

Wind Drift and Concentration of Sea Ice ICEGRID MODIFIED

Language - FORTRAN 60 Hardware - IBM 1604

Taken into consideration the effects of melting on the production of five-day forecasts of the wind drift and concentration of sea ice, using equations after Zubov and an earlier program of Knodie. Uses a 26x21 grid-point array with variable scale. Output fields are concentration, direction, and distance of movement. Incorporates programs ICEMELT and ICEGRID. Thesis by Kenneth M. Irvine, 1965.

Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA 93940 Available from NTIS, Order. No. AD 475 252/LK, \$4.25 paper, \$2.25 microfiche.

Iceberg Drift ICE-PLOT

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 3300/31K words

Provides twelve hours of iceberg drift, iceberg input for Ice Bulletin, and map outline for FAX broadcast. Input: Twelve-hour average wind field, monthly surface current, and initial iceberg position (or previous, updated position if not a new berg). Output: Listing of new iceberg positions, Ice Bulletin message form, and map of approximate new iceberg positions. Vector addition of average winds and currents using four geographical "courses," twenty minutes (lat./long.) apart.

CDR A.D. Super Available from originator only International Ice Patrol
U.S. Coast Guard
Bldg. 110, Coast Guard Support Center
Governors Island, NY 10004 Telephone (212) 264-4798

Ice Drift Analysis/Forecast

Language - FORTRAN II Hardware - CDC 160A/8K 12 bit words/3 tape

Forecast or analyzed geostrophic winds and average sea-surface currents on magnetic tape are required input. The geostrophic winds are averaged over the time period specified by type-writer input. The ice drift equations are applied to the resultant wind, and sea surface currents are added. Output is in the form of forecast or analyzed ice drift (movement) at predetermined locations (pointr) to a maximum of 207.

Lt. Roland A. Garcia, USN Fleet Weather Facility Suitland Suitland, MD 20373 Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)
Telephone (301) 763-5972

#### SOUND

Normal Mode Calculations NORMOD3

Language - FORTRAN IV
Hardware - CDC 6500/60K octal words/CalComp
or other plotter

Calculates discrete normal modes and resulting propagation loss for depths and ranges of interest. This is a deep water version of a program originally written by Newman and Ingenito (NRL Report No. 2381, 1972). Appropriate for deep profiles and moderate frequencies (~100 Hz), the program uses a finite difference technique to generate mode shapes from the bottom up to the surface. It searches for appropriate eigenvalues yielding proper number of zero crossings and zero pressure at the surface. NOL Tech. Report 74-95.

Ira M. Blatstein Naval Surface Weapons Center White Oak Silver Spring, MD 20910 Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 394-2583

Horizontal Range

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 6400

Computes horizontal range from a receiver to a sound source as a function of the D/E angle, the sound speed profile, the source and receiver depths, and the water depth and bottom slope at the point of bottom reflection. Assumes that the surface is flat, no horizontal variations in sound speed profile, and a flat earth. Only the two-dimensional case is considered. NOL Tech. Note 9856.

M. M. Coate Naval Surface Weapons Center Code 221 White Oak Silver Spring, MD 20910

Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 394-2334

Sound Scattering by Organisms

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - CDC 1604/16K 48 bit words

Simulates the scattering of sound by organisms of various shapes and dimensions.

Taivo Laevastu Environmental Prediction Research Facility Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA 93940

Available from originator only

Telephone (408) 646-2937

Normal Mode Propagation Model

Language - FORTIAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/Drum

Produces propagation loss as a function of range and depth, time history of received pulses, mode enhancement information, ray equivalents, group velocity, phase velocity of modes, using as input sound velocity profiles, frequency, source and releiver depths, bottom topography and composition, and selection of modes. For certain plots, pl cting programs are required. NUSC Report 4887-II.

William G. Kanabis Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320

Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2353

Sound Refraction Corrections FITIT

The first series managed to be the great level of the first of the

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3300

Computes data and fits polynomial functions to variable used to correct for bending of non-reflecting, nonvertexing sound rays. Least-squared-error type fitting (stepwise regression not used, but would improve program). Input: Sound velocity profile, limits of integration, domain of polynomial. Output: First to fifth degree polynomials, accuracy of FIT.

A.E. Vaas Naval Underwater Systems Center Newport, RI 02840 Available from originator only

Telephone (401) 841-3435

Beam Patterns and Widths GBEAM

Language - FORTRAN V
Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/18K words/IGS Plotting
System

Computes beam patterns and their beam widths for three-dimensional array with arbitrary element spacings, taking into consideration individual element's directionality, selectable delay, and shading. Also calculates directivity index and/or reverberation index. Formulation based on three-dimensional spherical and solid geometry. Directivity index and reverberation index calculations are carried out by two-dimensional parabolic numerical integration. N.SC Technical Report 4687.

Ding Lee or Gustave A. Leibiger Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771

Statistics of Acoustic Measurements and Predictions - STAMP

Language - FORTRAN V

Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/60K variable

A general purpose processing program which includes a module for performing statistics of acoustic measurements and predictions. Storage requirement is variable; program is segmented. 60K is the maximum. User's Guide in preparation.

Richard B. Lauer Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2827

Propagation Loss FAST FIELD PROGRAM Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Calculates underwater acoustic propagation loss as a function of range for a point monochromatic source in a medium with an arbitrary sound speed profile versus depth. Special input-output requirement: Sound speed profile fitting program. NUSC Report Nos. 1046 and 4103.

Frederick R. DiNapoli Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2647

Bottom Reflectivity

Language - FORTRAN II Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Computes three acoustic reflection coefficients as a function of incident angle and frequency. The program accounts for differences in path length, depth of source and receivers, water bottom slope, velocity gradient, and recorded travel time. USL Tech. Memo. Nos. 913-4-5 and 907-144-65. The later report also serves to document a supplemental program (USL No. 0429, in FORTRAN) for computing means and standard deviations of the three reflection coefficients. Program No. 0289.

R. Whittaker Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Copy on file t NOWE (listing, documentation)

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2316

Pattern Function Calculations

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

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Computes transducer pattern functions needed in the sonar equations when estimating search performance of acoustic torpedoes. The desired parameters include the transmit and receive directivity indexes and the volume and boundary reverberation indexes. In a vehicle employed in circular search, the reverberation indexes are functions of turn rate and elapsed time in the ping cycle. The output is used by the "Sonar in Refractive Water" program. Report AP-PROG-C-7035, "Pattern Function Calculations," by Herbert S. Kaplan, Associated Aero Science Laboratories, Inc., Pasadena, for NUSC, Apr. 1967.

Naval Undersea Center Pasadena Laboratory 3202 E. Foothill Blvd. Pasalena, CA 91107 Copy on file at NODC (above report)

Rayleigh-Morse Bottom Reflection Coefficients 'anguage - FORTRAN V RAYMOR Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Computes Rayleigh-Morse bottom reflection coefficients, also phase changes of the reflected and transmitte: acoustic wave. Author - J.C. Reeves.

Naval Undersea Center Pasadena Laboratory 3202 E. Foothill Blvd. Pasadena, CA 91107 Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Light and Sound Instruction D

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Computes the convergence zone parameters using the  $V_{\rm X}$  method (equations of Donald Cole), by one-degree quadrangle, by month, and by season. OS No. 20112. Author - M.C. Church.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Propagation Loss S1587 Language - FORTRAN V
Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/CalComp or StrombergCarlson 4060 plotter

Produces printed tables and plotted contours of single-frequency near-surface propagation loss. NUSC/NL Technical Memorandum No. 2070-356-70 and memo serial PA4-101, 2 May 1973.

T.A. Garrett Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2991

AMOS Propagation Loss \$1797 Language - FORTRAN V
Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/Stromberg-Carlson
4060 plotter

Computes and plots AMOS and modified AMOS propagation loss as a function of range, frequency, or depth. NUSC Technical Memorandum PA4-225-71 and memo serial PA4-101, 2 May 1973.

T.A. Garrett Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2991

#### SOUND VELOCITY

Sound Speed Computation Model

Language - FORTRAN

SOVEL

Hardware - CDC 3100/CDC 3200/CDC 1604/32K 14 bit words/1 tape unit

Computes sound speed from salinity-temperature-depth data. EPRF Program Note 10, "Program SOVEL," by T. Laevastu.

> Taivo Laevastu Environmental Prediction Research Facility Naval Postgraduate School

Monterey, CA 93940

Available from originator only

Telephone (403) 646-2937

Sound Velocity SONVEL

Language - FORTRAN IV-H Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

Subroutine computes the speed of sound in seawater from the temperature, salinity, and pressure, according to W.D. Wilson's formulas.

> Mary Runt Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution

Available from originator only

Woods Hole, MA 02543

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Sound Velocity: Wilson's Formula WLSND, SVELFS, VELPRS

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - IBN: 360-Co/2218 bytes (object form)

Computes sound velocity using Wilson's equations. WLSND is used when pressure is computed from depth and FS is computed from salinity. SVELFS is used when pressure is computed from depth and FS is the entering argument; in this case, 73 is usually computed in SIGMAT. VELPRS is used when pressure is not computed but is an entering argument; atmospheric pressure is included; successive computation starting at the ocean is not necessary here. Author - Robert Van Wie.

> Oceanographic Selvices Branch National Oceanographic Data Center

Copy on file at NODC

NOAA/EDS Washington, DC 20235

Telephone (202) 634-7439

Depth Correctio:

M.TCOR

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/1419 32 bit words

Calculates Jepth correction fc. sound velocity using Matthews' tables. Established coefficients are used to approximate Matthews' tables. The Matthews' table number 1-52 must be specified.

Robert C. Groman

Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution

Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Sound Velocity

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/6,100 36 bit words

Adjusts sound velocity values for marine sediments, as recovered from laboratory velocine: -r,

to in situ conditions of temperature, pressure, and salinity. Wilson's formula for sound speed in water is used to apply corrections.

Joseph Kravitz U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Copy on file at NODC (deck with documentation)

Telephone (202) 433-2490

Sonic Velocities through Solid Samples DSDP/SONHAM

Language - ALGOL. Hardware - Burroughs 6700/7K words

Computes sonic velocities through solid samples from technicisms' data taken from a Hamilton frame device (Dr. Edwin R. Hamilton, Naval Undersea Center, San Diego, CA 92132), and interprets a key associated with each sample which defines its origin. Input: One card file for the velocity data and key, and another card file for interpreting the key. Output: Listing with option for punched cards; listing includes five superimposed histograms of velocities at different levels of refinement.

Peter B. Woodbury Deep Sea Drilling Project Box 1529 La Jolla, CA 92037

Available from originator only

Telephone (714) 452-3256

Light and Sound Instruction B

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Computes the harmonic mean sound velocity, travel time, and correction ratio at 100-fathom depth intervals by one-degree square. OS No. 20111. Author ~ M.C. Church.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

# SOUND - RAY PATH

Continuous Gradient Ray Tracing System CONGRATS

Language ~ FORTAN V
Hardware ~ UNIVAC 1108/50K 36 bit words/Disk
drum with 250K words/2 tape
units/CalComp ?lotter

Draws ray diagrams, computes eigenrays, and calculates propagation loss and reverberation. Uses ray tracing method in which sound speed is represented as a function of depth with a continuous gradient, and the ray equations can be integrated in closed form. Input: Sound speed profile, bottom profile, sonar and target geometry, frequency, beam patterns, pulse length (number of these required depends on output desired). Output: Ray diagrams, propagation loss vs. range, pulse shape at a point, reverberation vs. time. NUSL Report No. 1052, "CONGRATS I: Ray Plotting and Eigenray Generation" by H. Weinberg, Oct. 1969; NUSL Report No. 1069, "Continuous Gradient Ray Tracing System (CONGRATS) II: Eigenray Processing Programs," by J.S. Cohen and L.T. Einstein, Feb. 1970; NUSC Peport No. 4071, "Continuous Gradient Ray Tracing System (CONGRATS) III: Boundary and Volume Reverberation," by J.S. Cohen and H. Weinberg, April 1971; and other reports.

Henry Weinberg or Jeffrey S. Cohen Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2589 or 2989

Acoustic Performance and Evaluation - Digigraphics, APE-DIGI Language - FORTRAN
Hardware - CDC 3300/64K/CDC 274 Digigraphics
console, controller, software

The model simulates and displays, on a real time basis, the acoustic propagation characteristics of any given ocean medium including ray paths, intensity loss vs. range curves, and isoloss contours. Includes provisions for transducer patterns, target characteristics, and certain receiving circuit characteristics. Input: Ocean profile (SUP, BT), operating frequency, do levels for iso-loss contours. Graphic and tabular output. The math model employed is a substantial extension of an ORL program and is based on the theory of ray-path acoustics as presented in "Physics of Sound in the Sea" and a work by Officer; also included are the works of Schulkin and Marsh for adsorption coefficients, Wilson for sound velocity calculations, and two Vitro Laboratory studies of Torpedo MK48 acoustic performance. NUSC TO 130, "Operation Procedures for Exercising the Acoustic Performance and Evaluation-Digigraphics Simulation Model (APE-DIGI)," July 1971.

Ronald P. Kasik Naval Underwater Systems Center Newport, RI 02840 Available from originator only

Telephone (401) 841-3435

Ray Path SO434B Language - FORTRAN
Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/30K/CalComp Plotter

Produces plots of travel vs. range for D, SR, BR, SRB, BRS, SBSR, BSBR paths, grazing angles for first three buttom bounce paths. Estimates ray paths and travel times by approximating true profile with linear segmented profile. Input: Source, receiver configuration, velocity profile, and plot requirements.

Peter D. Herstein Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telepione (203) 442-0771, ext. 2305

Critical Acoustic Ratio

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Determination of critical ratio of trigonometric functions of acoustic angles involved in connection with the convergence interval for a 3-layer model of the ocean. OS No. 53483. Author - C.H. Winger.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

GRASS Underwater Acoustics Prediction System Language - FORTRAN 63 Hardware - CDC 3800/Drum Scope 2.1 CalComp Plotter

DTSTOV DTSTOV 7,679 48 bit words VFC 20,832 48 bit words 27,452 48 bit words **CTOUR** PRFPLT 11,622 48 bit words SERPENT 36,784 48 bit words 12,118 48 bit words RAPLOT LOSSPIOT LOSSPLOT 19.543 48 bit words

DTSTOV converts salinity, temperature, and depth (STD) data to sound speed profiles, using Leroy's second equation (Eq. [7] in J. Acoust. Soc. Am. 46: 216-226, [1969]). Input: cards and data-identifying parameters. Output: Profile ranges, latitudes, longitudes, depths, temperatures, salinities, and sound speeds punched and/or printed. Pressures may be printed as an option.

VFC is used: To examine input bottom-topography and sound speed data for consistence and physical meaningfulness; to extend all input sound speed profiles to the ocean bottom; to perform earth curvature corrections; to determine derivatives of sound speed data. Two-dimensional sound speed field is modeled using a combination of cubic spline and linear interpolation schemes. Input: Bottom topography in the form of non-uniformly spaced range-depth pairs; sound speed profiles (possibly generated by DTSTOV); program control parameters and data identification numbers. Output: A magnetic tape (coefficient tape) containing corrected and extended sound speed profiles and their first and second derivatives and bottom topography; a printer listing and printer plots of input and output profiles.

CTOUR generates three-dimensional isometric and contour plots of the sound speed fields. The program interpolates value of sound speed at each point using a combination of cubic spline and linear interpolation schemes, then calls contouring and isometric plotting routines. Input: Magnetic (coefficient) tape generated by VFC; contour levels, control parameters, and grid specifications. Output: A CalComp contour and three-dimensional isometric plot of the sound speed field; a printer listing of contour levels and values of sound speed at grid intersections.

PRFPLT generates CalComp plots of sound speed profiles. The vertical gradients and curvatures corresponding to a profile are plotted on the same graph as its sound speeds. A cubic spline interpolation scheme is used. Input: Magnetic (coefficient) tape generated by VFC, program control and data identification numbers on cards. Output: CalComp plots showing input data points and effect of interpolation in depth.

SERPENT traces rays through a two-dimensional range and depth dependent sound speed field bounded by a flat surface and variable bottom topography; calculates random, coherent, and statistical intensities for multiple receivers at user-selected ranges and depths. An iterative ray tracing scheme is used based upon expansion of ray depth, range, and sine in terms of an increment of ray arc length. Iteration step size depends upon sound speed field in rays' vicinity. Input: Coefficient tape from VFC and cards containing source information, receiver information, surface information, output requests, parameters governing ray iteration, run identification information, and bottom loss data. Output: A magnetic tape containing ray statistics (optional), a magnetic tape containing transmission loss information (optional), a printer listing of ray information, transmission loss information, etc.

RAPLOT generates CalComp ray plots (ray depth vs. range from ray source). Input: The ray statistics plot generated by SERPENT, control parameters on cards which select the number of plots to be generated, the rays to be displayed on each plot, the plot size, scaling parameters, etc. Output: Labeled CalComp plots showing rays and bottom profile and a printer listing of input and control parameters.

and the properties and the contraction of the contr

LOSSPLOT generates Calcomp plots of transmission loss vs. range. Calculated and experimental values of transmission loss may be dirplayed on the same plot. Input: Transmission loss tape generated by SERPENT; control parracters and graph titles on cards; experimental measurements or theoretical values of transmission loss on cards. Output: Labeled Calcomp plots of transmission loss vs. range. If requisted, plots will display random, coherent, and statistical losses together with input experimental data or theoretical curves.

"GRASS: A Digital Computer Ray Training and Transmission Less Prediction System, Vol. 1 - Over-all description," NRL Report 7 21, Dec. 1973;"...Vol. 2 - User's Manual," NRL Report 7642, Dec. 1973.

John J. Cornyn, Jr. Naval Research Laboratory Code 5493C Washington, DC 20375 Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 767-3585

Sonar in Refractive Water

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/30K words

Traces sound rays, computes reverberation, computes acquisition laminae (vertical plane), in a linear gradient or continuous gradient medium. Output: Tape to be used by program RAY SORT. NUC Technical Publication No. 164, "Digital Computer Programs for Analyzing Acoustic Scarcl. Performance in Refractive Waters," by Philip Marsh and A.B. Poynter, Dec. 1969, two volumes. NUC Programs 800000 and 800001. See also NEWFIT and Pattern Function Calculations which prepare input for this program.

Naval Undersea Center Pasadena Laboratory 3202 E. Foothill Blvd. Pasadena, CA 91107 Available from NTIS, Order . . AD 863 777 and AD 863 778, \$6.00 each volume in paper, \$2.25 each volume in microfiche.

Sorts Sound Ray Data RAY SORT

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/31K (450 instructions)

Sorts certain sound ray data (from tape written by the "Sonar in Refractive Water" program) by depth, initial ray angle, and depth-intersection number. (See reference for above program)

Naval Undersea Center Pasadena Laboratory 3202 E. Foothill Blvd. Pasadena, CA 91107 Available from NTIS: See "Sonar in Refractive Water."

Acoustic Ray Tracing

Language - FORTRAN II Hardware - IBM 7090

Calculates underwater sound propagation. Program requires input which describes the source, the field, the surface, and the bottom. Output is a report on magnetic tape which gives ray path, slope, curvature, and length. Also given are reflection and extrema statistics, travel time, wave front curvature, and intensity. Technical Report No. 1470764.

Trident/ASW Library Arthur D. Little, Inc. 35 Acorn Park Cambridge, MA 02140 Available from NTIS, Order No. AD 605 328, \$4.75 paper, \$2.25 microfiche. Ray Tracing

Language - FORTRAN/Klerer-May USER language Hardware -

A series of 19 programs for the calculation of the acoustical field in long-range (several hundred to several thousand miles), low-frequency underwater sound propagation in the deep ocean. Involves the calculation of ray trajectories, and intensity calculations that are based on the mapping of ray densities into the far-acoustical field. Input from NODC data tapes or from Fleet Numerical Weather Central cards. Technical Report 150, "The Hudson Laboratories Ray Tracing Program," by H. Davis, H. Fleming, W.A. Hardy, R. Miningham, and S. Rosenbusm, June 1968. "Reference Manual," by M. Klerer and J. May, Hudson Laboratories, Revised July 1965; manual reprinted in above report.

中で記事を記される (Anni Paris ) 「 Anni Paris | Ann

The Hudson Laboratories of Columbia University 145 Palisade Street Dobbs Ferry, NY 10522 Available from NTIS: Order No. AD 678 759, \$10.00 paper, \$2.25 microfiche.

RAYTRACE

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/CalComp plotter

RAYTRACE is a straightforward, easy-to-use acoustic ray tracing program which produces a plot and a listing. The user specifies a single-valued velocity profile, source depth, maximum range, a range increment at which points are computed and the length of the plot axes in inches. All axis scaling and labeling is done automatically. The discrete velocity profile supplied is smoothed by linear interpolation. Rays are constructed as arcs of circles between profile depths. At surface and bottom rays are reflected according to the equal angle law. Any number of rays with different initial angles measured from the horizontal may be plotted. In addition to the plot output, RAYTRACE produces the following printed output for each ray at integral multiples of the specified range increment: (1) range; (2) depth of ray at that range; (3) angle of the tangent to the ray at that range measured from the horizontal; (4) total travel time from the source to that range along the ray; (5) total distance from the source to that range along the ray; the range is set to that of the vertex, an output point is computed, and incrementing of output range continues from that of the vertex. Originally written by C. Olmstead, the program has been modified by Bergstrom, Fink, M. Jones, and R.C. Spindel.

Woods Hole Oceanographic Institu- Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation) tion
Woods Hole, MA 62543

## NAVIGATION AND CHARTING

Plots Maps, Grids, Tracks

Language - FORTRAN IV
Hardw.re - IBM 360-65/CalComp, Houston Omnigraphic, or Gerber plotter/2 tape
units

Generates a plot tape to draw a map according to the user's specifications of latitude and longitude, projection, kind of grid, and size of map. Projection options: Mercator, Miller, square, cylindrical stereographic, Lambert equal-area cylindrical, sinusoidal equal-area, flat-polar sinusoidal equal-area, Mollweide homolographic, and Lambert Conic Conformal. Grid lines and coastal lines are drawn at the user's option; if coastal lines are plotted, a land mass data tape is needed. There is an entry which returns (x, y) plotter coordinates for latitude and longitude of a point, enabling the user to plot station positions, ship's track, etc.

PROPERTY CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF CONTROL O

Ruth McMath Department of Oceanography Texas A&A University College Station, TX 77843 Available from originator only

Telephone (713) 845-7432

Astronomic Position, Azimuth Method

Language - FORTRAN IV (H cr G) Hardware - IEM 360-65/38K bytes

Calculates the latitude and longitude of an astronomic observation station, given measured horizontal angles between stars and fixed mark along with observation times. A set of observation equations is solved by the method of least squares to obtain corrections to assumed values of latitude, longitude, and the azimuth of the reference mark, as well as probable errors for these three quantities. The adjustment is iterated five times or until the corrections become less than 0.005 seconds, either of which causes a program halt. Output: A table of input information and a record of the process of refinement for each set of station data read in. A previous version of this program was written in ALGOL for the Burroughs 220, in single precision. Author - Spencer Roedder.

Computer Center Division N:S. Geological Survey National Center Reston, VA 22092 Copy on file at NODC (deck, documentation)

Telephone (703) 860-7106

Satellite Rise and Set Times ALERT, ASORT

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 1130/5836 words (ALERT), 12040 words (ASORT)

Calculates the rise and set times and time of closest approach of satellites. Output: Listing of ALERT information and punched cards for next program, ASORT sorts the output of rise times of satellites from program ALERT into chronological order. A listing is printed on the IBM 1132. FRB Manuscript Report No. 1071, by C.A. Collins, R.L.K. Tripe, and S.K. Wong, Dec. 1969.

Pacific Biological Station Fisheries Research Board of Canada P. O. Box 100 Nanaimo, B. C. V9R 5K6 Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Satellite Navigation

Language - FORTRAN/Assembler Hardware - IBM 1800

A set of programs for various aspects of sattellite navigation. The programs fall naturally into two sections: those involved in the on-line reduction of data from the satellite, and those involved in the analysis, both on-line and off-line. NIO Report N. 20, Aug. 1969.

Mational Institute of Oceanography Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation) Wormley, Godalming, Surrey, England

Loran/Decca Coordinates Calculation

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 1800

Given a Decca, Loran-A. or Loran-C fix, calculates the latitude and longitude. The method for a hyperbolic system with separate master is used for all cases. The constants for the hyperboloids are calculated in meters for both Loran and Decca, thus allowing a fix to be calculated if one Loran reading and one Decca reading are known. NIO Program No. 165. Uses SDANO and other subroutines. Author - M. Fasham.

National Institute of Oceanography Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation) Wormley, Godalming, Surrey, England

Loran/Decca File Initialization

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 1800

Given input data on a master-slave pair, HNV1 calculates certain geodetic values and stores them on a tape file for later use by program HNAV. NIO Program No. 164. Author - M. Fasham.

Mational Institute of Oceanography Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation) Wormley, Godalming, Surrey, England

Geodetic Distance and Azimuth SDANO

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 1800

Given the geographical coordinates of two points, this subroutine calculates the geodetic distance and azimuths between them. Based on the method of E.S. Sodano for a non-iterative solution of the inverse and direct geodetic problems. NIO Program Nc. 46. Author - M. Fasham.

National Institute of Oceanography Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation) Wormley, Godalming, Surrey, England

General Map Projection

Language - MAD Hardware - IBM 7090/CalComp 763 plotter

Conversion or generation of latitude and longitude values to map projection coordinates. Includes all commonly employed projections of sphere. Oblique cases may be automatically obtained. Author - W.R. Tobler.

Department of Geography University of Michigan Ann Arbor, MI 48104 Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Finite Map Projection Distortions

Language - MAD Hardware - IBM 7090

Programs and subroutines to estimate the errors introduced by the substitution of map projection coordinates for spherical coordinates. Statistical computations of finite distortion are related to Tissot's indicatrix as a general contribution to the analysis of map projections. Technical Report No. 3, "Geographical Coordinate Computations, Part II," by W.R. Tobler, Dec. 1964.

Department of Geography The University of Michigan Ann Arbor, MI 48104 Copy on file at NODC (above report)

Plots Mercator Grid

CHART

Michigan and Charles States of the Control of the C

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - IBM 1800/16K words/Plotter

Produces Mercator grid on 30-inch drum or flatbed plotter, with various scale and tick mark options. Input: Card defining upper right coordinate of chart.

Michael Moore

Available from originator only

Scripps Institution of Oceanography

P.O. Box 1529

La Jolla, CA 92037

Telephone (714) 452-4194

Navigational Satellite Passes

ALRTX

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - IBM 1800/16K words

Given satellite orbital parameters and station description cards, produces listing of satellite passes to occur for a given area and time.

Michael Moore

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Loran or Omega Conversion

GEPOS

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - HP 2100S/Keyboard/Paper tape reader

Converts Loran-C or Omega information from line-of-position reading to geographic coordinates or geographic coordinates to line-of-position, using method described in Naval Oceanographic Office Informal Report NO. N-3-64 by A.C. Campbell. Input: Line-of-position readings, time, date, initialization parameters; designed to process EPSCO 4010 data logger paper tapes. Output: Listings of converted geographic coordinates and magnetic tape vath same data in a format compatible with plotting program TMERC.

Chris Polloni

Available from originator only

Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution

Woods Hole, MA 02543

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Cruise Track

TMERC

Language - FORTRAN I"

Hardware - HP 3100A/16K words/Keyboard/CalComp

Plotter

Draws a Mercator chart and cruise track from navigation data. Data format is fixed, compatible with program GEPOS. Input: Geographic coordinates and time (normally GMT).

Chris Polloni

Available from originator only

Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution

Woods Hole, MA 02543

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Transformation of Spherical Coordinates

ROTGUT

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/5,500 words

Performs various operations using transformation of spherical coordinates. Output: Rotation

about a pole, transformation to the new coordinate system, weighted or unweighted mean pole computation using Fisher's distribution, rotation for closest approach and pole of best smallcircle fit.

> Christine Wooding Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Sum of Finite Rotations on a Sphere SUMPOT

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

Using coordinate transformation, calculates the sum of finite rotations on a sphere. Requires the latitude and long'tude of the pole of rotation, and amount of rotation for each set. Output: Listing of the input rotations plus the resultant rotation and its tensor.

> Christine Wooding Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Loren Fix LRFIX

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - IBM 1800/16K words

Produces position fix from station position and reading pairs cards.

Michael Moore Scripps Institution of Oceanography Available from originator only

P.O. Box 1529

La Jolla, CA 92037

Telephone (714) 452-4194

Earth Spherical Subroutines ESTCH, ESTC2, ESTPL

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 1800

ESTCH converts earth spherical to plotter coordinates. Input: Decimal latitude and longitude. Output: Chart position for a call FPLOT (I, X, Y). ESTC2 converts earth spherical to plotter coordinates with inside check. Input and output: Same as ESTCH. CSTPL converts earth spherical to polar coordinates; not valid for over 200 miles, or over the poles. Input: Starting latitude and longitude, end latitude and longitude. Output: Distance (miles), angle (Jegrees) relative to true North (decimal units).

> Michael Moore Scripps Institution of Oceanography

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Telephone (714) 452-4194

Plan Course and Schedule CRUIS and Subroutines

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - IBM 1800/16K words

CRUIS is used to plan steaming and station time and fuel consumption. Subroutines: SAILB calculates the distance between two points by either great-circle sailing or Mercator sailing, whichever makes the most sense. SAILG calculates great-circle distance and courses: SAILM calculates rhumbline (Mercator) course and distance.

Michael Moore

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Scripps Institution of Oceanography

P.O. Box 1529 La Jolla, CA 92037

Telephone (714) 452-4194

Degree Conversions DEGFR, DEMI

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 1800

DEGFR converts integer degrees and real minutes to real degrees. DEMI converts decimal degrees to integer degrees and decimal minutes.

Michael Moore

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Available from originator only

Mercator Degrees DHRCT

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 1800

From latitude in degrees, gives Mercator projected latitude in degrees. Expansion (continued fraction) + 77 degrees.

Michael Moore

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P.O. Box 1529 La Jolla, CA 92037

Telephone (714) 452-4194

Magnetic Field Components

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 1800

MAGFI

Converts latitude (N+), Longitude (E+) to colatitude and east longitude. Input: Geoid latitude, longitude, date (years and decimals of a year). Output: Magnetic field (gammas), north component and east component of magnetic field, vertical component of magnetic field.

> Michael Hoore Available from originator only Scripps Institution of Oceanography

P.O. Box 1529 La Jolla, CA 92037

Telephone (714) 452-4194

Annotated Track on Stereographic Projection ANNOT

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - CDC 3600/3800/CalComp Plotter

Plots an annotated track (bathymetry or magnetics data) along a track (navigation) on a stereographic projection.

. James V. Massingill Environmental Sciences Section Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 26375

Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 767-2024

Annotates Chart

CORBT

Language - HP FORTRAN IV under RTE Hardware - HP 2100S/15K words

Reads position and bathymetry information from a disk file and annotates the depth on a Mercator chart at the position given. This is a revision of the bathymetry processing section of program OCEANO written by the NRL Propagation Branch.

Robert A. O'Brien, Jr.

Availsale from originator only

Shipboard Computing Group, Code 8003

Naval Research Laboratory

Washington, DC 20375

Telephone (202) 767-2387

Bathymetric or Magnetics Chart PROFL Language - HP FORTRAN IV under RTE Hardware - HP 2100S/10K words

Plots bathymeiric or magnetic data as a function of distance along track or distance on a Mercator chart. The data file (disk) is read, and the track length or chart distance is calculated. The dependent variable is then plotted against this value.

Robert A. O'Brien, Jr. Shipboard Computing Group, Code 8003 Maval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375

Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 767-2367

Mercator Chart Digitization ANTRK

Language - HP FORTRAN under RTE Hardware - HP 2100S/8K locations/Disk/ Summagraphic Digitizing Tablet

The operator digitizes the Mercator chart position, which the program converts to latitude and longitude; the annotated data value is then entered, and position and value are written on the disk. Input: Information to define chart and the output of a digitizing tablet.

Robert A. O'Brien, Jr. Shipboard Computing Group, Code 8003 Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375

Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 767-2387

Bathymetric Chart Digitization DJBTH

Language - HP FORTRAN IV under RTE Hardware - HP 21008/7200 locations/Disk/ Summagraphics digitizing tablet

Produces a disk file containing the digitized bathymetry values as a function of time; also messages to the operator. The program has automatic procedures for redefining the origin when the chart is shifted and when the recording instrument changes phase. Input: Control information necessary to define a coordinate axis and values from a digitizing tablet.

Robert A. O'Brien, Jr. Shipboard Computing Group, Code 8003 Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375

Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 767-2387

Plots on Stereographic Chart

Language - HP FORTRAN IV under RTE Hardware - HP 2100S

Reads a disk file containing bathymetry and position, then annotates the depth information on a stereographic projection chart at the position given. Modification of Woods Hole program.

Robert A. O'Brien, Jr. Shipboard Computing Group, Code 8003 Naval Research Laboratory

Washington, DC 20375

Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 767-2387

Plots Navigation Data OCEAN

Language - HP FORTRAN IV under RTE Hardware - HP 2100S/15K background words

Reads disk file containing navigation data and plots positions on Mercator chart. This is a revision of the navigation processing in program OCEANO written by the NRL Propagation Branch.

Robert A. O'Brien, Jr. Available from originator only Shipboard Computing Group, Code 8003 Naval Research Laboratory Telephone (202) 767-2387 Washington, DC 20375

Long Base Line Acoustic Tracking

Language - HP FORTRAN IV under RTE

Hardware - HP 2100S

Real-time local navigation using a bottom distributed acoustic transponder system. Will navigate the ship and a towed body. Input: Real-time data from the transponders giving ranges, depth of towed body; also requires a sound speed profile and location of the transponders. put: Position of ship and/or towed body; information is logged on magnetic tape.

> Available from originator only J. Dean Clamons Shipboard Computing Group, Code 8003 Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375 Telephone (202) 767-2024

FAA Plos

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/Concord Digital Plotter

Accepts three card images and a supplied set of FAA data cards as input. The output is a magnetic tape to drive the E-51, E-103, E-108 Concord Digital Plotters, using the echelon mode. The end ; roduct is a film positive with a plus symbol for the position of the FAA plots. The Mercator, transverse Mercator, and Lambert conic conformal projection with two standard parallels are the three projections which can be used to plot program outputs. O.S. No. 65652. Authors - Ronald M. Bolton and J. Parrinello.

Automated Cartography Office, Code NA Defense Mapping Agency Hydrographic Center Washington, DC 20390

Available from originator only

Distance and Azimuth CIRAZD

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Finds the distance and azimuth between two points on the earth's surface when the earth is assumed to be a sphere. If either pole is used for the center point, the angle given is with respect to grid north. By use of trigonometric identities and absolute value functions, this program avoids many of the computational problems usually found in distance computations. O.S. No. 55690. Author - Barry Turrett.

> Automated Cartography Office, Cods NA Ducense Mapping Agency **Hydrographic** Center Washington, DC 20390

Available from originator only

Parametric Map

Language - FORTRAN II Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Generates any hyperbolic navigation system by using parametric equations. Generates plotting coordinates for loran-A, loran-C, Omega, and Decca charts. Will process all lattice lines that fall within a specified geographic area. Can be displayed on any of the following map projections: Mercator, transverse Mercator, Lambert conformal conic, oblique Mercator, polyconic-O.S. No. 53012. Authors - R.A. Bolton, R.M. Bolton.

Automated Cartography Office, Code Available from originator only MA
Defense Mapping Agency
Hydrographic Center
Washington, DC 20390

Loran to Geographic and Geographic to Loran Conversion Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/15K words •

Computes a geographic fix, given two loran readings, or computes the time difference reading at a given point for any two specified loran pairs. Uses Sodano inverse method. Informal Manuscript Report IMR No. N~3-64.

Kay Fox Navigational Science Division Defense Mapping Agency Hydrographic Center Washington, DC 20390 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1184

Loran Coordinate Computation

Language - FORTRAN V Hariware - UNIVAC 1108/34K words

Computes charting coordinates along lines of latitude or longitude for loran hyperbolas at specified intervals. Uses Lambert's method of computing the geodesic and involves convergence by iteration. Informal Manuscript Report IMR No. N-1-64.

Kay Fox Navigational Science Division Defense Happing Agency Hydrographic Center Washington, DC 20390 Available from originator only

Telcphone (301) 765-1184

Loren Skywave Correction

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - /15K words

Computes the loran-A or loran-C skywave corrections over a specified area. Uses Sodano inverse method. Input: Station positions, spheroid parameters, propagation velocity, area of coverage. Output: For Loran A, the nighttime skywave corrections from master, from slave, and from both; for Loran C, the daytime corrections as well.

Kay Fox Navigational Science Division Defense Mapping Agency Hydrographic Center Washington, DC 20390 Available from originator only

Tel::phone (301) 763-1184

Individual Point Generator for Map Projections Language - FORTRAN II Hardware - IBM 7074

Converts geographic positions to discrete points in rectangular coordinates on the following projections: Mercator, transverse Mercator, gnomonic, polar stereographic, azimuthal equidistant, Lambert conformal conic (with one or two standard parallels), Lambert azimuthal equal area polar, Lambert equal area cylindrical, Miller, Albers equal-area conic, rectified skew orthomorphic, and oblique Mercator. Cartographic data may be produced in either graphic or tabular form. OS No. 55646 main program (each of the 13 projection subroutines has its own open shop number). Authors - Ronald Bolton, Louis Rowen, Gregory Vega. Informal report IR No. 69-23.

"Computer Programs and Subroutines for Automated Cartography" by J. Parrinello, March 1969.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Occanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Individual Point Generator for Distance and Azimuth Computations

Language - FORTRAN II Hardware - IBM 7074

Uses the geodetic latitude and longitude of two points to compute the distance and azimuth from one point to the other. Results will be in tabular form with the distance in meters and the azimuth and back azimuth in degrees, minutes, and seconds. OS No. 65616. Author - R.M. Bolton.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanograph's Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Geodetic Datum Conversion

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IEM 7074

Transforms geodetic coordinates from one datum to another by utilizing a given shift (in terms of rectangular space coordinates) between the origins of two datums and applying this shift, together with differences in the spheroidal parameters, in formulas derived for this purpose. OS No. 55305. Author - Robert M. Willems.

Dria Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Geodetic Datum Reduction

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Reduces geodetic positions from one geodetic datum to another by use of the Vening Meinesz equations. The preferred datums involved are European datum, North American datum, and Tokyo datum. OS No. 55301. Author - D.J. Findlay.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Geodetic Position Computation and Plot

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Computes geodetic positions at desired intervals along incremental or miscellaneous azimuths. Option to plot or list. Plot uses the LAMB subroutine with two standard parallels. OS No. 55321. Author - Merle L. Nelson. An informal report IR No. 69-35 lists this and additional programs and describes procedures for production of secondary phase correction charts and tables. These supplementary programs, written by Edwin Stephenson and Barbara Gray, are in 7074 Autocoder or FORTRAN.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Copy on file at NODC (Above report; includes listing)
Telephone (301) 763-1449

Astronomic Latitude

1

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - Programs for determination of first-order astronomic latitude by the Sterneck method and also by the method of "Polaris and South Star"; subroutines for the Baldini, the Garfinkel, and the U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey (now National Ocean Survey) refraction models. Informal report IR No. 68-21, "Investigations in Determining Astronomic Latitudes and The Computer Programs," by Larry Borquin, April 1968.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Copy on file at NODC (Above report, includes listing)
Telephone (301) 763-1449

Sounding Plot

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3100/IBM 7074/CalComp plotter

Accepts lorac, loran, or Raydist lane values, plots ship's track and soundings in UTM mode. OS No. 58419. Author - G.R. Bills.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Single Integration

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Equally spaced time series data are integrated once using Tick's method. The data must be sampled at a rate of at least twice the Nyquist frequency. Informal report IM No. 66-36. OS No. 66-36. Author - E.B. Ross.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Sodano Inverse

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3100

Computes the normal section length and the forward and reverse azimuths of the geodesic between two points for which the geographic coordinates are known. This computation is useful in determining azimuth and distance between triangulation stations for which geographic positions have been determined but which are not connected by direct observation. OS No. 4326. Authors - Andrew Campbell; modified by C.E. Pierce.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373

Copy on file at NODC (Deck, documentation)

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Adjusts a State Plane Coordinate Traverse

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-30/IBM 2311 disk/65K bytes

Computes a plane-coordinate traverse adjustment using condition equations and the method of least squares. The normal equations are solved using the Cholesky method. The program will adjust a network with as many as 250 stations, 600 observed directions, 250 measured distances, and 99 condition equations. It is limited to either a Lamber or traverse Mercator projection. Corrections are supplied for the reduction of observed data to grid data and options are available for various types of azimuth and position control. Documentation, "A Computer Program to Adjust a State Plane Coordinate Traverse by the Method of Least Squares" by Jeanne H. Holdahl and Dorothy E. Dubester, Sept. 1972.

Joseph F. Dracup National Geodetic Survey, NOAA/EOS 6001 Executive Boulevard Rockville, MD 20852 Copy on file at NODC (Above report; includes listing)

Telephone (301) 496-8650

Geodesy, Marine Surveying and Mapping, Nautical and Aeronautical Charting NOS SCIENTIFIC SUBROUTINE SYSTEM Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-65

The purpose of this system is to make accessible the tools to accelerate and simplify solutions to various scientific problems encountered in the National Ocean Survey disciplines. The user may use the system in the development of his subroutine library. Several aspects were considered in the design and organization of the subroutines so that this purpose could be accomplished. The subroutines were designed so the user need be concerned only with the input and output parameters, not with the internal design of the subroutine. The reference to any subroutine by the problem program is straightforward, thus minimizing user effort. The subroutines are purely computational in function and do not contain any reference to input or output operation. The problem program must be designed so that it contains whatever input/output operations are needed for the solution of the problem. Some routines are in double precision mode to optimize accuracy of the computations; the problem program must be designed to meet this requirement. Although the subroutines are FORTRAN IV programs, there is no restriction on the symbolic programing language which may be used in the problem. The subroutines are uniformly documented and are accompanied by comment statements in sufficient detail to permit the user to gain familiarity with the technique, and method of use of the routine. Following are descriptions of individual subroutines:

ANGLE converts an angle expressed in seconds of arc to degrees minutes, and seconds of arc. The angle, which may be positive or negative, is partitioned of its divisions by successive approximations for each of the divisions. A table is then a precise adjusting the decimal seconds to the desired precision to be used in the user's allaste routine. (894 bytes)

ANLIS computes the long distance or geodetic distance and azimuths between two stations whose geodetic positions are known. Evaluation is based on equations of the Andoyer-Lambert method for solving the inverse position problem. This method is valid for distances up to 6,000 miles. (5612 bytes)

APCTN computes the state plane coordinates from geographic positions and the inverse for stations in zones 2 to 9 of the Alaska plane coordinate system. (6524 bytes)

APCWN computes the state plane coordinates from geographic positions and the inverse for stations in zone 1 of the Alaska lane coordinate system. (4388 bytes)

APOLY computes the American polyconic grid coordinates of a station from geographic positions and the inverse. (4320 bytes)

CGSPC computes the geodetic position (latitude, longitude) and azimuth of an observed station from a station of known geodetic position, with azimuth and distance to the observed station given. Evaluation is based on equations for the forward position computation and is valid for distances up to 600 miles. (2506 bytes)

CUBIC approximates a third-order curve by interpolating coordinates between given points. The evaluation is based on a method which expresses a cubic curve by using two parametric equations and then choosing values for the parameters in the two equations. (1926 bytes)

EXCES computes the spherical excess of a spherical triangle as determined from two angles and a side opposite one of them. The method is valid for triangles whose sides are less than 100 miles in length. (884 bytes)

GMLIC computes the geodetic distance and azimuths between two stations whose geodetic positions are known. Evaluation is based on equations of the Gauss midlatitude method for solving the inverse position problem. This method is valid for distances up to 600 miles. (2452 bytes)

HIFIX computes the hyperbolic coordinates of a ship expressed in HIFIX phase differences from

geographic positions, and the inverse. Evaluation is based on Campbell's equations to determine the geographic position of ship from HIFIX phase differences. (5662 bytes)

LORAN computes the hyperbolic coordinates of ship expressed in loran time differences from geographic positions, and the inverse. The program is applicable to loran-A, loran-C, or a mixture of the two systems. Two configurations of fixed stations may be used. In the triad configuration, two pairs of fixed stations are used, each pair having one station, the master station, in common, and a slave station. In the tetrad configuration, two pairs of fixed stations are used, each pair having a separate master station and a slave station. Evaluation is based on Campbell's equations. (6444 bytes)

OMEGA computes the hyperbolic coordinates of a ship expressed in Omega lane values from geographic positions, and the inverse. Evaluation is based on a modification of Campbell's equations. (5708 bytes)

SODIA computes the geodetic distance and azimuths between two stations whose geodetic positions are known, using the Sodano method for solving the inverse position problem. This method is valid for distances up to 6,000 miles. (4622 bytes)

SODPN computes the geodetic position (latitude, longitude) and azimuth of an observed station from a station of known geodetic position, with azimuth and distance to the observed station given. Evaluation is bised on equations of the Sodano method for solving the direct position problem. This problem is valid for distances up to 6,000 miles. (4986 miles)

TPFIX computes the geographic position, forward azimuth, back azimuth, and distance of an observing station using angles observed at that station to three fixed stations whose geographic positions are known. The computations include the effect of spherical excess. Evaluation is based on the method of resection to determine the position of an unknown station. (3178 bytes)

UTMCO computes the universal transverse Mercator (UTM) grid coordinates of a station from geographic positions, and the inverse. This routine is designed to work for UTM zones 1 to 60, zone width 6 degrees, in both the Northern and Southern Hemispheres, within the latitude band of 80 degrees and 30 minutes north to 80 degrees and 30 minutes south, and 5 degrees and 45 minutes plus or minus from the central meridian of the major UTM zone. (7930 bytes)

Milton Stein
ADP Programing Branch
National Ocean Survey, NOAA
6001 Executive Boulevard
Rockville, MD 20852

Copy on file at NODC (User's Guide; includes listing)

Telephone (301) 496-8026

Computes Geographic Positions

Language - SPS Hardware - IBM 1620

Computes geographic positions, given starting position, azimuth, and length on any one of six spheroids. Three types of computations can be obtained: single positions, a loop, or a traverse. Control is by job card. Length input may be in meters, feet, statute or nautical miles, or electronic lanes. USGS Program No. 15.

ADP Programing Branch National Ocean Survey, NOAA 6001 Executive Boulevard Rockville, MD 20852 Cor; on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

LORAN C (Version 2)

Language - SPS Hardware - IBM 1620/100K\*

Computes tables giving the points of intersection of LORAN C hyperbolas with meridians and/or parallels of the earth spheroid. Microsecond values are computed at intervals varying from 1 1/4 minutes to 20 minutes for ary or all of four possible pairs of stations. Program can also be used to compute microsecond values at grid intersections. \*Can be modified for use on IBM 1620 of 60K capacity.

ADP Programing Branch National Ocean Survey, NOAA 6001 Executive Boulevard Rockville, MD 20852

Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Compute Great-Circle Path

Language - FORTRAN IV-G Hardware - IBM 360-65/1200 bytes

Computes distance (nautical miles) and initial course (degrees) of a great-circle path between two locations. Requires subroutines COS, SIN, ARCOS. Author - Ralph Johnson.

> Oceanographic Services Branch National Oceanographic Data Center

Copy on file at NODC

NOAA/EDS Washington, DC 20235

Telephone (202) 634-7439

Map Projections and Grids MAP

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-40/CalComp 763 plotter

Provides a wide variety of map projections and grids to facilitate the display of geographical data. The subroutine has been written in as modular a form as possible to allow for ease of insertion or deletion of routines. Provides the following projections: Mercator, Miller, square, cylindrical stereographic, Lambert equal-area cylindrical, flat-polar equal-area sinusoidal, equal-area sinusoidal, Mollweide homolographic, polar stereographic, Lambert equalarea polar Colligan's equal-area projection of the sphere, azimuthal equidistant, transversed sinusoidal. transversed Mollweide. Author - John O. Ward.

> Oceanographic Services Branch National Oceanographic Data Center NOAA/EDS Washington, DC 20235

Copy on file at NODC (tape, including land mass

data file, and documentation)

Telephone (202) 634-7439

# GRAPHIC DISPLAY

Vertical Bar Graphs

Language - MASTER FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3300/34 17K words/CalComp Plotter

Reads and edits bar graph parameters and data; calls the CalComp software which generates a plot tape. The CalComp Plotter draws the graphs as vertical bars for any set of data which has less than 101 items. The program uses numeric data and bar graph descriptive data as input. Major parameter categories are X access, Y access, titles, groups, and bar labels. File output is produced on CalComp continuous line plotter which draws individual bars; bars may have labels and may be shaded; there are four different types of shading.

**可能是一个人,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人** 

James C. Cheap
Department of Water Resources
Computer Systems Division
1416 Ninth Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

Available from originator only

X-Y Plots

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3600/24K words/CelComp Plotter

Generates plots of several dependent (y) variables vs. a common independent (x) variable. Numerous user options control type of plot, titling, etc. Exhaustively plots all data from files, one plot per data set (data sets defined by change in key field value). Input: From 1 to 10 card or tape files, comprising 15 dependent variables, file definition cards, plot axis cards, title cards. Output: 11-inch or 30-inch CalComp plots (uses standard CCPLOT routine) and diagnostic listing.

Peter B. Woodbury Deep Sea Drilling Project Box 1529 La Jolla, CA 92037 Available from originator only

Telephone (714) 452-3526

Plotting Program PROFL

Language - FORTRAN IV Computer - CDC 3600

Plots data values against depth or other parameters.

David Wirth Oceanic Research Division Scripps Institution of Oceanography P.O. Box 109 La Jolla, CA 92037 Available from originator only

Dendrograph

Language - FORTRAN, :SSEMBLER
Hardware - IBM 360 0 370/45K for 360/CalComp
Plotter and/or 132 character line
printe

Draws a two-dimensional diagram depicting the mutual relationships chong a group of objects whose pairwise similarities are given. Input: A discance or correlation type matrix. Output: Printer and/or CalComp plot of the dendrograph. This program is a modification of a program by McCammon and Wenninger in Computer Contribution 48, Kansas Geological Survey. The changes are dynamic storage allocation and printer plots. The size of the input matrix is limited by the amount of core available; core is dynamically allocated at execution time.

Dennia T. O. Kam Hawaii Institute of Geophysics University of Hawaii at Manoa 2525 Correa Road Honolulu, HI 96822 Available from originator only

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Telephone (808) 948-8952

Beach and Nearshore Maps

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 1130/8K words

! :

Topographic maps of the beach and nearshore area are computed and plotted based on nine profiles from a baseline across the beach. Profiles are spaced at 100-foot intervals along the beach with survey points at five-foot intervals along each profile. Linear interpolation is made parallel to the baseline between adjacent profiles. Numbers and symbols are printed to form the maps. Profiles for a series of days are used to print maps of erosion and deposition by subtracting elevations for each day from the elevations for the previous day. ONR Tech. Report No. 4, "Beach and Nearshore Dynamics in Eastern Lake Michigan," by Davis and Fox, 1971.

William T. Fox Williams College Department of Geology Williamstown, MA 01267 Available from originator only

Telephone (413) 597-221

X-Y Plots in a Flexible Format MEDSPLOT Language - FORTRAN
Hardware - CDC CYBER 74/60K octal words/
CalComp or Zeta Platter

General purpose program to produce x-y coordinate plots in a flexible format. Point and line plots are available in either a time-sharing (interactive) or batch mode. The prime objective of the program is to permit very flexible control over the plot size and labeling at run time through the use of control cards. Input: (1) Control cards with plot description, (2) any formatted BCD file with fixed length records containing one pair of x-y coordinates, on tape or disk. Output: x-y ccordinate plot and summary listing. The x-y coordinates are transferred directly from dats. User-controlled range checks and multiple plots can be obtained, based on the sort sequence of a control field in each data record. This field will be in addition to the data fields to be plotted. Can use either an off-line CalComp Plotter or an on-line Zeta Plotter connected with a telephone line.

D. Branch Marine Environmental Data Service 580 Booth Street Ottawa, Ont. KIA OH3 Available from originator only

Telephone (613) 995-2011

Plots Hydro Cast Data PLOG Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 1130/IBM 1627 plotter

Plots the results of hydrographic casts in a format suitable for publication. Produces 8 1/2-by 10-inch plots of log (10) depth vs. temperature, salinity, and oxygen.

Pacific Biological Station Pisheries Research Board of Canada P. O. Box 100 Nanaimo, B. C. V9R 5K6 Copy on file at NODC (documented listing)

Plots STD Data STP01 Language - FORTR'N IV Hardware - IBM 1.50/IBM 1627 plotter

Plots digitized STD data in a format suitable for publication The plotter draws and labels axes and plots temperature and salinity vs. depth.

Pacific Biological Station Fisheries Research Board of Canada P. O. Box 100 Nanaimo, B. C. V9R 5K6 Copy on file at NODC (documented listing)

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Plots Temperature-Salinity PSAL1

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 1130

Plots T-S and expanded T-S curves. Another program, PSAL3, plots oxygen, salinity, and temperature-oxygen curves. FRB Manuscript Report No. 1071, by C.A. Collins, R.L. Tripe, and S.K. Wong, Dec. 1969.

Pacific Biological Station Fisheries Research Hoard of Canada P. O. Box 100 Nanaimo, B. C. V9R 5K6 Copy on file at NODC (PSAL1 only, documented listing)

Section Plotting

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3100/PDP-8/CalComp Plotter

The program uses the CDC 3100 plotting subroutines to generate data for the PDF-8 plotting program. The user may specify a legend (up to 480 characters), label sizes, scale factors, the parameter to be plotted, and the isopleths to be determined. The plotting is done on a Cal-Comp 31-inch plotter under control of the PDP-8. Cruise data is read from magnetic tape by the CDC 3100 in modified CODC (MEDS) format or Bedford Institute format. An iterative method is used in conjunction with an interpolation function to determine isopleth depths. The interpolation function is described in a Bedford Institute report, BIO 66-3 (unpublished manuscript) by R.F. Reiniger and C.K. Ross, Feb. 1966.

Director

Bedford Institute of Oceanography
P. O. Box 1006

Dartmouth, N. S. B2Y 4A2

Available from originator only

Horizontal Histograms

Language - FORTRAN IV-H Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

Produces horizontal bar histograms on a line printer for any variable on magnetic tape in a standard WHOI format. Format described in a technical report, Ref. No. 69-55, "A Nine Channel Digital Magnetic Tape for Storing Oceanographic Data," by John A. Maltais, July 1969.

Richard E. Payne
Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution
Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Printer Plots LISPLO Language - FORTRAN IV-H Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Lists and plots the data stored on WHOI format magnetic tape. See HISTO format reference. Output is on the line printer. Three types of plot are possible: (1) Variable vs. time or sequence number, (2) angle and speed vs. time, and (3) two variables (one on a minus and one on a plus scale) vs. time.

Richard E. Payne
Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution
Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Plot of Frequency Distribution THISTO

Language - FORTRAN IV-H dardware - XDS Sigma 7

Produces a two-dimensional frequency distribution of samples averaged over chosen interval against time. Input: Control cards and data on 9-track tape. Output: A line printer plot of averaged compass, wane, direction, and speed against time.

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Richard E. Payne
Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution

Available from originator only

Woods Hole, MA 02543

Telephone (617) 548-1500

Velocity Vector Averages VECTAV Language - FORTRAN IV-H

VECTAV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

Produces a 9-track tape in WHOI format of east and north velocity vector averages and their

corresponding polar representations. (See HISTO format reference)

Richard E. Payne

Avoids Hole Oceanographic Institution

Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Progressive Vectors PROVEC

Language - FORTRAN IV-H

Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/PDP-5 driven CalComp Plotter optional

Computes progressive vectors from direction and speed values. Input: Control cards and tape in WHOI format. See HISTO format reference. Output: Listing of progressive vectors and/or a tape to be used with a PDP-5 driven CalComp for a plot of the vectors.

Richard E. Payne
Woods Hole Greanographic Institution
Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Plots Data Along Track TRACK

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/2986 32 bit words\*/
Calcomp or Versatec plotter

Plots data in profile along a ship's track. Map is in Mercator projection. The ship's heading is used to determine the orientation of the data. Standard CalComp software is used. Input data can be in any WHOI format or in a user specified format and can be from any device, but typically from a nine-track magnetic tape; also input are run-time parameters to specify scales and other options. \*Another version of the program exists for the Hewlett-Packard minicomputer and works in a 16K word environment.

Robert C. Groman Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400, ext. 469

Profile versus Time or Distance PROFILE

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/4010 32 bit words\*/
CalCump or Versatec plotter

Flots in profile versus time or cumulative distance, all WHOl standard formats or a user-supplied format. Uses standard CalComp software. Input: Data from any device and run-time parameters to specify scales and other options. Output: Plot tape for offline use and printed information about the run. \*Another version of this program exists for the Hewlett-Packard minicomputer and works in a 16K word environment.

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Telephone (617) 548-1400, ext. 469

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Plots Navigation with Any Other Data Type DEEP6

Language - FORTRAN IV
Hardware - Hewlett-Packard minicomputer/
16K 16 bit words/CalComp plotter

Merges and plots x-y navigation with another data type. For each data point a linearly interpolated position is calculated. Plots can be annotated x-y charts, data profiles along the ship's track, or profiles va. time or distance. Input: x-y navigation data in meters or fathoms; a time series of data to be merged with the navigation; and input parameters specifying scales and options.

Robert C. Groman Available from originator only Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543 Telephone (617) 548-1400, ext. 469

Line Printer Plots GRAPH2

Language - FONTRAN, COMPASS
Hardware - CDC 3800/4112 octal (2122 decimal)
locations\*

This subroutine is intended to be valuable for scientists who want a fast and economical method of producing plots of their data but do not require the high resolution (100 points per inch) of the CalComp plotter. Modified by Dianna L. Denton from a program written at the University of Wisconsin. NRL Memorandum report 2046 (NRL Computer Bulletin 12), Aug. 1969. (\*excluding the common block (11031 octal - 4633 decimal) and system library routines).

Research Computation Center Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375 Copy on file at NODC (tape, above report)

Magnetic Signatures MAGPLOT

Language - FORTRAN
Hardware - CDC 3600/CDC 3800/706,768 words/Online plotter

Separates and characterizes the various components of magnetic noise in magnetometer records taken from a sensor towed at sea. Gives a printout of histogram data for each of three wavelength filters: N(amplitude) vs. amplitude; N (wavelength) vs. wavelength. Also produces plots of filtered magnetic fields as function of distance. Program is briefly described in NRL Formal Report No. 7760, "Geological and Geomagnetic Background Noise in Two Areas of the North Atlantic."

Perry B. Alers Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375 Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 767-2530

Sequential Plotting

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 360-65

Subroutines produce plots using a digital computer output printer. The consecutive x, y data points are plotted with symbols consisting of letters and numerals. Permits rapid plotting of either a single- or a multivalued curve when high resolution is not required. NELC Report 1613 by R.G. Rock, March 1969.

Naval Electronics Laboratory Center Copy on file at NODC (documented listing) San Diego, CA 92152

Machine Plotting on Mercator Projection

Language - FORTRAN 63 Hardware - CDC 1604/CalComp 165 plotter

Utilizes meridional parts to locate data points on Mercater-projection maps, using a shared-time plotting routine. The continent outlines can also be plotted by straight-line segments.

NUMC Report TP-89 by L.A. Smothers, Dec. 1968. Final version of program written by K.K. Start.

Ocean Sciences Department
Naval Undersea Research and
Development Center
San Diego, CA 92132

Copy on file at NODC (above report)

Overlay Plotting OVLPLT

Language - FORTRAN
Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/12K plotter compatible
with Integrated Graphics System

Performs overlay plots on the FR-80 graphic system using the Integrated Graphics System. No knowledge of IGS required by user. Fitting of data into bounds of "good looking" graph.

Peter D. Herstein Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320 Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2305

Physical Data Plot

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3300

Using arrays of profile data and specification parameters, this subroutine prepares a tape for the UCC plotter to provide a profile plot of depth vs. temperature, conductivity, salinity, sigma-t, and sound speed.

K. Crocker Maval Underwater Systems Center Newport, RI 02840 Available from originator only

Telephone (401) 841-3307

Reformats Data, Plots Track Chart MASTRACK

Language - FORTRAN V
Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/Instructions 5K words/
Data 5K words/2K Plotter buffer/
3 tape units/CalComp Plotter

Decodes blocked BCD data tapes in NGSDC format into UNIVAC SDF format and plots user-scaled Mercator track charts annotated with any and all underway parameters. Author - Peter J. Topoly.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373

Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 763-1449

Produce Contour Charts
GRIDIT, REGRIDIT, AUTOMATED CONTOUR

Language - FORTRAN Hardware -

Three programs which enable the user to graphically produce a contour chart by the computer-plotter method. GRIDIT produces a digitized matrix from data points which have been screened for gross errors. REGRIDIT produces a digitized matrix from raw unchecked data points. AUTO-MATED CONTOUR constructs a contour chart from a digitized matrix. An example is given for use of the program in contouring the bathymetry of the ocean bottom. Informal manuscript report IM No. 67-4, "An Automated Procedure for Producing Contour Charts," by Roger T. Osborn, Feb. 1967.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Copy on file at NODC (Above report; includes listing) Telephone (301) 763-1449

Profile Plots, Time Axis

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-67/110K bytes for 1500 values per profile/Plotter

Makes profile plots of up to three values along a time axis. Uses Benson-Lehrner plotter or easy conversion to CalComp. Input: Cards with specifications for profiles (scales, values, titles, symbols, etc.) and formats, and data cards with Julian day, hour, minute, and one to three values.

Graig McHendrie

Jffice of Marine Geology
U.S. Geological Survey
345 Middlefield Road
Menlo Park, CA 94025

Available from originator only

Telephone (415) 323-8111, ext. 2174

Profile Plots, Distance Axis PFLDST

Language - FORTEAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-67/130K bytes for 1500 values per profile/plotter

Produces profile plots of up to three values along a cumulative distance axis. Uses Benson-Lehrner plotter or easy conversion to CalComp. Input: Cards with specifications for each profile (scale, values, symbols, title, etc.) and formats, and data cards with Julian day, hour, minute, latitude, longitude, and one to three values.

Graig McHendrie Office of Marine Geology U.S. Geological Survey 345 Middlefield Road Menlo Park, CA 94025 Available from originator only

Telephone (415) 323-8111, ext. 2174

Map Plots MAPPLT Language - FORTRAN IV
Hardware - IBM 360-67/244K bytes for 7500 nav.
cr 6000 data points/Plotter

Makes map plots of either data values or navigation data on a Mercator, transverse Mercator, conic, or Lambert conformal projection. Maximum map size is 28 x 61 inches. Assumes equatorial radius of earth is 251,117,000 inches and that west longitude and south latitude are input as negative values. Uses Benson-Lehrner plotter or easy conversion to CalComp. Input: Eleven cards with title, formats, and map window specifications followed by data on either cards or tape. Navigation data: Julian day, hour, minute, latitude, longitude. Data values: minute (or sequence no.) value, latitude, longitude.

Graig McHendrie
Office of Marine Geology
U.S. Geological Survey
345 Middlefield Road
Menlo Park, CA 94025

Available from originator only

Telephone (415) 323-8111, ext. 2174

Plots Scattergram SCTGM4 and SCTGM5

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-65

These subroutines plot a simple scattergram from a set of data pairs. The data are first adjusted to fit in a range of 1 to 100, then rounded, and the scattergram is generated by

subtracting the origin from each data point and then fixing, or truncating, the number to yield a set of subscript pairs. The location for each subscript pair in the black array is filled with the number of occurrences and fine ly a plot is produced. These routines ignore out of bound points.

> Paul Sabol Center for Experiment Design and Data Analysis, NOAA/EDS Washington, DC 20235

Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 634-7344

X-Y Plots EBTPLT

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6600/FR80 Precision Microfilm Recorder

A generalized x-y plot package. Allows various manipulations of axes as well as special character plotting.

> Robert Dennis Center for Experiment Design and Data Analysis, NOAA/EDS Washington, DC 20235

Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 634-7340

Displays VHRR Satellite Data V5DMD

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 6600/54K words/Digital Muirhead Displayer/NESS displayer run by

CDC 924

Displays VHRR data from the ingest tape on the Digital Muirhead Displayer (DMD) in 5000 mode (5000 picture ≥lements per scan line; 5000 maximum scan lines per picture). The program uses a two spot running mean of 5000 spots of a possible 6472 along each scan made by the VHRR instrument. It converts each averaged spot via lookup table to a display grayacale. The starting scan line, the number of scan lines to be processed, the starting spot, and the grayscale lookup table are controlled by data cards.

> John A. Pritchard National Environmental Satellite Service, NOAA Suitland, MD 20233

Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-8403

Microfilm Plots of VHRR Sattellite Data SVHRRAKM

Language - FORTRAN H Extended Hardware - IBM 360-195/FR-80 Precision Microfilm Recorder/256% 8 bit bytes

Displays the VHRR data from the VHRR ingest tape in the form of printed characters on 16mm microfilm in blocks of 128 characters by 48 characters. Each printed character will represent a square four kilometers on a side at the subsatellite point, is obtained by averaging four lines and six spots along each scan line of data from the VHRR ingest tape, and then is determined by a character lookup table. The program is capable of utilizing 3840 digital spots of a possible 4842.

> John A. Pritchard National Environmental Satellite Service, NOAA Suitland, MD 20233

Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-8403

Vertically Analyzed Contours of Ocesnographic Language - FORTRAN 63 Temperatures and Salinities, VACOIS

Hardware - CDC 3600/CalComp plotter/32% words

Provides a rapid and accurate means of constructing vertical cross sections of sea temperatures and salinities. Although this program has been designated to use STD data recorded on magnetic tape, other versions are being used to contour biological, chemical, and other physical oceanographic data. Each vertical section is divided into two parts: the upper section for the contours from the surface to 300 m, and the lower section from 300 m to 1000 m. Running time: To analyze and plot contours at intervals of 1 degree C for temperature and &1 parts per thousand for salinity from the surface to 1000 m for 50 stations requires four minutes of computer time on the CDC 3600 and 25 minutes on the CalComp 30-inch plotter. Author - Forrest Miller.

Southwest Fisheries Center Copy on file at NODC (deck, documentation)
National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA
P.O. Box 271
La Jolla, CA 92037 Telephone (714) 453-2820

Oxygen, Phosphate, Density Plots

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-65/CalComp plotter/33K bytes

Plots oxygen vs. phosphate, oxygen vs. sigma-t, and phosphate vs. sigma-t (single or multiple station) for purposes of quality control and study of water types. Input: Hydrographic data in ICES format. Author - Marilynn Borkowski.

Southeast Fisheries Center Copy on file at NODC (documented listing) National Marine Fisheries :ervice, NOAA 75 Virginia Beach Drive Miami, FL 33149

General Mercator Plot

Language - FORTRAN IV
Hardware - IbM 360-65, CalComp Plotter/42K bytes

Plots any variable on a Mercator projection; has option of writing in value or making a point plot, and of connecting the points with lines. Input: Any header cards in ICES format. Projection plot may be in any scale per degree, and may include a coastline (obtained from a digitized world tape layout). Author - Marilyn Borkowski.

Southeast Fisheries Center Copy on file at NODC documented listing)
National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA
75 Virginia Beach Drive
Miami, FL 33149

Plotter Commands PLOT, DVR10

Language - Assembly language under RTE Hardware - HP 2100S

These subroutines are modifications of the HP subroutine PLOT and the RTE driver DVR10. Together they control a CalComp or CalComp compatible .01" or .0025" incremental step drum plotter with three-pen operation. Equipment type is identified through subchannel. Plot increments are calculated in double precision integer.

Robert A. O Brien, Jr. Available from originator only Shipboard Computing Group, Code 8003

Naval Research Laboratory
Washington, DC 20375 Telephone (202) 767-2387

## TIME AND SPECTRAL SERIES ANALYSIS

Spectral Analysis Subroutines

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/30K

Given digital time and spectral series, produces autospectral autocorrelation plots and listings, and phase angle vs. frequency plots.

> Peter D. Herstein Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320

Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2970

Scalar Time Series TEMPLT7

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6400 (SCOPE 3.4)/100K (octal)

10 character words/CalComp 936/905 Plotting System

Computes and plats statistics, histogram, time series, and spectrum for time series of any scalar quantity. Input: Scalar time series on tape in CDC 6400 binary format; maximum number of 32: a points is 5236. Output: Listing and tape for off-line plotter. Perfect Daniel frequency window used to compute spectral estimates from FFT generated periodogram values.

> James R. Holbrook Pacific Marine Environmental Laterstory, NOAA 3711 Fifteenth Avenue N.E. Seattle, WA 381/15

Available from originator only

Telephone (206) 442-0199

Time Series Plotting

Language - FORTRAN 22 Hardware - CDC 3100/FDP-8/CalComp Plotter

The program uses the CDC 71.0 plotting subroutines to generate data for the PDP-8 plotting program. The user may specify a legend (up to 480 characters), label sizes, scale factors, the parameter to be plotted and the isopleths to be determined. The plotting is done on a CalComp 31 inch plotter under control of the PDP-8. Cruise data is read from magnetic tape by the CDC 3100 in Bedford Institute format. Time is plotted along the X axis (drum movement) and depth along the Z axis (pen movement). Stations are plotted to the nearest day. Author - D.J. Lawrence. June 1969.

> Director Bedford Institute of Oceanography P. O. Box 1006 Dartmouth, N. S. B2Y 4A2

Available from originator only

Telephone (902) 426-3584

Time Series Analysis Programs TSAP

Language - MS Fc RAN Hardware - CDC 6400 or CDC 3150/Disk/3 tape units/CalComp Plotter

A series of programs that edit digitized time series data, produce plots, probability distributions, perform fast Fourier transforms on cata and convert Fourier coefficients into power and cross spectra. Input: Digitized magnetic tape output from program A TO D and data cards. Output: CalComp plots, printer plots, option dump of data tape, magnetic tape of Fourier coefficients, listing of spectra, disk file of spectra. Computer Note BI-C-74-2, May 1974.

> P. W. Dobson Bedford Institute of Oceanography P. O. Box 1006 Lartmouth, N. S. B2Y 4A2

Available from originator only

Telephone (902) 426-3584

Time Series - Analog to Digital A TO D

Language - MS FORTRAN

Hardware - CDC 3150/32 K words/1500 tracks on scratch dirk/2 tape units/Crown CI822 tape recorder and Airpax FPS24 dis\_riminators for BIO A-D converter

Digitizes analog time series data at fixed time intervals; removes means and trends and writes data on digital magnetic tape; processes data from sensors used in air-sea interaction studies. Input: Up to 12-channel magnetic tape read in through on-line A-D converter; control cards. Output: Summary listing and digital magnetic tape. Computer Note BI-C-74-1, Feb. 1974.

S. D. Smith
Bedford Institute of Oceanography
P. O. Box 1006
Dartmouth, N. S. B2Y 4A2

Available from originator only

Telephone (902) 426-3584

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Time Series Routines ARAND SYSTEM

(Number in parentheses at end of each abstract is key to references at end of series.)

Language - FORTRAN/COMPASS (assembly)
Hardware - CDC 3300/OS-3 time-sharing
operating system/Less than 32 K
4 character words/Graphics:
Tektronix 4002 or 4010 graphics
terminal, CalComp 1627 II drum incremental X-Y plotter. HewlettPackard 7200A graphics plotter

ACFFT computes the autocorrelation or autocovariance function of a single time series using a variation of the convolution property of the discrete Fourier transform in conjunction with a fast Fourier transform algorithm. (2, 4, 5)

ACORR computes the autocorrelation function of a time series for a given number of lags. (3)

ACRPLT is designed to plot estimated autocorrelation or partial autocorrelation functions; standard error designations are included. Provision is made for the inclusion of confidence intervals that correspond to hypotheses that all theoretical correlation values beyond a certain lag are zero. CalComp or Tektronix. (3, 6)

ALIGN aligns cross correlation or cross covariance values, shifting the estimates so that a specified lag becomes lag zero. It is intended for use prior to computing estimates of the squared coherence and phase spectra of two time series. (2, 7)

AMPHCO determines the amplitude, phase, and the squared coherence, given the spectral density functions, the cospectrum and the quadrature spectrum of two time series. (1, 7, 8)

ARMAP produces realizations or observed time series of an autoregressive, moving average, or mixed regressive-moving average process. The order of the autoregressive and/or moving average operator cannot exceed three; one realization is produced per call and there is no restriction on the length of the observed time series. (3, 6)

AUTO calculates values of the biased autocovariance function. (1, 9)

AUTOPLT is designed to plot autocorrelation or autocovariance functions on the CalComp 1627 II plotter. The routine scales the values, determining the range of the values to be plotted on the Y-axis. (2)

AXISL is a plotting aid allowing for general purpose axis drawing and labeling. It is written in assembly language and uses elements of the CGMPLOT drivers. (3)

CCFFT employs the convolution property of the discrete Fourier transform in conjunction with

the fast Fourier transform algorithm to compute the cross-correlation (covariance) function. (2, 4, 5)

CCORR computes the biased auto- and cross-correlation functions of two time series. (1)

**BECOME THE MENTAL PROPERTY OF A STANDARD AND A STANDARD OF A STANDARD ASSESSMENT OF A STANDARD** 

COMPLT accepts squared-coherency spectrum values and plots coherency on a hyperbolic arctangent scale which allows a constant length confidence interval to be constructed. (2, 7)

COMPLOT is a set of subroutines intended to provide a basis for easily programing graphics applications. These subroutines expand relatively simple instructions specified by the programer to include all of the necessary details for the plotting device. COMPLOT was designed to be utilized in a time-sharing environment with any of the above plotting devices; also, provisions have been made for plotting on combinations of these devices. (3)

CONFID determines multiplicative factors used in constructing confidence intervals for meanlagged product spectral estimation. (1, 7)

CONFIDI determines the multiplicative factors necessary to construct confidence intervals for power spectral estimates found by averaging short modified periodograms, as in FOUSPC, FOUSPC1, FOUSPC2, and FFTPS. (3, 10)

CONMODE is a series of subprograms designed as aids to conversational programing with the following four objectives: (1) to allow the user to respond in as natural a way as possible within the limitations of the operating system available; (2) To make all responses entered by the user consistent in use; (3) To provide a complete set of input/output subprograms for conversational-mode use; (4) To allow ease in usage from a programing point of view, with fairly fast and efficient execution. (3)

COPH computes squared-coherence and phase estimates, given power spectral, cospectral, and quadrature spectrum estimates. The phase estimates can be in either degrees or radians. Similar to AMPHCO. (2)

COSTR computes the discrete cosine transform of an even function (array of values). Goertzel's method is used. (1)

CPEES is a conversational program used in modeling. CPEES picks up information output on file by the CUSID routine, asks the user a few questions, and then determines initial or final parameter estimates for the identified model. Calls USPE and USES, getting preliminary and final parameter estimates. (3, 6)

CPLT1 is a conversational calling program for the plotting routine PLTSPC, used to plot spectral estimates with confidence intervals and bandwidth. The program allows the user to plot as many data sets as he likes from the same or different files. (2)

CPLT2 is a conversational program to produce plots of frequency dependent data using routine PLTFRQ. The program allows the user to plot as many data sets as he likes from the same or different files. (2)

CROPLT is designed to plot the cross correlation (covariance) functions of two time series on the CalComp 1627 II plotter. The routine automatically scales the values, determining the range of values to be plotted on the Y-axis. (2)

CROSS computes the two cross covariance functions (biased) of two time series. (1, 9)

CUSID is the first of a series of three conversatinal programs that collectively perform model identification, parameter estimation (see CPEES), and forecasting (see CUSFO) for autoregressive integrated moving average models. This program corresponds to the identification phase in the modeling process, accepting time series data and computing the autocorrelation and partial correlation functions of the series after seasonal and/or nonseasonal difference operators have been applied. The routine is designed for use at a Teletype or a Tektronix graphics terminal; selection of graphics output of the data and correlation functions on either the CalComp plotter or the graphics terminal is available. (3, 6, 11, 12)

CUSFO computes and plots forecasts from the original data and a fitted model. See CUSID. (3)

CZT computes z-transform values of a finite sequence of real data points using the chirp z-transform elgorithm. Points at which transform values will be computed must lie on circular or spiral contours in the complex plane. The contour may begin at any point in the plane and the constant angular frequency spacing between points on this contour is arbitrary. A special contour of particular importance is the unit circle in which case a Fourier transform is computed. (2, 13, 14)

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DATPLT is a general purpose plot routine for time series data. (3)

DEMOD1 estimates values of the energy spectrum of a time series using complex demodulates. The frequencies (in cycles per data interval) at which spectral estimates are to be computed are input in the form of an array, allowing one to consider isolated frequencies or a collection of related frequencies, such as an arithmetic progression. Only every Lth value of the complex demodulate at a particular frequency is computed and averaged to form the spectral estimate at that frequency, where L is specified by the user. (1, 15, 16)

DEMOD2 finds the complex demodulate at the given frequency, given a time series, an array of filter weights, a selection integer, and a single frequency. The values of the complex demodulate at the given frequency are returned either as real and imaginary parts of complex numbers or in terms of amplitudes and phases. As in DEMOD1, the calculations use the method of Goertzel for the evaluation of discrete Fourier transforms. (1, 15, 16)

DEMOD3 accepts output from DEMOD2 and calculates an energy spectrum estimate at a single frequency. (1, 15, 16)

DETREND removes a mean or linear trend from a time series, writing over the input array. (1)

DIFF12 computes first or second forward differences of a series. (1)

EUREKA finds either the solution to the matrix equation  $R^*f = g$  where R is a Toeplitz matrix (i.e., a symmetric matrix with the elements along the diagonals equal) and f is a column vector, or the solution of the normal equations which arise in least-square filtering and prediction problems for single-channel time series. (1, 17, 18)

EXSMO computes a triple exponentially smoothed series. (1, 9)

FFIN, a free-form input routine, allows for the reading of numeric information in BCD that is relatively format free. FFIN returns a single value on each call, and operates by reading 160 characters (2 cards or 2 card images) and advancing a pointer through the buffer on each subsequent call until more information must be input or reading is complete. A companion routine, FFINI, operates exactly as FFIN except that the buffer is cleared and new information input on each call. Both routines set the EOF bit if an end of file is encountered. (3)

FFTCNV computes the convolution of a series with a weighting function using the fast Fourier transform algorithm. The program is designed for the convolution of long series with a relatively short weighting function. (2, 4, 5)

FFTPS uses a fast Fourier transform algorithm to compute spectral estimates by a method of time averaging over short, modified periodograms. (1, 7, 10)

FFTS computes the direct or inverse transform of real or complex data, using a power of two fast Fourier transform algorithm. (2)

FFTSPC finds a raw or modified periodogram for a sequence of real data points using a power of two fast Fourier transform algorithm, i.e., the absolute value squared of raw or Hanned Fourier coefficients are found and suitably scaled. This subroutine is intended for use with time series whose length is slightly smaller than or equal to a power of two. (3)

FILTERI designs symmetrical, non-recursive digital filters. It is conversational in form and is intended for use at a Tektronix 4002 graphic terminal. Two design techniques are supported, corresponding to the subroutines GENERI and FIVET. Outputs include an array of filter weights and the attained frequency response. (2)

FIVET designs non-recursive symmetrical digital filters. The design technique is known as the 5's method and requires that the specifications be given for the desired frequency response

function, the maximum allowable deviation from the desired response, and the bandwidth of transitions in the attained response corresponding to discontinuities in the desired response. (2, 19)

FOLD performs polynomial multiplication or, equivalently, the complete transient convolution of two series. (1, 17)

FOURTR takes the Fourier transform of real data; many output options are available. (1, 20)

FOUSPC finds the Fourier transforms of segments of a time series. The segments must be of equal length, but may abut, overlap, or be in any order relative to the given time series. FOUSPC can be used in conjunction with SPEC to estimate power spectra by a method of time averaging over short, modified periodograms. Note that if one is not interested in examining the Fourier-like coefficients of each segment before passing on to spectral estimates, then FOUSPC1 or FOUSPC2 should be used. (1)

FOUSPC1 computes the power spectrum of a time series by a method of averaging over short, modified periodograms. (3, 7)

FOUSPC2 is similar to FOUSPC1, but accepts two time series, computing the cross spectral matrix at specified frequencies. (1)

FRESPON computes the frequency response of a filter. (1)

GAPH computes and plots estimated gain and phase functions of a time invariant linear system. The gain values are plotted on a logarithmic scale and both gain and phase plots include confidence interval constructions. Input includes smoothed power and cross spectra estimates.

(3. 7)

GENER1 is a filter design program. It may also be used to generate weights of lag window or data window, although the routine WINDOW is specifically designed to perform this task and is therefore somewhat easier to use. (1, 26)

GENER2 generates an arithmetic progression. (1)

GENER3 designs a symmetrical low-pass filter given an array containing desired frequency responses at equally spaced frequencies from zero to one-half cycle per data interval. (1)

LOGPLT plots power spectral estimates on a base ten logarithmic scale, the output device being a CalComp 1627 II plotter. The subroutine automatically scales the estimates, determining the range of values to be plotted on the Y-axis. The estimates must have been computed at equally spaced frequencies. An 80% or 95% confidence interval (computed using routine CONFID) is also plotted. (2)

NOIZT tests a time series to determine if it can be considered a realization of a white noise process. The test is a frequency domain test involving the integrated spectrum of the series. The results are plotted with 80% and 95% confidence regions. (2, 7, 21)

PHAPLT plots the phase estimates with 95% confidence intervals on the CalCom, 1627 II pletter. The phase estimates must have been computed at equally spaced frequencies and, in order to gererate approximate confidence intervals, the associated squared-coherency estimates at these same frequencies must be given. (2, 7)

PLTFOR graphs an initial segment of time series data followed by a set of forecasts that include upper and lower probability limits as generated by CUSFO or USFO. (3)

PLTFFQ allows frequency dependent functions to be plotted versus any arithmetic progression of frequencies, using the CalComp 1627 II plotter. The routine scales the frequency values, determining the range of the values to be plotted on the Y-axis. (2)

PLTSPC is designed to plot power spectra on the CalComp 1627 II plotter. The routine scales the spectral estimates, automatically determining the range of values to be plotted on the y-axis. Also, the plotting of spectral window bandwidth and confidence intervals is possible. The bandwidth of the spectral window associated with any lag window the user may have used, is

computed by WINDOW and the multiplicative factors needed to determine confidence intervals can be found using the CONFID routines. (2)

POLRT computes the real and complex roots of a polynomial with real coefficients. (1, 9, 17)

POLYDV divides one polynomial by another or deconvolves one signal by another. (1, 17)

PROPLT produces a profile plot on either the Tektronix graphics terminals or the CalComp plotter or both, and is intended for use with the routine TIMSPEC which produces spectra from segments of a long record, the segments being equally spaced in time. This profile is not a true perspective view, as the frequency (horizontal) axis of each spectrum is of constant length and separated on the time (vertical) axis by a constant amount. (3)

PSQRT computes the coefficients of the square root of a power series or polynomial. (1, 17)

RANDM generates a (pseudo) random sample from one of four possible population distributions, with the size of the sample specified by the user. The population mean is fixed at zero; the variance or scale parameter is user definable. Provisions have been made for repeated calls to RANDM; that is, one can generate a number of independent random samples from the same or different populations. (3, 22)

RCTFFT computes the discrete Fourier transform of real data using the Cooley-Tukey fast Fourier transform algorithm. The number of data points must be a power of two. (1)

RESPON computes the square of the absolute values of the frequency response of a general filter. (1)

REVERS performs bit-reversing on an array of complex data points. REVERS is written in COMPASS and is used in programs employing the fast Fourier transform algorithm. (1)

RPLACE changes specified values of a time series. The indices of the values to be changed and the new values themselves are read in by RPLACE according to a format specified by the user.
(1)

RRVERS performs bit-reversing on an array of real data points; the subroutine is written in COMPASS and is used in FFTPS. (1)

SARIT produces a series by serial computations on one or two other series; there are seven different choices for the series to be produced. (1)

SERGEN generates a time series by adding random numbers or noise to a signal, in this case a trigonometric series. Inputs include amplitudes or coefficients of the trigonometric series, an array of random numbers, and a parameter specifying the desired signal level to noise level ratio. (1, 23)

SHAPE designs a filter which will shape a given series into a desired output series. (1, 17)

SINTR calculates the discrete sine transform of a series of data points. (1)

SMO calculates a smoothed or filtered series, given a time series, a selection integer, and a weighting function. (1. 9)

SPEC accepts output from FOUSPC, computing either the power spectrum of a single time series or the cross spectral matrix of two time series. In the latter case, FOUSPC must be called twice with different time series at each call, but with the same arithmetic progression of frequencies. (1)

SPECT1 is a conversational main program designed to estimate, output, and plot the autocorrelation and auto spectral functions of a single time series. It is intended for use at a teletypewriter. (2)

SPECT2, a conversational main program for use at a teletypewriter, computes power spectral, squared coherence, and phase estimates. The program allows the correlation functions of the two time series involved, the power spectral, squared coherency, and phase estimates to be

output on a combination of devices, including the Teletype, line printer, CalComp plotter and disk. (2, 7)

TAUTOPLT is designed to plot autocorrelation or autocovariance functions on a Tektronix 4002 graphics terminal; the routine scales the values, determines the range of the values to be plotted on the Y-axis. (2)

TCOMPLT, designed for use with a Tektronix graphics terminal, plots coherence estimates on a hyperbolic arctangent scale, allowing the construction of confidence intervals whose length is independent of frequency. (2, 7)

TCROPLT plots the cross correlation (covariance) functions of two time series on the Tektronix graphics terminal; the routine automatically scales the values, determining the range of values to be plotted on the Y-axis. (2)

TFORM1 calculates values of the spectral density function at any arithmetic progression of frequencies on  $\{0,1/2\}$  cycles per data interval, given autocorrelation or autocovariance function of a time series and an array to be used as a weighting kernel. This weighting kernel can be generated using the routine WINDOW.  $\{2,7,8\}$ 

TFORM2 computes the co- and quadrature spectrum estimates for an arithmetic progression of frequencies on the interval zero to one half cycles per data interval, given the auto and cross correlation functions. Similar to TRANFRM except that it does not produce the associated auto-spectral estimates. (2, 7, 8)

TIMSPC finds power spectral estimates computed from segments of a long time series, the beginning of each segment being equally spaced in time. The computational approach is a direct one via a fast Fourier transform algorithm and the technique is appropriate for segment lengths slightly less than or, ideally, exactly equal to a power of two. Thus, the routine allows one to compute a type of "time varying" spectra and these spectra can be graphically examined with the aid of a profile plot 'PROPLT' or a contour plotting routine. (3)

TLOGPLT plots power spectral estimates on a logarithmic scale and is designed for use with a Tektronix graphics terminal. The routine automatically scales the estimates, determining the range of values to plot on the Y-axis. The estimates must have been computed at equally spaced frequencies. An 80% or 95% confidence interval (computed using routine CONFID) is also plotted. (2)

TNOIZT performs a frequency domain test to determine if a time series can be considered a white noise or purely random process. The test is appropriate for detecting departures from whiteness due to periodic effects, and is intended for use in conjunction with a test based on the autocorrelation function for detecting local correlation. The routine plots theoretical integrated spectrum values with 80% and 95% confidence regions, the integrated spectrum estimates of the time series being computed from Fourier coefficients input to TNOIZT. These Fourier coefficients may be computed using the FOURTR or RCTFFT routine. (2, 7, 21)

TPHAPLT plots the phase estimates with 95% confidence intervals on a Tektronix 4002 graphics terminal. The phase estimates must have been computed at equally spaced frequencies and, in order to generate approximate confidence intervals, the associated squared-coherency estimates at these same frequencies must be given. (2, 7)

TPLTFRQ is designed to plot frequency response function (or any function of frequency) on a Tektronix graphics terminal. The routine scales the frequency values, determining the range of the values to be plotted on the Y-axis. (2)

TPLTSPC is designed to plot power spectra on a Tektronix graphics terminal. The routine scales the spectral estimates, automatically determining the range of values to be plotted on the Y-axis. Also, the plotting of spectral window bandwidth and confidence intervals is possible. The bandwidth of the spectral window associated with any lag window the user may have used is computed by WINDOW and the multiplicative factors needed to determine confidence intervals can be found using the CONFID routine. (2)

TRISMO is designed for smoothing spectral estimates evenly spaced over the interval [0,1/2] (including end points), or equivalently, zero to the Nyquist frequency. The spectral window

applied is a triangular one and the smoothing or convolution is done in a recursive fashion, making it relatively fast. (3, 24)

TSGEN is a conversational program for the generation of a wide variety of time series. More specifically, the program constructs realizations of autoregressive integrated moving average processes where the noise process or "randor shock" terms involved may be input from file or generated within the program. In the latter case, a selection of one of four possible families of distributions for the noise is allowed. TSGEN can be run from any Teletype~like terminal, including the Tektronix graphics terminals. (3, 25, 6)

TSPECT1 and TSPECT2 are respectively versions of SPECT1 and SPECT2 that are suitable for use at a Tektronix graphics terminal. (2)

TRANFR calculates values of the spectral density function given the autocorrelation (or autocovariance) function of a time series and an array to be used as a weighting kernel. This weighting kernel can be generated using the routine WINDOW. (1, 7, 8)

TRANFRM calculates spectral density functions, the cospectrum, and the quadrature spectrum, given the autocorrelation (or autocovariance) functions, the cross correlation (or cross covariance) functions of two time series and an array to be used as a weighting kernel. This weighting kernel can be generated using the routine WINDOW. (1, 7, 8)

TTYCON, written in COMPASS, is designed to be used in conversational programs for the output of alphanumeric messages and the input of signed numbers, integer or floating point, and alphanumeric characters. (2)

TTYNUM is designed to be used in conversational programs for the output of one or more alphanumeric messages and the input of one or more signed numbers (integer or floating point) or eight-character alphanumeric identifiers. (2)

UNLEAV is primarily designed for use with RECTFFT. The routine takes an array of interleaved coefficients and separates them, sending the coefficients into two distinct arrays of one half the length of the input array. The length of the input array must be of the form M+2 where M is a power of 2. (1)

USES accepts initial parameter estimates for a seasonal or nonseasonal autoregressive-moving average model and then employs the (possibly differenced and transformed) time series being modeled, computing final parameter estimates. These final parameter estimates are output, along with their covariance and correlation matrix, the residuals from the fitted model, and the sample autocorrelation function of these residuals, and chi-square statistic based on the residual autocorrelations. (3)

USFO generates forecasts with upper and lower probability limits, given the original time series data and a fitted nonseasonal or seasonal autoregressive-integrated-moving average model. Weights for updating forecasts are also output. USFO thus represents the fourth and final stage in a successful modeling attempt, beginning with model identification (USID, CUSID), preliminary estimation of parameters (USPE, CPEES), and final parameter estimated and diagnostic checking (USES, CPEES). (3)

USID accepts a time series as input, possibly transforms and differences the series in seasonal and/or nonseasonal fashion, and then finds the sample autocovariance, autocorrelation, and partial autocorrelation functions. This marks the first of the four programs employed in model identification, parameter estimation, and forecasting, the remaining subroutines being USPE, USES and USFO. Conversational programs (CUSID) and support graphics (ACRPLT) are available for USID. (3, 6, 11, 12)

USPE accepts output from USID and choices for the order of the autoregressive and moving average parts in modeling possibly transformed and differenced time series data; a conversational calling routine for USPE is CPEES. (3)

WINDOW generates an array to be used as a weighting function or lag window. One of six different lag windows may be selected: The rectangular or box car window, the Parzen lag window, the Bartlett or triangle window, the Tukey or cosine window, the Lanczos data window, and the Lanczos-squared data window. (1, 7)

WINDOWS generates a symmetrical array of weights for use as a data window, as required, for example, in the spectrum estimation procedures of the ARAND routines FOUSPC, FOUSPCS, FOUSPCS, and FFTPS. Two basic window shapes are available, the first having a spectral window very similar to the Tukey or cosine window, while the second produces the Parzen spectral window. (1, 10)

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Director, Computer, Center Oregon State University Corvallis, OR 97331 Available from originator only

Telephone (503) 754-2494

Generates Arbitrary Filter HILOW

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 1800

Generates a lowpass, bandpass, or highpass filter defined by three parameters, with or without its conjugate; punches the multipliers on cards; and lists its amplitude response over the full frequency range. NIO Program No. 158. Author - D.E. Cartwright.

National Institute of Oceanography Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation) Wormley, Godalming, Surrey, England

Two-Dimensional Autocorrelation

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - IBM 7090/IBM 1401

Applies regression and correlation analyses to a sample of ocean terrain. Computes variance and covariance as function of position in data field. Ref. Arthur D. Little, Inc., Technical Report No. 1440464, "Statistical Analyses of Ocean Terrain and Contour Plotting Procedures," by Paul Switzer, C. Michael Mohr, and Richard E. Heitman, April 1964. Appendices B and C of report describe (but do not list) two routines used: (1) "Correlation Constants" (IBM 7090); (2) "Local Means and Variances" (IBM 1401).

Trident/ASW Library Arthur D. Little, Inc. 35 Acorn Park Cambridge, MA 02140 Copy on file at NODC (listing); documentation (above report) available from NTIS, Order No. AD 601 538/LK, \$4.75 paper, \$2.25 microfiche.

Time Series Analysis BLACKY

Language - FC AAN IV Hardware - IBM 360

Computes, for two simultaneous time series, cross spectra, power spectra, phase and coherence. Subprograms obtain the filtered series, remove the trend, and compute the auto- and cross correlations. This NPGS library program is listed in a thesis by John G. McMillan, June 1968. The thesis uses digical analysis by program BLACKY in the study of temperature fluctuations near the air-ses interface, the wave field at the same point, and the downstream wind velocity.

Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, CA 93940 Thesis available from NTIS, Order No. AD 855 533/LK, \$3.25 paper, \$2.25 microfiche.

Spectral Analysis of Time Series

Language - FORTRAN IV/ALGOL 60 Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/Burroughs B5500 Finds the spectra, cospectra, quadspectra, coherence, and phase of two series or a single spectrum of one series, using the fast Fourier transform (algorithm of Cooley and Tukey, 1965). Special Report No. 6, by Everett J. Fee, March 1969.

The Librarian Center for Great Lakes Studies University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee Milwaukee, WI 53201 Copy on file at NOLC (above report)

Spectra Programs
DETRND, AUTCOV, CRSCOV, FOURTR

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-40

DETRND removes the mean, or the mean and linear trend (slope), from a time series. AUTCOV computes the autocovariance of the time series. CRSCOV computes the auto- and cross-covariances of two sequences. FOURTR computes either the sine or cosine Fourier transform. Smoothing of either is optional. Technical Note 13, "Water Wave Teaching Aids," by Ralph 1. Cross. Adapted (with permission) from a program written at Bell Laboratories by M.J.R. Healy, 1962.

Hydrodynamics Laboratory Copy on file at NODC (above report)
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Cambridge, MA 02139

Analysis of Non-Linear Response Surface

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 1130

Analyzes the data from response surface experiments when two or three factors are measured. Options allow calculation of maximum likelihood estimates of power transformations of both independent and dependent variables, and the plotting of their relative maximum likelihood graphs, as a measure of the precision of the principal estimates. The data is then subjected to analysis of variance, using orthogonal polynomials, and principle component analysis; specified contours of the dependent variable are plotted, both without and with transformation. FRB Technical Report No. 87 by J.K. Lindsey, Aug. 1968.

Pacific Biological Station Pisheries Research Board of Canada P. O. Box 100 Nanaimo, B. C. V9R 5K6 Copy on file at NODC (above report)

Multiple Discriminant Analysis HULDA

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 1130

A complete multiple discriminant analysis is performed by six interrelated programs which are executed in succession through the link feature in 1130 FORTRAN. Will accept up to 25 variates and as many as 10 groups. Any number of additional data cards can be read and processed after the discriminant analysis has been completed. The value of the discriminant function, classification chi-squares, and probabilities of group membership are computed and printed for each additional m-variate observation. FRB Technical Report No. 112 (unpublished manuscript), by L.V. Pienaar and J.A. Thomson, March 1969.

Pacific Biological Station Fisheries Research Board of Canada P. O. Box 100 Nanaimo, B. C. V9R 5K6

Copy on file at NODC (above report)

Fourier Analysis

1.101

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7090/32K

Obtains amplitudes and phases of frequency components in any record. Standard Fourier analysis plus use of Tukey cosine window to reduce edge effects. Author - Alsop.

Lamont-Doherty Geological Observa- Copy on file at NODC (deck, documentation) tory Columbia University Palisades, NY 10964

Cluster Analysis

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - IBM 1800

Carries out a single linkage cluster analysis using data in the form of an upper triangular similarity matrix. Output: (1) similarity level of clustering cycle; (2) a list of the linkages that occur at that similarity level; (3) at the end of the cycle, the cluster numbers and a list of the entities making up each cluster are printed. Running time: A matrix of order 60 took approximately 15 minutes to cluster. NIO Program No. 166. Author - M. Fasham.

> National Institute of Oceanography Copy on file at NODC (listing, decumentation) Wormley, Godalming, Surrey, England

Probability Distribution

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 370/120K

WEIBUL

Parameters for a Weibull probability distribution are calculated from low, most probable, and high estimates of random variables.

> Robert T. Lackey Department of Fisheries and Wildlife Sciences Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University Blacksburg, VA 24061

Available from originator only

Statistics from WHOI Format

Language - FORTRAN IV-H Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

STATS

Computes and lists statistical quantities related to variables stored on tape in WHOI standard format. See HISTO format reference.

> Richard W. Payne Available from originator only Wood Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Extended Normal Separator Program ENORMSEP

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-651/168K where K is 1024 bytes

Separates a polynomial distribution into its component groups where no a priori information is available on the number of modes, their overlap points, or variance. Transformation of frequency distribution by probit analysis, polynomial regression analysis, and program NORMSEP (Hasselblad, 1966). Input: Observed frequency distribution together with values for identification and control purposes. Output: means, variances, and numerical representation of the separated groups.

> Marian Y.Y. Yong National Marine Fisheries Service P.O. Box 3830 Honolulu, HI 96812

Available from originator only

Telephone (808) 946-2181

Single Integration

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Equally spaced time series data are integrated once using Tick's method. The data must be sampled at a rate of at least twice the Nyquist frequency. Informal report IM No. 66-36. OS No. 66-36. Author - E.B. Ross.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373

Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

# **CURVE FITTING**

Fits a Smooth Curve SMOOTH

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - 15M 360-65

Fits a smooth curve between supplied points that passes exactly through those points. Author - Dave Pendleton.

Oceanographic Services Branch National Oceanographic Data Center NOAA/FDS Copy on file at NODC

Washington, DC 20235

Telephone (202) 634-7439

Curve Fitting: Velocity Profile NEWFIT

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - U.IVAC 1108/25K

Fits a velocity profile with a series of curve segments having continuous first derivatives at points of intersection. Output: Printed listings of original data, fitted data, and coefficients of curve segments; also, cards for input to program "Sonar in Refractive Water". NEWFIT is the main routine of the program described in Report AP-PROG-C-8070, "A New Curve-Fitting Program," by Melvin O. Brown, Associated Aero Science Laboratories, Inc., Pasadena, for NUSC, Feb. 1968.

Three subroutines, UCF, BCF, and TCF (for Univariate, Bivariate, and Trivariate Curve Fit), for

Naval Undersea Center Pasadena Laboratory 3202 E. Foothill Blvd. Pasadena, CA 91107 Copy on file at NODC (above report)

Least-Squares Curve Fitting in Two, Three, and Four Dimensions

Languag: - FORTRAN II

UCF, BCF, TCF

Hardwar - CDC 3100

use in two-, three-, and four-space. Curve coefficients calculated by reduction technique due to P.D. Crout (1941). Output: printout of coefficients, in normalized floating coint, and differences curve-to-points, in same format. Satellite subroutine SYMMET is called to solve m simultaneous equations in x. BIO Computer Note 68-1-C by F.A. Keyte, Jan. 1968.

Director
Bedford Institute of Oceanography
P.O. Box 1006
Dartmouth, N.S., Canada B2Y 4A2

Copy on file at NODC (Report with listing and documentation)

Subroutine for Fitting a Least-Squares
Distance Hyperplane to Measured Data

Language - FORTRAN V Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

A subroutine for modeling measured data in k-space by a least-squares distance hyperplane, and numerically compared with ordinary least squares. Minimizes the sum of the squares of the perpendicular distances from the points  $X_m$  to the hyperplane model. Input: Points  $X_m = (x_m)$ ,  $x_m \ge 1$ ,

Marvin J. Goldstein Naval Underwater Systems Center New London, CT 06320

Available from originator only

Telephone (203) 442-0771, ext. 2415

Fits Polynomial P3TERM

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-65

This routine fits a polynomial function  $Y(x) = a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + \dots + a_mx^m$  to the data  $(x_1, Y_1)$ ,  $(x_2, Y_2) \dots (x_n, Y_n)$  by using the least squares criterion. The method is very accurate and should perform well for up to a 20-term polynomial and 100 data points.

Jerry Sullivan
Center for Experiment Design and
Data Aualysis
Washington, DC 20235

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Telephone (202) 634-7288

Least-Squares Plot

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

Fits an n-degree polynomial (max. n = 10) or an exponential function to data points (max. 300), plotting the actual curve and the computed curve for comparison or plotting the data points only to help identify the type of curve they represent. OS No. 10112. Author - James S. Warden.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Temperature, Salinity Corrections CURVFIT N1S512

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - UNIVAC 1108/DEC PDP-9/6K words

Determines corrections for electronically measured temperature and salinaty data, using linear and curvilinear regression techniques. Input: Temperatures or salinity data collected simultaneously with electronic sensors, reversing thermometers, and Niskin bottles. Output: Corrections for a range of possible observed values, equations of best fit linear, parabolic, and cubic equacions, and standard error of estimate.

Harry Iredale U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373

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Telcphone (202) 433-3257

Bartlett's Curve Fitting

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 1800

Bartlett's method for computing the best value for fitting a linear relationship or an exponential relationship. The 70% and 90% confidence limits on the slope are also found. The program takes a maximum of 99 sets of data, each with a maximum of 500 points. NIO Program No. 174. Author - Maureen Tyler.

National Institute of Oceanography Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation) Wormley, Godalning, Surrey, England

Curve Fitting CRVFT

Language - FORTRAN II Hardware - GE 225

Finds either best least-squares fit to n points within specified standard deviation "sigma," or fits a specified "M-curve" order curve -- the former executes by M-curve negative, the latter by M-curve non-negative. In either case "SD" is the actual Landard deviation as calculated. BIO Computer Note 66-5-C, Appendix 5; also, a 14-page writeup is in the "COPE" catalog (1965) of the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution. Author - F.K. Keyte.

Bedford Institute of Oceanography P. O. Box 1006 Dartmouth, N. S. B2Y 4A2 Copy on file at NODC (deck, documentation)

Telephone (902) 426-3410

# **APPLIED MATHEMATICS**

Linear Interpolation

Language - PL/1

LININT

Hardware - IBM 360-65/144 (hex) bytes

Computes a linear interpolation on fullword fixed binary integers. Author - Robert Van Wie.

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NOAA/EDS

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Lagrangian Three-Point Interpolation LAG3PT

Language - PL/1

Hardware - IBM 360-65

Computes a Lagrangian three-point interpolation; calls subroutine LININT. Author - Robert Van Wie.

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Calculates Spline Coefficient SPLCOF

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - IBM 360-65

Calculates spline coefficient for use by routine SPLINE. Author - Dave Pendleton.

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Interpolating by Cubic Spline

SPLINE

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - IBM 36(-65/832 bytes (object form)

Performs interpolation by cubic splines. This method fits a cubic spline between adjacent points while insuring that the first two derivatives remain continuous. The endpoints (X(1) and X(N)) use an extrapolation of the curvature at points X(2) and X(N-1). Author - Dave Pendleton.

> Oceanographic Services Branch National Oceanographic Data Center

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Telephone (202) 634-7439

Program for Smoothing Data Using the Cubic Spline

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - UNIVAC 1108

Fits measured data with the smoothing cubic spline, using an extension of Reinsch's technique which brings the second derivative of the spline to zero at its end points. The extension allows end conditions on either first or second derivatives. Input: Set of sample data (x1, y1), i = 0), 1, ...,  $n\ge 2$ ;  $x_0< x_1< ...< x_n$  and end conditions on either the first or second derivative and a smoothing parameter  $S \in (N-\sqrt{2N}, N+\sqrt{2N})$  where N=n+1. Output: Smoothed data values

 $9_4$  and pointwise approximations to the first and second derivatives at the points  $x_1$ . NUSC Tech. Hemo. No. PA4-48-74, "On a Computer Program for Smoothing Data Using the Cubic Spline," by M.J. Goldstein.

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Solve Algebraic Equations MATRIX

Language - USASI FORTRAN Hardware - CDC 3300/20K words

Solves n linear algebraic equations in n unknowns, using Cholesky's method.

Alan T. Massey Naval Underwater Systems Center Newport, RI 02840 Available from originator only

Telephone (401) 841-4772

Checks Angles TWCPI Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-65/CDC 6600

In the use of angles, this routine assures that any angle remains between 0° and 360°.

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Trigonometry Subroutines ASSUB, SAS, ASA

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 1800

ASSUB calculates trig other side. Input: 1 angle, 2 sides. Output: Two possible side lengths; if either or both returned sides are zero, these values are undefined. SAC calculates other side. Input: Side, angle, side. Output: Length of other side. ASA calculates other two sides. Input: Angle, side, angle. Output: Length of other two sides.

Michael Moore Scripps Institution of Oceanography P.O. Box 1529 La Jolla, CA 92037

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Telephone (714) 452-4194

Inter-Active Calculations DSDP/CALC

Language - ALGOL

Hardware - Burroughs 6700/6K words

Provides inter-active computing abilities for persons with the occasional need to do numerical calculations involving small amounts of data. The user may address either the "definition level" or "evaluation level" of ten independent working spaces in which any number of expresions may be defined. The program can save the total working environment for later use. In put: General arithmetic expressions defined in terms of alpha-numeric identifiers, system intrinsic functions and previously defined expressions. An expression is evaluated by assigning values to the independent variables in either an identifier prompting mode or free-field input mode.

W. Thomas Birtley Deep Sea Drilling Project Box 1529 La Jolla, CA 92037 Available from originator only

Telephone (714) 452-3526

# DATA REDUCTION, EDITING, CONVERSION, INVENTORY, RETRIEVAL, AND SPECIAL INPUT-OUTPUT

Thermometer Correction TCPLO

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/12,500 words/2 tape

units/CalComp Plotter

Plots thermometer correction curves and prints the calibration data for each thermometer. Formulas used are from "On Formulas for Correcting Reversing Thermometers," by F.K. Keyte.

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Mary Hunt Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543 Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Thermometer Correction, Depth Computation HyDl

Ls uage - HP ASA Basic FORTRANA Hardware - HP 2100/HP 2116/12K words/Keyboard/ CalComp Plotter/Paper tape optional

Corrects thermometer readings and computes depth or pressure. Input: Station information, including thermometer readings, and thermometer calibrations. Output: Depth and corrected temperature for each station.

Chris Polloni Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543 Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Areal Concentration INTEGRATE

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - IBM 360/3676 bytes

Performs integration of samples taken at discrete depths to produce areal concentrations. Integration is of form  $\tilde{N}[d_{n+1}-d_n][(A_{n+1}+A_n)/2]$  where d = depth and A = values of a variable for each of N depths. Input: Data cards containing sample identification codes and depth values along with substance to be integrated. An unlimited number of depths and variables may be integrated. Output: Printed output includes sample identification codes, list of depths and variable values, a depth-weighted average for each depth interval, and the running sum; punched output includes identification codes and integration from surface to selected depths. "A Computer Program Package for Aquatic Ecologists," by Paul J. Godfrey, Lois White, and Elizabeth Keokosky.

Paul J. Godfrey Department of Natural Resources Cornell University, Fernow Hall Ithaca, NY 14850 Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Telephone (6.)7; 256~3120

Urweighted Averages AVERAGE

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360/5824 bytes

Calculates unweighted averages over depth; depths for which data are averaged may be controlled. Input: Data cards with sample identification codes, depth and variables to be averaged; if average is to be controlled by a variable such as thermocline depth, this must also be included. Output: Printed or punched averages of several variables in a form similar to the input data, i.e., one variable after another on each card, thus suitable for use in packaged programs. "A Computer Program Package for Aquatic Ecologists," by Paul J. Godfrey, Lois White, and Elizabeth Keokosky.

Paul J. Godfrey Department of Katural Resources Cornell University, Fernow Hall Ithaca, NY 14850 Copy on file at NODC (listing, documentation)

Telephone (607) 256-3120

Bathymetric Data Reduction

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 7074

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Processes data gathered while navigating with any circular and/or hyperbolic system. Eight options are available pertaining to position conversion, form of input, data smoothing, special corrections, and interpolation of position-dependent values such as contour crossings. OS No. 53559.

Data Systems Office U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office Washington, DC 20373 Available from originator only

Telephone (301) 763-1449

Julian Day Conversion JDAYWK Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IAM 360-65

Computes the date from the Julian day.

Paul Sabol Center for Experiment Design and Data Analysis, NOAA/EDS Washington, DC 20235 Available from originator only

Telephone (202) 634-7344

Julian Date Conversion Routines
JULDAY, JULIAN, JULYAN, JULSEC, CESLUJ

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360/CDC 6600/PDP-11

Given the month (1-12), day, and war, JULDAY returns the Julian Day. JULIAN calculates month (in 10-character words) and day, given the year and Julian date. JULYAN calculates month (digital) and day from given year and Julian date. JULSEC yields Julian seconds from Julian day, hour, minute, and second. CESLUJ computes the Julian date, hour, minute, and second, given Julian seconds.

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Day of the Week NDAYWK

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-65

This subroutine returns the day of the week for any date in the nineteenth or twentieth century. Modifications include conversion of the function to a subroutine so Julian day can be extracted and addition of an array containing an alphanumeric description of the day.

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Date Calculations
DAYWK, NWDAT, NXTDY, YSTDY

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IFM 1800 Given year (4 digits) and Julian Day (1-366), DAYWK produces the day of the week (1-7, Sun.-Sat.). Given packed date (bits 0-3 month, 4-8 day, 9-15 year), NVDAT produces following date, packed and unpacked. Given day, month, year, NXTDY returns day, month, year of next day. Given packed date, YSTDY produces preceding date (packed).

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Telephone (714) 452-4194

Julian Day Subroutines CLEJL, CLJUL

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 1800

Both subroutines calculate Julian Day. Input formats vary. CLEJL format, 01 Nov. 70; CLJUL format, day (1-31), year (00-99), month (1-12).

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Time Conversion DTIME

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 1800

Calculates hours, minutes, and seconds, given thousandths of hours.

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Current Meter Data Reduction

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 1800

Converts data in the form of angular positions of the rotor and compass arcs from Braincon type 316 current meters into values of current speed and direction, tilt direction, N-S and E-W current components and displacements in kilometers from any arbitrary origin. Data are output to lineprinter with column headings and magnetic tape without headings. Author - W.J. Gould.

> Wormley, Godalming, Surrey United Kingdom

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Reduction and Display of Data Acquired at Sea

Language - FORTRAN II

Hardware - IBM 1130/Disk/C.1Comp 30" plotter

A system of programs (navigation, gravity, topography, magnetics) for the reduction, storage, and display of underway data acquired at sea. A large number of the programs utilize navigation points together with raw digitized geophysical data presented as a time series, where the different data may be read at unequal intervals. Technical Report No. 1, by Manik Talwani, August 1969.

> Lamont-Doherty Geological Observa- Available from NTIS, Order No. AD 693 293/LK, tory \$10.00 paper copy, \$2.25 microfiche. Columbia University Palisades, NY 10964

Hydrographic Data Reduction TWO FIVE

Language - FORTRAN 63 Hardware - CDC 3600

Processes raw data to obtain corrected depth, temperature, salinity, and oxygen, as follows: (1) from protected deep-ses reversing thermometer readings, obtains corrected in situ temperature; (2) from unprotected deep-ses referring thermometer readings, obtains the thermometric depth, corrected for gravity variations and for the mean density of the overlying water column any ocean; (3) fits least-squares curves to wire length vs. (wire length minus thermometric depth) to determine the accepted depth; (4) culculates salinity from raw salinity readings; (5) calculates dissolved oxygen concentrations from titrations. Report (unpublished manuscript) by Forms Hantyla, Oct. 1970.

Marine Life Research Group Copy on file at NODC (above report)
Scripps Institution of Oceanography
P.O. Box 1529
La Jolla, CA 92037

Station Data Reduction SYNOP

Language - FORTRAN II, FAP
Hardware - IBM 7094-7040 DCS/25,335 words (main program), 2058 words (subroutines)

Reduces data from raw shipboard observations. Corrects thermometers and computes thermometric depths, wire angle depths, salinities from bridge readings, oxygen values from titrations; then computes sigma-t, oxygen saturation percent, and apparent oxygen utilization. Technical Report No. 181 (M67-8), "Processing of Oceanographic Station Data: A Coordinated Computer-Compatible System," by Eugene E. Collias, Jan. 1968.

Department of Oceanography University of Washington Seattle, WA 98105 Available from NTIS, Order No. AD 670 472/LK, \$5.75 paper, \$2.25 microfiche.

Thermometer Correction TCHK2

Language - FORTHAN VI Hardware - IBM 1130

Corrects deep-sea reversing thermometers, computes thermometric depths, allows spurious values to be removed from L-Z table, smooths the L-Z table, and punches smoothed depth and observed temperature and salinity and oxygen values onto cards in CODC format. Two other thermometer correction programs are available: TCHK1 uses the L/Z method; TCHK3 computes pressure. FRB Manuscript report No. 1071 (unpublished manuscript), by C.A. Collins, R.L.K. Tripe and S.K. Wong, Dec. 1969.

Pacific Biological Station Copy on file at NODC (above report)
Fisheries Research Board of Canada
P. O. Box 100
Nanaimo, 3. C. V9R 5K6

Read NODC Format Station Data

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

READTAPE 1,000 words
MASTER 200 words
ENVIR 118 words
DETAIL 280 words

Subprogram READTAPE reads, unpacks, and returns to the user NODC oceanographic station data records, one station at a time. Subprogram MASTER takes information from master record and returns the information to the calling program. Subprogram ENVIR takes information from the first 24 characters of master or observed detail record and returns the information to the calling program in usable form. Subprogram DETAIL takes the information from an observed detail record and returns to the calling program correct values for all variables and suitable indicators for special conditions. Input to all subprograms: NODC station data on cards or tape.

Mary Hunt Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Reads NODC Station Data Tape EDIT

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-65

This subroutine reads a NODC station data tape (120 characters per record), checks the indicators in characters 81-120, sets the decimal points, then prints the master records, observed station data, and standard station data for each station. See program CAPRICORN.

> Ruth McMath Department of Oceanography Texas AiM University College Station, TX 77843

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Telephone (713) 845-7432

Converts NODC Format Data to bNDO Format TRANSHODC

Language - FORTRAN IV

Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/2 tape or disk units

This system prepares data in NODC format for introduction into the Poseidon system; header data are listed, stations are selected and separated into cruises with inventories at the cruise level, and output is provided in BNDO format. Report, "Transcodage des donnees NODC."

> Mr. Stanislas, BNDO Centre National pour l'Exploitation

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des Oceans Boite Postale 337

29273 Brest Cedex, France

Telephone 80.46.50, telex 94-627

Converts Data to BNDO Format

TRANSCOD

Language - FORTKAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7/2 tape or disk units

This system prepares data in out-of-house formats for introduction into the Poseidon system; header data are listed, stations are selected and separated into cruises with inventories at the cruise level, and output is provided in BNDO format. Input formats are those of ORSTOM, SHOM, etc.

Mr. Stanislas, BNDO

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des Oceans

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Reads BNDO Format Data LSTA 1142

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

This subroutine is used to read easily the physical, chemical, and biological data in the complex and very flexible BNDO format. Data may be on disk, tape, or cards. After the call, the station is stored in a common area.

Mr. Stanislas, BNDO

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29273 Brest Cedex, France

Telephone 80.46.50, telex 94-627

Editing for WHOI format

Language - FORTRAN IV-H Hardware - XDS Sigma 7

Provides several methods by which data stored in WHOI standard format may be edited and tested. Output is the corrected version of the data on 9-track tape. See HISTO format reference.

Richard E. Payne Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, MA 02543

Available from originator only

Telephone (617) 548-1400

Mailing Labels MAILER

Language - ALGOL

Hardware - Burrough: 6700/16K words

Generates 4-up peel-off mailing labels on the line printer. Option: Bulk mail handling, sorting by user defined key, rejection of records by user defined key. Input: Addresses on punched cards; privileged information may be included which is not printed.

Peter B. Woodbury Deep Sea Drilling Project Box 1529 La Jolla, CA 92037 Available from originator only

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Fortran Access to Scientific Data FASD

Language - FORTRAN II, CODAP-1 Hardware - CDC 1604/4850 48 bit words

Designed to be used as a subroutine, FASD accomplishes the dual purpose of converting an existing data base to FASD format as well as providing a convenient unpack data handling tooi. For user convenience, I/O tape status checking, bit shifting, data bias manipulation, etc., have been absorbed by the package so that raw data can be made immediately available from the FASD pack; or raw data can be packed into the FASD format by a single instruction. Available functions are fixed or floating point READ, WRITE, READ IDENT only, and SKIP. The present data base is NODC station data. Access time is 44 seconds for 1,000 random length observations. A table of pointers is maintained to insure accurate transmission of observation data. The FASD format provides an extremely tight pack of thermal structure data where the observation format consists of an identification (parameters such as position, metering device, station number, data time group) and a temperature profile. The FASD format is not computer word length oriented. Input: (1) Raw data to be packed into the FASD format, or (2) magnetic tape containing data in the FASD format. Output: If input (1), a magnetic tape containing FASD packed data; if input (2), raw data are output to the driving program.

Alan W. Church, Code 80 Fleet Numerical Weather Central Monterey, CA 93940 Copy on file at NODC (listing)

Reproduce and Serialize Deck DUPE

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - CDC 6600

Reproduces, lists, and serializes source or data decks. Program options allow reproduction without serialization and up to 999 reproductions and listings of the input deck. Input may be any standard FORTRAN or alphanumeric punch deck.

Jack Foreman Center for Experiment Design and Data Analysis, NOAA/EDS Washington, DC 20235

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Flags Suspicious Data Values EDITQ

Language - FORTRAN IV Hardware - IBM 360-65 EDITQ is designed as a computationally fast and efficient means of flagging suspiciously large or small values in a series of data. The data series is fitted with a least-squares fit straight line under the assumption that the programer limits the length of the data series to regions sufficiently small so that the straight line is locally a good approximation to the trend.

> Donald Acheson Center for Experiment Design and Data Analysis, NOAA/EDS Washington, DC 20235

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Format Free Input Subroutine OREAD

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 1800

A format free input subroutine for cards or other sources. Input: Integer array with first eight variables set to determine input.

> Michael Moore Scripps Institution of Oceanography P.O. Box 1529 La Jolla, CA 92037

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Telephone (714) 452-4194

Meters vs. Fathous MATBL

Language - FORTRAN

Hardware - IBM 1800/16K words

Produces table of corrected depths in meters vs. raw fathoms.

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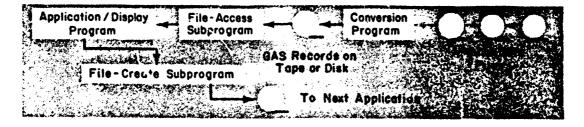
Telephone (714) 452-4194

A File-Independent, Generalized Application System, GAS

Language - FORTRAN IV-G, Assembler, PL/1-F

Hardware · IBM 360-65

Development of GAS was based on the following premises: (1) most files of oceanographic data consist of identification fields (location, date, etc.), an independent variable (perhaps water depth or time), and one or more dependent variables (e.g., water temperature or dissolved oxygen); (2) a system could be designed to treat these items uniformly, i.e., instead of tailoring programs to a discrete data file, the basic units could be extracted and transmitted to a generalized applications system from which many products could be derived. As a result, GAS has "n" number of applications programs, rather than a theoretical maximum of "n" times the number of files. Only one extra program was necessary -- the conversion module which provides a link between the various data files and the GAS system. The system of applications programs is tailored to an intermediate file created by this conversion module. Version 1 of the conversion module can access the files for Nansen casts, mechanical bathythermographs (BT), and expendable bathythermographs (XBT); soon to be added are the continuous salinity-temperaturedepth (STD) file, ICES ocean surface reference file, and data from cooperative oceanographic research projects.



Following are descriptions of individual programs and subroutines:

GASDIPBS reads the NODC GAS file and, on one pass of the data, produces any one of three different printouts, depending on the control card entry. Author - Gary Keull (44K, FORTRAN IV-G).

GASSAMPC prints the first three and the last basic master records only of a GAS formatted data set and gives a record count. Author - Gary Keull (38K, FORTRAN IV-G).

GASEINV prints out a geographic inventory of GAS data by ten-degree square, one-degree square, and month, and gives counts of all one degrees and ten degrees and a total number of stations processed. Author - Gary Keull (40K, FORTRAN IV-G).

GASCCI reads GAS records and prints out country code, reference identification number, and from and to consec numbers. Also gives a total station count. Author - Gary Keull (4JK, FORTRAN IV-G).

GASVAPRT reads the output of the program GASVASUM and prints vertical array summaries. Author - Walter Morawski (48K, FORTRAN IV-G).

GVAREFRM takes the GAS vertical array summary programs summed records and produces a 110 character output record. Author - Gary Keull (30K, FORTRAN IV-G).

GASTHERM computes the depth of the 'hermocline and mixed layer if desired. Also outputs a temperature gradient analysis. Author - Walter Morawski (40K, Assembler).

GASMASK reads the basic and supplementary master information and produces a detailed printout of master information and headings for each station. Author - Judy Yavner (100K, PL/1-F).

INDATA reads GAS records and transfers all the fields present into a common area in core of the calling program. With each call to this subroutine, all master and independent-dependent parameter pairs are transferred to the common area. Author - Walter Morawski (748 bytes (object form), Assembler).

Subroutine CANADA computes Canadian ten-degree, five-degree, two-degree, one-degree, and quarter-degree squares from latitude and longitude degrees and minutes. Authors - Walter Morawski and Gary Keull (5K, FORTRAN IV-G).

Subroutine CREATE creates GAS records when called from a user's program. Author - Walter Morawski (630 bytes (object form), Assembler).

GAS accesses the major files of NODC and creates records compatible with the GAS system. Author - Walter Morawski (96K, FORTRAN IV-G).

MONTH80 selects all stations with a month entry that corresponds to a particular control card entry. Author - Gary Keull (44K, Assembler).

CHEM80 selects all stations with a non-zero chemistry percentage that corresponds to a control card entry. Author - Gary Keull (44K, Assembler).

DEPTH80 selects all stations with a maximum depth greater than the control card entry. Author - Gary Keull (24K, Assembler).

LATLON80 selects an area based on latitude and longitude degrees and minutes entered in a control card. Author - Gary Keull (44K, Assembler).

GASORDER selects certain GAS records (specified by cruise and consec numbers) from an input tape and inserts a sort-order number in an unused area. The output, when sorted on this order number, will be in whatever order the user has specified on the control cards. Author - Walter Morawski (38K, Assembler).

GASVASUM reads GAS type 1, 2, or 3 records and produces three output GAS format records that contain a vertical array summary. (Depth, Max, Avg, Min, Number, Standard Deviation). Summaries are at NODC standard levels, five meter intervals, or ten meter intervals, depending on the input Author - Walter Morawski (86K, FORTRAN IV-G).

ALTERGAS reads a primary GAS file and finds matches to these records in an auxiliary GAS file. Before outputting, records may be altered and a single file of records may be altered in any way. Author - Walter Morawski (90K, FORIRAN IV-G).

GASB accesses several major files at NODC and creates records compatible with GAS. Author - Walter Morawski (90K, FORTRAN IV-G with Assembler input-output routines).

NODCSQ takes the latitude and longitude fields from the GAS master fields and computes the NODC ten-degree, five-degree, two-degree, one-degree, quarter-degree, and six-minute squares and replaces them into the master field arrays. Author - Walter Morawski (2K, FORTRAN IV-G).

NAMES prints the names of the dependent and independent parameters of the GAS system. At present, there are 29 names which may be printed all at once or singularly; this subroutine is used in program GASDIPBS for output type 2 listings. Author - Gary Keull (28K, FORTRAN IV-G).

SD2GAS accesses the NODC SD2 (station data 2) file, selects upon various criteria, and outputs GAS records of various types; user may at same time output regular SD2 records for use by non-GAS programs. The following options are available:

- A. Standard and/or observed depths only will be returned;
- B. If a value is missing at a particular level, it may be interpolated;
- C. Doubtful and questionable data may or may not be included;
- D. Chemistry values may be shifted to NODC prescribed nearest standard levels.
- Output formats available:
  -1 Basic GAS master fields;
  - -2 Basic GAS master fields and all supplementary fields present;
  - O Basic GAS master fields and one independent-dependent parameter pair;
  - 1 Basic GAS master fields and parameter pairs at five-meter intervals;
  - 2 Basic GAS master fields and parameter pairs at ten-meter intervals;
  - 3 Basic GAS master fields and parameter pairs at Nansen levels;
  - 4 Basic GAS master fields and parameter pairs whenever they appeared in that particular record;
- 5 Basic GAS master fields and parameter pairs at depth intervals specified by the user. Author Waiter Morawski (96K, FORTRAN IV-G).

GASSCUDS summarizes SCUDS (surface current-ship drift) records by area, ten-degree, five-degree, two-degree, one-degree, quarter-degree, one-tenth-degree squares, year, month, or day. Outputs produced are optional. Variations include two print formats or two tape formats. Parameters include all geographic information, month, year, day, north and east components, resultant speed and direction, total observations, number of calms, max and mean speeds, and standard deviation. Also available is a distribution of individual observations by speed and direction. Authors - Gary Keull and Walter Morawski (80K, FORTRAN IV-G).

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NOAA/EDS

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Telephone (202) 634-7439

Other NODC Programs

Hardware - IBM 360-65

### STD Data:

STDRETV retrieves records from the STD geofile; sections are made on the basis of optional select fields; with one exception, these select fields are located in the master records. Author - Robert Van Wie (Assembler).

#### Station Data:

SD2TOSD1 converts station data from SD2 variable length record to SD1 80 or 83 byte records. Author - Walter Morawski (36K bytes, Assembler).

SDCHAR processes a series of 83 byte records to construct a one-record-per-station file of variable length character records. Author - Robert Van Wie (92K bytes, PL/1).

SDPRT2 produces an edited listing of the SD2 variable length record or data in the 80 byte format. Author - Sally Heimerdinger (36K bytes, Assembler).

SDSELECT selects SD1 records by Marsden square, one-degree square, or card type. Author - Michael Flanagan (24K bytes, Assembler).

SD2MSTCT counts the number of SD2 records and prints the first 50 records and the last record. Author - Elmer Freeman (50K bytes, Assembler).

SD2SAMP selects five records from SD2 tape; used to give users a sample of SD2 data. Author - Walter Horawaki (36K bytes, Assembler).

SDGEOIV reads SD2 master ille and summarizes the number of stations by month, year, one-degree square, five-degree square, and modified Canadian (ten-degree) square; best results are obtained when running against a geographically sorted file. Author - Michael Flanagan (14K bytes, PL/1).

MAKE120 converts an 80 or 83 byte record from the NODC station data geofile to the 120 character zone-edit format for the IBM 7074. Author - Walter Moraws:: (36K bytes, Assembler).

DEPTH selects full station data records with depths greater than a given hundred-meter interval. Author - J. Gordon (17K bytes, Assembler).

CRUCON reads either the SD2 file or SD2 master file and prints the NODC cruise consec number inventory. Author - Walter Morawski (36K bytes, Assembler).

CODCCONV converts station data in the format of the Marine Environmental Data Service (formerly CODC - Canadian Oceanographic Data Center) to the NODC format. A table of control cards is required to convert the Canadian cruise reference numbers to the NODC system. Author - Walter Morawski (24K bytes, Assembler).

SUPERSEL selects from the SD2 geofile or master file by Canadian (ten-degree) square. Input file is sorted in Canadian square order; output is identical in format, but contains ally the data from the desired Canadian squares. Author - Walter Morawski (36K bytes, Assembler).

SDPASS :etrieves SD2 records from either the cruise-sorted file, the geosorted file, or the master file. Output is on one of four formats: (1) the original variable length record; (2) a series of 80 byte fixed-length records; (3) 105 byte fixed-length records; (4) undefined records. Author - Robert Van Wie (Assembler).

#### Expendable Bathythermograph Data:

XORDER selects XBT data by exuise consec number, inserts a sort number in an unused space; the output, when sorted on this number, will be in whatever order was specified by the user on control cards. Author - Walcer Morawski (36K bytes, Assembler).

XBEVALU compares production with standard sample XBT's; sorts input by reference number and consec number before testing and evaluation; prints evaluation statistics. Author - Michael Flanagan (PL/1).

XBTQKOUT enables the user to choose the type of XBT output and the mode of output. Author - Philip Hadsell (60K bytes, FORTRAN IV-G).

XBCONV converts data from seven-track tapes in old NODC XBT format to new NODC format suitable for nine-track tape. Input: Contractor-processed XBT's. Output on disk. Author - Pearl Johnson (56K bytes, PL/1-4).

XBTCOUNT gives a station count of XBT data from either the cruise file or the goofile. Author - Elmer Freegan (Assembler).

XBFNWC, run after XBF'WSUM, reads control cards providing cruise and other master information and, for each cruise, converts (or deletes) Fleet Numerical Weather Central XBT data to the NODC X3T tape record format. Author - Judy Yavner (50K bytes, PL/1).

XBFNWSUM provides a summary of the cruises contained on a file of XBT data from Fleet Numerican Weather Central. Author - Judy Yavner (22K bytes, PL/1).

XBSELECT retrieves from the XBT data file by inputting the desired FORTRAN "if" statements. Author - Philip Hadsell (9K bytes, FORTRAN IV-G).

RETXBT retrieves records from the XBT cruise file or the XBT geofile. Author - Robert Van Wie (Assembler).

XBTCONV converts the XBT binary-character formatted records to an undefined all-character record with a maximum length of 2500 bytes; primarily used to satisfy requests for XBT data on seven-track tape. Author - Sally Heimerdinger (650 bytes plus 2 times the sum of the buffer lengths, Assembler).

XBMSINV, using the subroutine XBREAD, reads cruise-ordered XBT data and produces a summary of each cruise (one line per cruise), indicating the NODC cruise number, the number of observations per cruise, the beginning and ending dates, the NODC ship code, and the originator's cruise number. Author - Philip Hadsell (FOFTRAN).

XBGEOSUM prints a summary of the number of observations within given seasons, one-degree squares, ten-degree squares, and quadrants. Author - Philip Hadsell (80K bytes, FORTRAN IV-G).

#### Mechanical Bathythermograph Data:

RETBT retrieves records from the BT cruise file .r the BT geofile. Author - Robert Van Wie (Assembler).

BTLISTC provides edited printout with headings of the NODC geographically-sorted bathythermograph file. Author - Michael Flinagan (2600 bytes, Assembler).

BTGEOIV reads the bathythermograph file, summarizes the number of stations by month, year, one-degree square, five-degree square, and Marsden square. Author - Charlotte Sparks (14K bytes, PL/1).

#### Other NODC programs:

SCHNINE prints data from H1-9 surface current file; produces simultaneously any one of the following combinations: (1) edited listing of the entire file; (2) edited listing and punched cards, both for the entire file; or (3) edited listing, unedited listing, and magnetic tare, all for only the first 160 records. Author - Rosa T. Wasnington (Less than 56K bytes, PL/!).

SCMULTI outputs surface current data in any one of the following combinations: (1) edited listing of the entire file; (2) edited listing and punched cards for the entire file; or (3) edited listing, unedited listing, and magnetic tape, all for only the first 100 records. Author - Rosa T. Washington (72K bytes, PL/1).

DRYLAND reads a sequential tape file and identifies any one-degree square which is contractly on land. Author - Robert Van Wie (30K bytes, PL/1).

CANWMO computes a WMO square, given a Modified Canadian square. Requires subroutines GRIDSQ, TENSQ, and WMO. Author - Robert Van Wie (FORTRAN).

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Reformatted Station Output IRM 1

Language - FORTRAN Hardware - IBM 370

Outputs formatted hydrographic and nutrient chemical data by station; input is NOVA format raw data. Author - Stephen A. Macko.

B.J. McAlice Available from originator only
Ira C. Darling Center (Marine Laboratory)
University of Maine at Orono
Walpole, ME 04573 Telephone (207) 563-3146

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151 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 SD2TOSD1 152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 SDPRT2 152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 SDSELECT 152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 SD2MSTCT 152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 SD2SAMP
152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 SDPRT2 152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 SDSELECT 152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 SD2MSTCT 152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 SD2SAMP
152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 SDSELECT 152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 SD2MSTCT 152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 SD2SAMP
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152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 DEPTH
152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 CRUCON
152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 CODCCCNV
152 ASSEMBLER IBM 360/65 SUPERSEL
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# BASIC

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32 BASIC 13 BASIC	HP 9830A IBM 360	UNMANNEC FREE-SWIMMING SUBMERSIBLE ENVIRONMENTAL DYNAMICS SUBROUTINES CCEANLIB
13 BASIC	IBM 360	GEGSTROPHIC CURRENT

# COBOL

4 COBOL	IBM 360/50	CONSISTENCY OF PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA
4 COBOL	IBM 360.'85	DATA MGT SYS FOR PHYS CHEM DATA OCEAHSV
4 CCBCL		CALCULATION OF THERMOMETRIC VALUES
4 COBOL		STATION DATA SYSTEM FINAL VALUES

#### FORTRAN

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126 FORTRAN
                    CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND ARMAP
126 FORTRAN
                    CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARANO AUTO
126 FORTRAN
                    COC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND AUTOPLT
126 FORTRAN
                     CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND AXISL
                     CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES APAND COFFT
126 FORTRAN
127 FORTEAN
127 FORTPAN
                    COC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND CCORR
CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND COMPLT
127 FORTRAN
                     CDC 3300/6S3 TIME SERIES ARAND COMPLOT
127 FORTRAN
                     CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CONFID
127 FORTRAN
                     CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND CONFID 1
                    CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND CONMODE COC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND COPH
127 FURTRAN
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127 FORTRAN
                     COC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND CESTR
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                     CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CPEES
127 FORTPAN
                     CDC 3300/CS3 TIPE SERIES ARAND CPLTI
127 FORTRAN
                     CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CPLT2
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                     CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CROPLT
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                     CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CRCSS
                     CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND CUSID
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                     CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND CUSFO
CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND CZT
127 FORTRAN
128 FORTRAN
128 FCRTRAN
                     CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND WATPLY
128 FORTRAN
                     CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND LEMODI
128 FORTRAN
                     COC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND LEMOD2
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CDC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARANO DETRNO
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126 FORTRAN
128 FORTRAN
                     CDC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND DIFF12
                     CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND EUREKA
128 FCRTRAN
128 FORTRAN
                     CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND EXSMO
                     CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FFIN
CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FFINE
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                     CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND FFTCNV
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                     CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FFTS
CDC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FFTSPC
128 FORTRAN
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128 FORTRAN
                     CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND FILTER1
128 FORTRAN
                     CDC 3000/053 TIME SERIES ARAND FIVET
129 FORTRAN
                     CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FOLD
                    CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FOURTR
CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FOUSPC
CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FOUSPC1
CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FOUSPC2
129 FORTRAN
129 FORTRAN
129 FORTRAN
129 FORTRAN
                     CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FRESPON
CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND WAPH
129 FORTRAN
129 FORTRAN
                     CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND GENERI
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CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND GENER3
CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND LCGPLOT
CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND NO12T
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                     CDC 3300/OS3.TIME SERIES ARAND PHAPLT
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                     CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND PLTFGR
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                     CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND PSQRT
                     CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND RANDM
CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND RCTFFT
130 FCRTRAN
130 FORTRAN
130 FUKTRAN
                     CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND MESPEN
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                   CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND RPLACE
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                  CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND SARIT
CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND SERGEN
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                   CDC 3300/QS3 1:4E SERIES ARAND SMC
                   CDC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND SPEC
CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND SPECTI
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CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND TPLTFRQ
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131 FORTRAN
131 FCRTRAN
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                   CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND ISPECT1
CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES APAND ISPECT2
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                   CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARANG TRANFR
                   CDC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND TRANFRM
132 FORTOAN
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                   CDC 3300/0S3 TIME SERIES ARAND TTYCCN
132 FORTRAN
                   COC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND ITYNUM
132 FCRTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND UNLEAV
                   CDC 3300/QS3 TIME SENIES ARAND USES
CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND USES
132 FORTRAN
132 FORTRAN
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                   CDC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND USIC
132 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/DS3 TIME SERIES ARAND USPE
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND MINCOW
CDC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND MINDOWN
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142 FCRTRAN
                   18M 1800
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                                   FORMAT FREE INPUT SUBROUTINE GREAD
149 FORTRAN
                   IBM 1800
149 FORTRAN
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                                   METERS VS FATHCMS MATBL
144 FORTRAN
                    1BM 1800
                                   DATE CALCULATIONS GAYWK
144 FORTRAN
                                   DATE CALCULATIONS ANDAT
                    IBM 1800
 144 FCRTRAN
                    IBM 1800
                                   DATE CALCULATIONS AXTDY
                                   DATE CALCULATIONS YSTDY
 144 FORTRAN
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JULIAN DAY SUBROUTINES CLJUL
145 FORTRAN
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145 FORTRAN
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 145 FORTRAN
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 105 FORTRAN
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                                   PLOTS MERCATER GRID CHART
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                                   NAVIGATIONAL SATELLITE PASSES ALRTX
 106 FORTRAN
                    IBM 1800
                                   LORAN FIX LPFIX
 106 FPRTRAN
                    IBM 1800
                                   PLAN COURSE AND SCHEDULE CRUIS
 106 FORTRAN
                                   EARTH SPHERICAL SUBROUTINES ESTCH ESTC2 ESTPL
                    IBM 1800
 107 FO TRAN
                    IBM 1800
                                   DEGREE CONVERSIONS DEGER DEMI
                                   MERCATUR DEGREES DARCT
 107 FORTRAN
                    IBM 1800
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 107 FCRTRAN
                    TBM 1600
                                   SPECIES AFFIRITIES REGROUP
  51 FORTRAN
                    CDC 3600
 116 FORTRAN
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                                   X-Y FLCTS MUSPAK
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                                 PLCTS SCATTERGRAM SCTGM4 SCTGMS
122 FCRTRAN IV
                  18M 360/65
123 FORTRAN IV
                  CDC 6600
                                 X-Y PLOTS EBTPLT
148 FÜRTRAN IV
                 CDC 6600
                                 REPRCCUCE AND SERIALIZE DECK DUPE
                                 FLAGS SUSPICIOUS DATA VALUES EDITO
148 FORTRAN IV
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144 FORTRAN IV
                                 JULIAN CAY CONVERSION JOAYHK
                  IRM 360/65
                                 JULIAN CATE CENVERSIGN ROUTINES JULDAY
144 FORTRAN IV
                  IBM 360/65
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144 FORTRAN IV
                  IBM 360/65
144 FORTRAN IV
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144 FORTRAN IV
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144 FORTRAN IV
                                 JULIAN DATE CONVERSION ROUTINES CESLUJ
                  IBM 360/65
144 FORTRAN IV
                  IBM 360/65
                                 DAY OF THE WEEK NOATHK
 17 FORTRAN IV
                  CDC 65C0
                                 WET BULB TEMPERATURE WETBLA
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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, GULF BREEZE, FL

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51 FORTRAN IV IBM 360 TOXICITY BICASSAY PROBIT ANALYSIS

ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATGRIES, PACIFIC PARINE ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORY, SEATTLE, WA

125 FCRTRAN IV CDC 6400 SCALAR TIPE SERIES TEMPLT7
87 FCRTRAN CDC 6400 PYRANCHETER AND RALICHETER TIME SERIES RAD
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17 FORTRAN
42 FORTRAN IV
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                               LISTS RAW DATA 2LIST
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UNIVAC 1108
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42 FORTRAN IV
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44 FORTRAN IV
                UNIVAC 1108
                               LISTS GEOPHYSICAL LATA LISTP
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UNIVAC 1108
                               PLCTS PROFILES OF GEOPHYSICAL DATA DISPLOT
45 FORTRAN IV
46 FORTRAN IV
                               CONVERTS DIGITIZER CATA DYGYT
                UNIVAC 1108 EDITS REDUCED GEUPHYSICAL DATA EDIT
46 FORTRAN IV
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103 FORTRAN IV
                      IBM 1130
 54 FORTRAN IV IBM 1130
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122 FORTRAN IV	IBM 360/61	PROFILE PLCTS DISTANCE AXIS PFLDST
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38 FORTRAN IV IBM 1130 SEDIMENT GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS

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40 FERTRAN IV IBM 1130 RECUCTION DISPLAY STOPAGE GEOPHYSICAL DATA

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58 FCRTRAN	B 6700	NCRPAL CISTRIBUTION SEPARATOR TOPAL
58 FCRTRAN	B 6700	SPAWNER-RECRLIT CURVE FITTING TCFAZ
SE FORTRAN	8 6700	MEIGHT-LENGTH CURVE FITTING TCPA3
59 FORTRAN	B 6760	AGE CCMPOSITION ESTIMATION TOPBL
55 FERTRAN	8 6700	ESTIPATE CATCH NUMBERS PERCENT WEIGHT
59 FORTRAN	B 67CC	LENGTH-FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION
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60 FORTRAN	B 6700	VON BERTALANFFY GRUNTH UNEQUAL AGE INTERVAL
60 FURTRAN	8 6700	VON BERTALANFFY GRUNT: EQUAL AGE INTERVAL
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61 FORTRAN	B 6700	FISHING POWER ESTIMATION TOPDI

62 FERTRAN 8 6700 SURVIVAL RATE ESTIMATION TOPEL FISHING MCRTALITIES ESTIMATION TOPEZ 63 FORTRAN B 6700 63 FCRTRAN B 6700 RELATIVE YIELD PER RECRUIT YIELD CURVES WITH CONSTANT RATES TOPF2 43 FORTRAL B 6700 EUMETRIC YIELD TOPF3
PIECENISE INTEGRATION OF YIELD CURVES TOPF4 8 6700 63 FCRTRAN 64 FCRTRAN 8 4700 PIECEDISE INTEGRATION OF VIELD CURVES CONSTANTS IN SCHAEFER'S MODEL TOPFO 64 FORTRAN 8 6700 65 FGRTRAN B 6700 SCHAEFER LCGISTICS MODEL OF FISH PRODUCTION 65 FURTRAN 8 67CO FITS CENERALIZED SIDCK PRODUCTION MODEL TOPFS B 6700 65 FCRTRAN BICMETRY-LINEAR REGRESSION ANALYSIS TOSAL B 6700 65 FORTRAN B 67C0 GENERALIZED WEIGHTED LINEAR REGRESSICN 66 FORTRAN LINEAR REGRESSION. BOTH VARIABLES AS FORTRAN 8 6700 66 FORTRAN BICMETRY-PROCUCT-MCMENT CORRELATION B 6700 67 FORTRAN 8 6700 COCLEY-LORNES PULTIPLE-REGRESSION 67 FORTRAN B 6700 BICPETRY-GCCCNESS LF FIT BICMETRY-EASIC STATISTIC FOR UNGROUPED CATA BICMETRY-EASIC STATISTIC FOR GROUPED DATA 67 FORTRAN B 6700 68 FORTRAN 8 6700 BIGMETRY-SINGLE CLASSIFICATION ANOVA 68 FCRTRAN 8 6700 BICHETRY-FACTORIAL ANCVA TOSD2 68 FORTRAN B 6700 BIGMETRY-SUM CF SQUARES STP TCSD3 BICMETRY-STUCENT-NEWMAN-KEULS TEST TCSD4 65 FORTRAN 6 6700 65 FORTRAN **8 6700** 69 FCRTRAN 8 6700 BICHETRY-TEST OF PLPOGENEITY 65 FCRTRAN 8 6700 BICHETRY-TEST OF EQUALITY PICHETRY-TUKEY'S TEST 70 FORTRAN 8 67C0 70 FORTRAN B 6700 BICMETRY-KRUSKAL-WALLIS TEST TCSE4 BICHETRY-FISHER'S EXACT TEST TOSES 70 FERTRAN 8 6700 BICPETRY-R & C TEST CF INDEPENDENCE PAP 71 FORTRAN 6 6700

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28 FCRTRAN SALINITY DISTRIBUTION IN ONE-DIMENSIONAL ESTUARY

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73 ANS FORTRAN IBM 370 ECCLCGICAL STATISTICAL PROGRAMS ECCSTAT

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4 FCRTRAN IV CCC CYBER 74 DAILY SEAWATER CBSERVATIONS
4 FORTRAN CDC 64C0 DATA MGT SYS FCR Phys CHEM DATA CCEANSV
4 CGBCL IEM 360/85 DATA MGT SYS FCR Phys CHEM CATA CCEANSV
4 PL/1 IBM 360/85 DATA MGT SYS FCR Phys CHEM CATA CCEANSV

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85	FORTRAN		IB4	360/40	MATER MAVE TEACHING AIDS DETRNO
85	FORTRAN		IBM	360/40	mater mave teaching aids btpax2

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85 FORTRAN
                 IBM 360/40
                                WATER WAVE TEACHING AIDS WEFTI WATER WAVE TEACHING AIDS UTCFT1
85 FCRTRAN
                 IBM 360/40
85 FORTRAN
                  IBM 360/40
                                 WATER WAVE TEACHING AIDS WTCFTL HATER WAVE TEACHING AIDS AUTCOV
85 FORTRAN
                  IBM 360/40
85 FORTRAN
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85 FORTRAN
                  IBM 360/40
                                 HATER WAVE TEACHING AIDS CRSCOV
                  IBM 360/40
IBM 360/40
                                 WATER WAVE TEACHING AIDS FOURTR
85 FCRTRAN
86 FORTRAN
                                 WATER WAVE TEACHING AIDS PROFILE
                                 MATER WAVE TEACHING AICS REFLI
MATER WAVE TEACHING AIDS FORCE AND POVEMENT
86 FORTRAN
                  18M 360/40
86 FURTRAN
                  IBM 360/40
85 FCRTRAN
                  IBM 360/40
                                 HATER HAVE TEACHING AIDS EDSIT
25 FCRTRAN IV
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87 P./1
                  18M 370/160
                                 MARKCVIAN ANALYSIS OF TOF-14 WIND DATA
                                 COMPUTATION AND PLUTTING OF MAGNETIC ANCHALIES
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                                 CRIFT BCTTLE/STATISTICS
74 PL/1
                                 DRIFT BCTTLE PLCTS
REFGRMAT AND SCRT GRIFT BOTTLE DATA
74 PL/1
                  IBM 360/168
74 PL/1
                  IBY 360/166
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103 FC	RTRAN	IBM 1800	SATELLITE NAVIGATION
104 FC	RTRAN IV	IBM 1800	LCRAN/DECCA CCORDINATES CALCULATION HNAV
104 FD	RTRAN IV	18# 1800	LCPAN/DECCA FILE INITIALIZATION HNV1
104 FC	RTRAN IV	IC# 18C0	GFCCETIC CISTANCE AND AZIMUTH SDANO

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13	FORTRAN	CDC 3600	CORRECTS STD DATA IPMCD
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124 FORTRAN IV IBM 360/65 CXYGEN FPESFFATE CENSITY PLETS 124 FORTRAN IV IBM 360/65 GENERAL MERCATOR PLET

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112 FCRTRAN IV 18M 360/30	ADJUSTS A STATE PLANE COORDINATE TRAVERSE
113 FORTRAN IV 18M 360/65	NOS SCIENTIFIC SUBACUTINE SYSTEM ANGLE
113 FOPTRAN IV IBM 360/65	NGS SCIENTIFIC SUBROUTINE SYSTEM ANLIS
113 FORTRAN IV 18M 360/65	NGS SCIENTIFIC SUBNICUTINE SYSTEM APOTN
113 FORTRAN IV 18M 360/65	NOS SCIENTIFIC SUBMOUTINE SYSTEM APCHN
113 FCRTRAN IV 18M 360/65	NOS SCIENTIFIC SUBROUTINE SYSTEM APOLY
113 FORTRAN IV 18M 260/65	NOS SCIENTIFIC SUBRCUTINE SYSTEM CGSPC
113 FORTRAN IV 184 360/65	
113 FORTRAM IV IBM 360/65	
113 FORTRAN IV 184 360/65	
113 FORTRAN IV IBM 360/65	
114 FCRTRAN IV IBM 360/65	
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80 FORTRAN IV COC 6600	

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82	FORTRAN	IV	IBM 360/155	EAST CCAST STORM SURGE
82	FCRTRAN	I۷	18M 36Q/195	MAVE FCRECASTS
80	FORTRAN	ſ٧	[B# 360/195	ASTRONOMICAL TICE PREDICTION

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31 FORTRAN IV CDC 6600	CHANGES IN ELECTROPECHANICAL CABLE RAMSC
31 FORTRAN IV CDC 6600	END RESPONSES IN ELECTROMECHANICAL CABLE RACAC
48 FORTRAN II IBM 1620	SOIL AND SECIMENT ENGINEERING TEST DATA

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97 FORTRAN	CDC 3100	SCUND SPEED CCPPUTATION MODEL SOVEL
97 FCRTRAN	CCC 3200	SCUND SPEED COMPUTATION MODEL SOVEL
97 FORTRAN	CEC 1604	SCUND SPEEC COMPUTATION MODEL SOVEL
93 FCRTRAN IV	CDC 1604	SCURC SCATTERING BY CREANISMS SKAT
72 FORTRAN IV	CDC 6500	THEFPAL POLLUTION MODEL
72 FCRTRAN IV	CDC 1604	THERM, L POLLLTION MODEL

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72 FORTRAN
                 CDC 3100
                                DANISH ADVECTION PACGRAM
                                TIME SERIES ANALYSIS BLACKY FRENCH SPECTRC-ANGULAR WAVE MODEL
134 FCRTRAN IV
                 IBM 360
CDC 6500
83 FORTRAN IV
                 CDC 7600
CCC 3100
 83 FORTRAN IV
                                FRENCH SPECTRC-ANGULAR WAVE MODEL
 83 FCRTRAN IV
                                SURF PREDICTION MODEL
 83 FORTRAN
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 22 FORTRAN
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 24 FORTRAN IV
                                MULTI-LAYER HYDRODYNAMIC-NUMBERICAL MODEL
 24 FCRTRAN IV
                                PULTI-LAYER HYCRODYNAFICAL-NUMERICAL MOCEL
                                SINGLE LARGE HYDROLYNAMICAL-NUMERICAL MODEL
 24 FORTRAN IV
                 CCC 6500
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 24 FORTRAN
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                 IBM 360
                                CCEAN CLIMATCLCGY ANALYSIS MODEL ANALYS
 87 FCRTRAN
                  CDC 1004
 88 FORTRAN IV
                 CDC 6500
                                HURRICANE HEAT POTENTIAL MODEL
                                MIXED LAYER DEPTH ANALYSIS MODEL MEDMLD
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                                WIND COMPUTATION FACH SHIP OBSERVATIONS TRUMIND
                 CDC 1604
 75 FORTRAN
                  CDC 7600
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 75 FORTRAN
                  CDC 3100
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 75 FORTRAN
                                PEAN CRIFT ROUTINE
                 CDC 6500
                  CDC 1604
                                MEAN CRIFT ROUTINE
 75 FCRTRAN
                 18M 360/195
 80 FORTRAN 60
                                TIDES IN THE CPEN SEA
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148 FORTRAN II CDC 1604 FCRTRAN ACCESS TO SCIENTIFIC DATA FASO 76 FORTRAN CDC 6500 SEARCH AND RESCUE PLANNING NSAR

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138 FORTRAN V UNIVAC FITTING A LEAST SQUARES DISTANCE HYPERPLANE 141 FCRTRAN IV UNIVAC 1108 SMCOTHING DATA USING THE CUBIC SPLINE UNIVAC 1108 UNIVAC 1108 CVERLAY PLCTTING UVLPLT 121 FORTKAN 99 FORTRAN V CONTINUOUS CRACIENI PAY TRACING SYSTEM CONGRATS UNIVAC 1108 UNIVAC 1108 95 FCRTKAN PAY FATH SC424E NCRPAL MODE PROPAGATION MCCEL 93 FORTRAN V 94 FORTRAN V UNIVAC 11C8 UNIVAC 1108 BEAM PATTEFAS AND MIDTHS GBEAM 54 FORTRAN V STATISTICS ACCUSTIC MEASUREMENTS AND PRECICTIONS

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 45 FORTRAN V
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                                    TRAPEZCIDAL ARRAY DEPLCYMENT DYNAMICS
 37 FORTRAN V
                                    STEADY STATE CARLE LAYING
 37 FORTRAN V
                                    TOWER ARRAY CENFIGURATIONS
                   UNIVAC 1108
UNIVAC 1108
 37 FCRTRAN V
                                    TRAPEZCIDAL ARRAY DYNAMICS
125 FORTRAN
                                    SPECTRAL ANALYSIS SUBROUTINES
 47 FORTRAN
                   UNIVAC 1108
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                                    GENERATES ZCCPLANKICH TAXONOMIC DIRECTORY
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UNIVAC 1108
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                                   FREE-FLCATING SPAR-ARRAY CYNAMICS
FREE-FLCATING SPAR-BUCY DYNAMICS
SHIP SUSPENDED ARRAY DYNAMICS
 33 FORTRAN V
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 33 FCRTRAN V
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                                    BCCMERANG CCPER DESCENT/ASCENT TRAJECTERIES
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 34 FORTRAN V
                                    BUOY-SHIP DYNAMICS
                   UNIVAC 1108
                   UNIVAC 1108
 34 FCRTRAN V
                                    BUCY-SYSTEM CYNAMILS
                   UNIVAC 1108
UNIVAC 1108
                                    FIXED THIN LINE ARMAY GYNAMICS
FIXED THIN LINE ARMAY STEADY STATE CONFIGURATION
 34 FORTRAN V
 35 FORTRAN V
                   UNIVAC 1108
UNIVAC 1106
 35 FORTRAN V
                                    MAR'NE CORER CYNAMICS
                                    STEADY- TATE BUCY SYSTEM CONFIGURATIONS
 35 FORTRAN V
                                    STEAUY-STATE SUBSURFACE BUCY SYSTM CONFIGURATION
 30 FORTRAN V
                   UNIVAC 1108
 36 FORTRAN V
                   UNIVAC 1108
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121	FORTRAN	CDC 3300	PHYSICAL CATA PLOT FRAME
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15	FORTRAN		INTERNAL WAVES WITCOMB
15	FCRTRAN	CDC 3200	INTERPOLATION FOR LOCANOGRAPHIC DATA
15	FORTRAN	IBM 1620	INTERPOLATION FOR LOCANOGRAPHIC DATA
75	FORTRAN	CDC 3300	CURRENT METER CATA CREATE-C
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75	FGRTRAN	CDC 3300	CURRENT METER CATA CURRPLOT
75	FORTRAN	CDC 3300	CURRENT METER CATA SPECTRUM

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93 FORTRAN IV CDC 6500 KOFFAL MUCE CALCULATIONS NORMOD 3
93 FORTRAN CDC 6400 HORIZONTAL RANGE

### MAVY, MAVAL RESEARCH LABCRATCRY, WASHINGTON, CC

120 FCRTRAN CCC 3800 LINE PRINTER FLCTS

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                 HP 2100S
124 ASSEMBLY
                               GRASS UNDERWATER ACCUSTICS PREDICTION DISTOV
100 FORTRAN 63
                 CDC 3800
                               GRASS UNDERNATER ALGUSTICS PREDICTION VFC
100 FCRTRAN 63
                 CCC 3800
                               GRASS UNDERWATER ACCUSTICS PREDICTION CTOUR
100 FORTRAN 63
                 CDC 3800
                               GPASS UNDERWATER ACCUSTICS PREDICTION PREPLT
100 FORTRAN 63
                 CDC 3000
                               GRASS UNDERHATER ALCUSTICS PREDICTION SERPENT
100 FORTRAN 63
                 CDC 3800
                               GRASS UNDERWATER ALCUSTICS PREDICTION RAFLET GRASS UNDERWATER ACCUSTICS PREDICTION LESSPLOT
101 FCRTRAN 63
                 CDC 3800
                 CDC 3800
101 FORTRAN 63
                 HP 21005
HP 21005
                               THERMCMETRIC CEPTH CALCULATION CAST
 16 FCRTRAN IV
                                THERMCMETER CATA FILE HANDLER THERMO
 16 FORTRAN IV
                                INTERNAL GRAVITY WAVES DISPER
 16 FCRTRAN
                 CCC 3300
                                SEA SURFACE TEPFERATURES ANALYSIS
 16 FORTRAN IV
                 CDC 3200
                                UNMANNED FREE-SHIMMING SUBPERSIBLE PLCT
 31 EASIC
                 HP 9830A
                               UNMANNEC FREE-SWIMMING SUBMERSIBLE HOTEL LCAD UNMANNEC FREE-SWIMMING SUBMERSIBLE
                 HP 9830A
 32 BASIC
32 BASIC
107 FORTRAN
                 HP 9830A
                                ANNETATED TRACK UN STEREOGRAPHIC PREJECTION
                 CDC 3800
107 FCRTRAN IV
                 HP 2100S
HP 2100S
                                ANNOTES CHART
                                BATHYPETRIC CR MAGNETICS CHART PROFL
108 FORTRAN IV
                                MERCATOR CHAFT EIGHTIZATION ANTRK
                 HP 21005
108 FORTRAN IV
                                BATHYPETRIC CHART LIGITIZATION DGBTH
108 FORTRAN IV
                 HP 2100S
                                PLCTS ON STERECGRAPHIC CHART ANNOT
108 FCRTRAN IV
                 HP 2100S
108 FORTRAN IV
                 HP 2100S
                                PLCTS NAVIGATION EATA GCEAN
                 HP 2100S
                                LONG BASE LINE ACCUSTIC TRACKING
109 FORTRAN IV
                                MIE SCATTERING COMPUTATIONS
 89 FCRTRAN
                  CCC 3800
                                PLCTS TRACK AND DATA PROFILE TRACK
                  CDC 3600
 47 FERTRAN
                                PLCTS TRACK AND DATA PROFILE TRACK
 47 FORTRAN
                 CDC 3800
                                GECCATA
 47 FORTRAN
                  CDC 3800
 47 FORTRAN
                  CDC 36C0
                                GEODATA
 47 FCRTRAN
                  CDC 3600
                                MAGNETIC SIGNATURES MAGPLET
 47 FCRTRAN
                  CDC 3800
                                MAGNETIC SIGNATURES MAGPLOT
107 FORTRAN
                  CDC 3600
                                ANNOTATED TRACK ON STEREOGRAPHIC PROJECTION
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#### NAVY, FLEET WEATHER FACILITY. SUITLANC, HD

91 FORTRAN II CUC 160A ICE DRIFT ANALYSIS/FORECAST

### NAVY, NAVAL OCEANCGRAPHIC OFFICE, WASHINGTON, DC

139	FURTRAN	IBM 7C74	LEAST SCUARES PLOT
139	FORTRAN	UNIVAC 1108	TEMPERATURE SALINITY CORRECTIONS CURVEFIT NISSIZ
139	FORTRAN	PDP-9	BARTLETT'S CLRVE FITTING
121	FURTRAN V	UNIVAC 1108	REFORMATS DATA PLOTS TRACK CHART MASTRACK
121	FERTRAN		PRODUCES CONTOUR CHARTS GRICIT
121	FORTRAN		PRODUCES CONTOUR CHARTS AUTOMATED CONTOUR
100	FORTRAN	18M 7074	CRITICAL ACCUSTIC HATIC
97	FORTRAN	UNIVAC 1108	SCUNC VELCCITY FOR MARINE SEDIMENTS
58	FORTRAN	IEM 7074	LIGHT AND SELND INSTRUCTION B
45	FCHTRAN	IBM 7C74	LIGHT AND SCUNC INSTRUCTION D
144	FCRTRAN	IBM 7074	BATHYPETRIC CATA RECUCTION
14	FCRTRAN	IBM 7074	MCNTHLY SCRIC LAYER DEPTH
14	FCKTRAN	IBM 7074	VERTICAL TEMPERATURE GRADIENTS
14	FORTRAN V	UNIVAC 11C8	MATER CLARITY
137	FORTRAN	IBM 7074	SINGLE INTEGRATION
110	FORTRAN II	187 7074	INDIVIDUAL FOIRT GENERATOR FOR MAP PROJECTIONS
111	FORTRAN II	187 7074	INCIVIDUAL PCINT GLNERATOR FOR DISTANCE
111	FCRTRAN	187 7074	GECDETIC CATUM RECUCTION
111	FORTRAN	187 7074	GEODETIC POSITION COMPUTATION AND PLOT

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111 FORTRAN
                                 ASTRCHOPIC LATITUDE
112 FORTRAN
                  CDC 3100
                                 SOUNDING PLCT
112 FORTRAN
                  IBM 7074
                                 SOUNDING PLCT
                                 SINGLE INTEGRATION SODANC INVERSE
112 FCRTRAN
                  IBM 7074
112 FORTRAN
                  CDC 3100
                  IBM 7074
 89 FORTRAN
                                 SOLAR RADIATION CONVERSION
 89 FORTRAN
                  IBM 7074
                                 WINC STRESS
 89 FCRTRAN
                                 TWC-DIMENSICNAL POWER SPECTRUM FOR SWOP II
                  IBM 7074
 90 FERTRAN
                  IBM 7074
                                 PREDICTION OF VERTICAL TEMPERATURE CHANGE
 90 FCRTRAN
                  IBM 7074
                                 CLCUD COVER AND DAILY SEA TEMPERATURE
                                 SEAMCUNT PAGNETIZATION
 46 FORTRAN
                  IBM 7074
 46 FORTRAN
                                 CBSERVATION CRAPING GRAVITY
                  IBM 7074
                  UNIVAC 1108
UNIVAC 1108
 48 FORTRAN
                                 SEDIPENT SIZE
 48 FORTRAN IV
                                 BOTTCH SEDIMENT DISTRIBUTION PLOT CURRENT METER TURBULENCE
 76 FORTRAN
                  IBM 7074
                  UNIVAC 1108
UNIVAC 1108
UNIVAC 1108
 76 FORTRAN V
                                 IN-SITU CURRENT
 76 FGRTRAN
                                 WATER DISPLACEMENT DISPLA
 77 FORTRAN V
                                 CURRENT METER PRINT
                  UNIVAC 1108
UNIVAC 1108
                                 CURRENT METER PLOT
 77 FORTRAN V
 77 FORTRAN V
                                 CCNVERT CURRENT METER TAPE
 77 FORTRAN V
                  UNIVAC 1108
                                 CURRENT METER DATA PPRINTO
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#### NAVY. DEFENSE MAPPING AGENCY HYDREGRAPHIC CENTER, MASHINGTON, DC

109 FURTRAN	UNIVAC 1108	FAA FLCT
109 FCRTRAN	UNIVAC 1108	DISTANCE AND AZIMUTH CIRAZD
109 FORTRAN	UNIVAC 1108	PARAMETRIC MAP
110 FORTRAN	UNIVAC 1108	LORAN TO GEOGRAPHIC AND/GEOGRAPHIC TO LORAN
110 FGRTRAN	UNIVAC 1108	LORAN CCORCINATE CLMPUTATION
110 FORTRAN	UNIVAC 1108	LORAN SKYNAVE CERRECTION

#### NAVY, NAVAL ACADERY, ANNAPOLIS, MD

13 BASIC	IBM 360	ENVIRONMENTAL CYNAMICS SUBROUTINES OCEANLIB
13 EASIC	IBM 360	GEOSTROPHIC CURRENT

## NORTH CARCLINA STATE UNIVERSITY, RALEIGH, NC

84 FORTRAN	IBM 360/165	WAVE INTERACTION WITH CURRENT CAPGRAY
24 FORTRAN	IBM 370/165	ESTUARINE MCCEL NONLNRA
26 FCRTRAN	CCC 6400	UPWELLING CSTLUPWL
26 FORTRAN IV	IBM 360	MATHEMATICAL WATER QUALITY MODEL FOR ESTUARIES
26 FORTRAN IV	IBM 36C	COMPUTATION OF FLOW THROUGH MASONBORG INLET NO
26 FORTRAN IV	IBM 360	CIRCULATION IN PAMLICE SOUND

#### CREGON STATE UNIVERSITY, CORVALLIS, CR

126	FORTRAN	CDC	3300/US3	TIME	SERIES	ARAND	ACFFT
126	FCRTRAN	CDC	3300/CS3	TIME	SERIES	ARAND	ACCRR
126	FORTRAN	CDC	3300/CS3	TIME	SERIES	FRAND	ACRPLT
126	FORTRAN	CDC	3300/CS3	TIME	SERIES	DAAAA	ALICN
126	FORTRAN	CDC	3300/CS3	TIME	SERIES	ARAND	AMPACO
126	FORTRAN	CDC	3300/CS3	TIME	SERIES	DAARA	ARMAP
126	FORTRAN	CDC	3300/CS3	TIME	SEFIES	APAND	AUTC
126	FORTRAN	CDC	3300/053	TIME	SERIES	ARAND	AUTCPLT

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126 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND AXISL
126 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/0S3 TIME SERIES ARAND LCFFT
127 FORTRAK
                   CDC 3300/053 TIME
                                          SERIES ARAND CCORR
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CCNPLT
127 FCRTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND LCMPLO CDC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND LCNFID
127 FORTRAN
                                          SERIES ARAND LOMPLOT
127 FORTRAN
127 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CONFIDENCE CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CONMODE
127 FORTRAN
                                          SERIES ARAND CONMODE
127 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CCPH
127 FORTRAM
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARANG COSTR
127 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CPEES
                   CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND LPLT1
CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND LPLT2
127 FORTRAN
127 FORTRAL
127 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CROPLT
127 FORTRAN
                   COC 3300/CS3 TIPE SECIES ARAND CROSS
127 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CUSID
127 FCRTRAN
                   CCC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CUSFC
128 FORTRAL
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CZT
128 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND DATPLT
CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND GEMODI
128 FCRTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND LEMCO2
CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND DEMCO3
128 FCRTRAN
128 FORTRAN
128 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND CETRND
128 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND DIFF12
128 FCRTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 Tire
                                          JIRIES ARAND EUREKA
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND EXSMO
CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FFIN
128 FCRTRAM
129 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FFINI
CDC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FFTCNV
128 FORTRAN
126 FORTRAN
128 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FFTPS
128 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FFTS
128 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FFTSPC
128 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FILTER1
128 FORTRAN
                   COC 3COO/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FIVET
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FCLD CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARANC FCURTR
129 FORTRAN
129 FORTRAN
129 FCRTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FOUSPC
129 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FCUSPC1
129 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FCUSPC2
129 FORTRAN
                   COC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND PRESPON
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND WAPH
129 FERTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND GENERAL CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND GENERAL
129 FORTRAN
129 FORTRAN
                   COC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARANG GENERS COC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARANG LCGPLOT
129 FORTRAN
129 FORTRAN
129 FCRTRAN
                   COC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND AC12T
129 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND PHAPLT
129 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/053 TIXE
                                         SERIES ARAND PLTFCR
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND PLTFRC CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND PLTSPC
129 FCRTRAN
129 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3500/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FCLRT
CDC 3500/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND FCLYD
130 FORTRAN
130 FORTRAN
                                         SERIES ARAND PCLYDY
130 FORTRAN
                   COC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIE: ARAND PROPLT
130 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND PSORT
130 FORTRAN
                   COC 33GO/CS3 TIME
                                         SERIES FRAND MANCH
130 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/0S3 TIME
                                         SEPIES APAND ACTEFY
                   COC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND MESPON
130 FORTRAN
                   CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND REVERS
CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND APLACE
130 FORTRAN
130 FORTRAN
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130 FORTRAN
                 CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES APAND RRVERS
130 FORTRAN
                 CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND SARIT
130 FCRTRAN
                  CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND SERGEN
130 FORTRAN
                  CCC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND SHAPE
130 FORTRAN
                  CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND SINTR
                 CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND SMO
130 FORTRAN
130 FCRTRAN
                  CDC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND SPEC
                  COC 3300/CS3 TIPE SERIES ARAND SPECT1
130 FCRTRAS
                  COC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND SPECT2
131 FORTRAM
                  CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND TAUTOPLT
                  CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARANG TCOMPLT
131 FORTRAM
131 FORTRAM
                 CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND TCRCPLT
CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND TFCRM1
131 FORTRAM
131 FORTRAN
                  CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES FRAND IFORM2
131 FORTRAM
                  CDC 3300/0S3 TIME SERIES ARAND TIMSPC
131 FCRTRAM
                  CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND TLCGPLT
131 FORTRAN
                  COC 3300. SS3 TIME SERIES ARAND INCIZT
                  CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND TPHAPLT
131 FORTRAN
                 CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND TPLTFRQ
CDC 3300/OS3 TIME SERIES ARAND TPLTSPC
131 FORTRAN
13: FORTRAN
131 FORTRAN
                  CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND TRISMO
132 FORTRAN
                  CDC 3300/053 TIME SERIES ARAND ISGEN
132 FORTRAM
                  CDC 3300/083 TIME SERIES ARAND TSPECT1
132 FORTRAN
                 CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND TSPECT2
CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND TRANFR
132 FORTRAN
132 FORTRAN
                  CDC 330G/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND TRANFRM
132 FORTRAN
                 CDC 3700/US3 TIME SERIES ARAND ITYCON
132 FORTRAR
                  CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND ITYNUM
132 FURTRAM
                  CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES APAND UNLEAV
132 FORTRAM
                  CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND USES
132 FORTRAN
                 CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND LSFC CDC 3300/GS3 TIME SERIES ARAND LSIC
132 FORTRAN
132 FORTRAM
                  CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND USPE
132 FORTRAM
                  CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND WINDOW
133 FORTRAN
                  CDC 3300/CS3 TIME SERIES ARAND WINCOMI
 25 FERTRAN
                  IBM 370/155
                                ESTUARINE DENSITY LURRENTS AND SALINITY
 39 FERTRAN EV
                  CDC 3300
                                GECPHYSICAL EATA REDUCTION AND PLCTTING
                 CDC 3300
CDC 3300
 39 FORT AR EV
                                PRECESSING/CISPLAY PARINE GEOPHYSICAL DATA
                                MARINE SEISMIC DATA RECUCTION AND ANALYSIS
 39 FOFTRAN IV
 39 FORTRAN IV
                 CDC 3300
                                4 LIBRARY CF GEGPHYSICAL SUBROUTINES GLIB
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### RAND CERPERATION, SANTA PENICA, CA

91 FORTRAN BY IBM 7090-94 SEA ICE STUDIES YARIT 91 FORTRAN BY IBM 7090-94 SEA ICE STUDIES FLAP 91 FORTRAN BY IBM 7090-94 SEA ICE STUDIES SALPR 91 FORTRAN BY IBM 7090-94 SEA ICE STUDIES RIJE

## RICE UNIVERSITY, POUSTON, TX

38 FORTRAN IN CDC 6600 CONVECTION INVARIABLE VISCOSITY FLUID CONVEC

### SCRIPPS INSTITUTION OF OCEANCGRAPHY, LA JOLLA, CA

142 FORTRAN IBM 1800 TRIGGACMETRY SLERGLTINES ASSUB SAS ASA 116 FORTRAN IV CDC 3600 PLCTTING PROGRAM FACEL

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149 FCRTRAN
                  13M 1800
                                FORMAT FREE INPUT SUBROUTINE GREAD
149 FORTRAN
                  18M 1803
                                 METERS VS FATHCMS MATBL
144 FERTRAN
                  tem laco
                                 DATE CALCULATIONS LAYER
144 FORTRAN
                  IBM 1800
                                 DATE CALCULATIONS ANDAT
144 FCRTRAN
                                 CATE CALCULATIONS NATEY
                  IBM 1800
144 FORTRAN
                  IBP 1800
                                 DATE CALCULATIONS YSTOY
                                 JULIAN CAY SLERCUTINES CLEJE
JULIAN CAY SLERCUTINES CLJUL
145 FORTRAN
                  18M 1800
145 FORTRAN
                  IBP 1800
                                 TIME CONVERSION OTIME
145 FORTRAN
                  IBM 18CO
146 FCRTRAN 63
                  CBC 6600
                                 HYDPCGRAPHIC CATA REGUCTION THO FIVE
                  CDC 66CO
                                 STC CATA PRCCESSING
  2 FORTRAN IV
                                 PLCTS MERCATER GRIL CHART
105 FORTRAN
                  18M 1800
                  IBM 1800
105 FORTRAN
                                 NAVIGATIONAL SATELLITE PASSES ALRTX
                  16M 1600
106 FORTRAN
                                 LORAN FIX LRFIX
106 FPRTRAN
                  18M 18CO
                                 PLAN CCURSE AND SCHEDULE CRUIS
106 FCRTRAN
107 FORTRAN
                                 EARTH SPHERICAL SUBROUTINES ESTCH ESTC2 ESTPL
                  18M 1800
                  18M 1800
                                 LEGREE CCAVEFSIONS CEGFR DEMI
107 FERTRAN
107 FERTRAN
                  IBM 1800
                                 MERCATOR CEGREES DARCT
MAGNETIC FIELD COMPONENTS MAGFI
                  18M 1600
                  CDC 3600
 51 FORTRAN
                                 SPECIES AFFINITIES REGROUP
116 FORTRAN
                  CDC 3600
                                 X-Y FLCTS PLEPAK
                                 STATICN DATA RETRIEVAL MYCROSEARCH INTERACTIVE CALCULATIONS DSDP/CALC
                  B 67CQ
  2 ALGOL
142 ALGGL
                  B 67C0
                                 SCURE VELCCITY THRU SCLID SAMPLES DSCP/SCN
 S8 ALGOL
                  B 6700
148 ALGOL
                  B 670C
                                 MAILING LABELS
                                 SANC SILT AND CLAY FRACTIONS DSDP/GRAIN
 48 ALGOL
                  B 6700
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## SGLTHAPPTON COLLEGE, SCUTHAPPTON, NY

25 FORTRAN IV IBM 360/65 HIT SALINITY INTRUSION PROGRAM

#### TEXAS AGN UNIVERSITY, COLLEGE STATICA, TX

7 FCRTRAN IV IBM 360/65 REAC CALC INTERP STATICN DATA CAPRICORN
7 FORTRAN IV IBM 360/65 STATION DATA CALCULATIONS F3
8 FORTRAN IV IBM 360/65 PLCTS STATION DATA SECPG
8 FORTRAN IV IBM 360/65 PLCTS MAPS GPIDS TRACKS MAP

#### UNIVERSIGAD N A CE MEXICO, MEXICO, GF

5 FURTRAN IV B 6703 CCEANCGRAPHY STATILM CCMPUTER PRCGRAM

## UNIVERSITY OF BERGEN, NORMAY

79 FGRTRAN 11 1BM 1620 PRCCESS'S CLPPENT INSTRUMENT EBSERVATIONS

## UNIVERSITY OF CELAHARE, LEHES, DE

25 FORTRAN IN IBM 360 CYNAMIC DETERMINISTIC SIMULATION SIMUDELT

### UNIVERSITY OF HANALL, HONCLLLU, HI

Note: Marine 1 - Angele Contractor (1985) -

116 FORTRAN 18M 360 DENDROGKAPH 116 FORTRAN 18M 370 CENERCGRAPH

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### UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, URBANA, IL

83 FORTRAN IV IBN 360/75 WAVE ECTTCH VELCCITY

# UNIVERSITY OF MAINE, WALPCLE, ME

153	FCRTBAN		IBM	370	REFCRMATTED STATION OUTPUT 18M 1
28	FORTRAN	IV	18M	370	ESTUARINE CHFMISTRY MYACHEM
28	FORTEAN	IV	- IBM	370	ESTUARINE TICES
	FORTRAN		IBM	370	CHLCRCPHYLL CHLGR
55	FORTRAN		IBM	370	PHYTOPLANKTON POPULATION DENSITY
55	FORTFAN		IBM	370	SPECIES DIVERSITY

#### UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND, COLLEGE PARK, MD

24 FORTRAN IV UNIVAC 1108 THREE DIMENSICIAL ESTUARINE CIRCULATIC: MGDEL 50 FORTRAN IV UNIVAC 1108 INVERSE PROBLEM IN ECCSYSTEM ANALYSIS

### UNIVERSITY OF PIAPI, MIANI, FL

20	FORTRAN	PDP-11	GENERAL PURPOSE ECITOR DMSEC
20	FORTA AN	PDP-11	TIME SERIES INTO PHOFILES CHSCHP
20	FERTRAN	PDP-11	AANCERAA CURPINT METER DATA AACAL
20	FORTRAN	PDP-11	CURRENT FRCFILER DATA MK2CAL
20	FORTAR	PDP-11	APPENCS NEW CATA TO FILE DERIVE
20	FORTRAN	UNIVAC 1106	APPENCS NEW CATA THE FILE CERIVE
20	FORTRAN	UNIVAC 1106	CONCATENATES SCRTS SEGMENTS OUTPUTS DMSCRT
20	FORTPAN	UNIVAC 1106	INTERPOLATES TO UNIFORM GRID MATRIX OF
20	FCRTSAN	JNIVAC 1106	TIPE SERIES STC OR PCH PRCFILES PLSAC
20	FORTPAN	UNIVAC 11G6	INTERNAL WAVES THEG
20	FERTAAN	UNIVAC 1106	CYNAMICAL FIELDS INTERNAL HAVE RAYS CHREED
20	FORTRAN	UNIVAC 1106	AUTC AND CRESS SPELTRA TUKEY METHOD
20	FORTPAR	UNIVAC 1106	AUTC AND CRESS SPECTRA POLARIZED FORM CHASPO
20	FCRTAAN	UNIVAC 1106	AMPLITUCES PHASES LEAST SQUARES TIDES4
20	FERTRAN	UNIVAC 1106	METECRCLOGICAL FLUXES PETFLX
20	FORTRAN	UNIVAC 1106	CRCSS CCVARIANCE MATRIX EMPEIGI

#### UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, ANN ARBOR, MI

104 MAC	18M 7090	GENERAL MAP FRCJECTICN
104 PAO	18M 7090	FINITE PAP PROJECTION DISTORTIUMS

### UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBUPGH, PITTSBURGH, PA

80 MAD IBM 7090 THECRETICAL PACIAL TIDAL FORCE

# UNIVERSITY OF RHODE ISALNO, KINGSTON, RI

28 FCRTRAN IBM 370/155 MODELING AN ECEAN POND

## UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO, MAYAGUEZ, PR

5	FORTRAN L	1	PDP 8	8 E	MASS	TRANSPORT	AND	VELOCITIES GEOMASS	
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5 FORTRAN IV POP 10 STATICN DATA THIRP 5 FORTPAN IV PDP 10 THERMCMETER CORRECTION THERMCMETRIC DEPTH

## UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS, PORT ARANSAS, TX

147	FORTRAN	IV	IBP 360/6	5 READS NCCC STATION DATA TAPE
51	FORTRAN	IV	CDC 6600	PRODUCTIVITY CXYGEN
52	FORTRAN	IV	0039 D0D	SPECIES DIVERSITY JOB
52	ECRTRAN	tv	0044 303	DOCALCTIVITY ECCDOIN

## UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, SEATTLE, WA

146	FORTRAN	11	IBM 7094	STATICN DATA REDUCTION SYNOP
27	FCRTRAN	IV	CDC 6400	THREE-DIMENSIONAL SIMULATION PACKAGE AUGUR
52	FORTRAN	I۷	18M 7C94	CONCENTRATIONS PER SQUARE METER OF SURFACE
52	FORTRAN	1 7	CDC 6400	COMBINED CHECREPHYLL AND PRODUCTIVITY
53	FORTRAN	IV	IBM 7094	PHYTCPLANKTCH NUMBERS VOLUME SURFACE AREA
53	MAP		18# 7C94	PHYTOPLANKTON NUMBERS VOLUME SURFACE AREA

#### UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, PILWAUKEE, WI

134 FORTRAN LY	UNIVAC 1108	SPECTRAL	ANALYSIS	CF	TIME	SERIES
134 ALGOL	8 67CO	SPECTRAL	ANALYSIS	CF	TIME	SERIES

### VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE AND STATE UNIVERSITY, BLACKSBURG, VA

136 FCRTRAN IV 18M 370	PRCEAEILITY CISTRIBUTION WEIBUL
56 FORTRAN IV IBM 370	RESCURCES ALLCCATILM IN FISHERIES MGT PISCES
56 FORTRAN IV IBM 37C	MATER RESCURCES TEACHING GAME DAM
50 FORTRAN IBP 370	CPTIPAL ECCSYSTEM PCLICIES CEP

## WILLIAMS COLLEGE, WILLIAMSTCHA, MA

25 FCRTRAN	IV	IBM 1130	BEACH SIMULAT	TICH MUDEL
29 FORTRAN	LV	IBM 1130	BEACH AND NEA	RSFORE MAPS A-S

## MODES HELE OCEANEGRAPHIC INSTITUTION, MCDCS FELE, MA

118	FORTRAN	Ľ٧	XDS SIGMA	7	HGRIZONTAL MISTEGRAMS HISTO
118	FCRTRAN	LV	XDS SIGMA	7	PRINTER PLCTS LISPLO
119	FORTRAN	I۷	XDS SIGMA	7	PLCT CF FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION THISTC
119	FCRTRAN	ĺ٧	XDS SIGMA	7	VELOCITY VECTOR AVERAGES VECTAV
119	FCRTRAN	1 v	XDS SIGMA	7	FREGRESSIVE VECTORS PROVED
119	FORTRAN	IV	XDS SIGNA	7	PLOTS DATA ALCNG TRACK
119	FORTRAN	1	XDS SIGMA	7	PRCFILE VERSUS TIME OR DISTANCE
120	FORTRAN	11	HP MINI		PLCTS NAVIGATION WITH ANY CTHER DATA TYPE DEEP6
102	FORTRAN	Î۷	XDS SIGMA	7	RAYTRACE
97	FCRTRAN	LV	XDS SIGMA	7	SCUND VELCCITY SONVEL

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97 FORTRAN IV
                XDS SIGMA 7 DEPTH CORRECTION MICOR SOUND VELOCITY
148 FORTRAN IV
                XDS SIGMA 7
                              EDITING FOR WHOL FORMAT SCRUB
143 FORTBAN IV
                              THERMCMETER CCRRECIICN TOPLO
                XDS SIGMA 7
143 FORTRAN
                HP 2100
                              THERPCMETER CCRRECIION DEPTH COMP HYDI
  8 FCRTRAN IV
                HP 2100
                              STATICN DATA HYCZ
   FORTRAN IV
                XDS SIGMA 7
                              BRUNT-VAISALA FREQUENCY OBVFRQ
                XOS SIGMA 7
   FORTRAN IV
                              DYNAMIC HEIGHT DYNAT
                XDS SIGPA 7
                              POTENTIAL ENERGY ANCHALY PEN
  S FORTRAN IV
  9 FCRTRAN IV
                XDS SIGMA
                              VARIOUS PARAMETERS FROM STATION DATA OCCOMP
  S FCRTRAN IV
                XDS SIGMA 7
                              SPECIFIC VCLUPE ANLHALY SVANON
  9 FCRTRAN IV
                XDS SIGMA
                              PRESSURE SLERCLTINE PRESS
 10 FORTRAN IV
                              REACS STATICH CATA
                XDS SIGMA
 10 FCRTRAN IV
                              GECSTFOPHIC VELGCITY DIFFERENCE VEL
                XDS SIGMA
                              VOLUPE TRANSPERT VIR
 10 FORTRAN IV
                XDS SIGMA
 10 FCRTRAN IV
                XDS SIGMA 7
                              SIGMA-T SIGNAT AND DSIGHT
 10 FORTRAN IV
                              ADIABATIC TEMPERATURE GRACIENT ATG
                XDS SIGMA
 10 FORTRAN IV
                XDS SIGMA 7
                              POTENTIAL TEMPERATURE POTEMP
 10 FCRTRAN IV
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### **INSTRUCTIONS**

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- 62. Example Proposed by, Enter name and phone number (inchiding area code) of individual who prepared this summary,
- C3. Summary Action. Dark the appropriate box for new summary, replacement summary or deletion of summary. If this software summary is a replacement, enter under "Previous Internal Software ID" the internal software identification as reported in item 07 of the original summary, and enter the naw internal software identification in item 07 of this form; complete all other items as for a new summary. If a software summary is to be delicate, color under "Previous Internal Software ID" the internal Software identification as reported in item 07 of the original summary; complete only items 01, 02, 03 and 15 on this form.
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- 07. Utlantal Software ID. Enter a unique identification number or code.
- US. Collinears Type. Mark the appropriate box for an Automatici Data System (set of computer programs). Computer Program, or Subroutine/Mc2sda, whichever boxt describes the software.
- 63. Precisaling Stade, Mark the appropriate box for an Interactive, Batch, or Combination mode, whichever best describes the softwere.
- 13. Application Area.

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Gasorsi: Hank the appropriate box which best describes the general area of application from among:

Computer Systems Support/Utility Libnegoment/Business Scientific/Engineering Precess Control Bibliographic/Textual

Other

Specific Specify the sub-area of application; e.g.: "COBDL optimizer" if the general area is "Computer Systems Support/Utility"; "Payroit" if the general area is "Other."

- 33. Eubstitting Grganization and Address. Identify the organization responsible for the software as completely as possible, to the Branch or Division level, but including Agency, Department (Burdau/Administration), Service, Corporation, Commission, or Council, Fill in complete mailing address, including mail code, street endress, city, state, and ZIP code.
- 12. Yezhical Costact(c) and Phone: Enter person(s) or office(s) to be contacted for technical information on subject matter and/or operational acceptance of software. Include telephone area code, Provide organization name and mailing address, if different from that in item 11.
- 12. Harretive, Describe concisely this problem addressed and methods of solution, include significant factors such as special operating system modifications, security concerns, relationships to other software, input and output media, virtual memory requirements, and unique haldware features. Oits references, if appropriate,
- 26. Haywards, List significant words or phrases which reflect the functions, applications and features of the software. Separate entries with semicolons.
- 15. Computer Hamiltonian and filedel, Identify mainframe computer(s) on which software is operational.
- 16. Computer Operating System. Enter name, number, and release under which software is operating, Identify enhancements in the Norrative (Item 13).
- 17. (regraming (anguage(s), Identify the language(s) in which the software is written, including version; e.g., ANSI COBOL, FORTRAN V, SIMSCRIPT II.5.
  SLEUTH II.
- 13. Humber of Cource Program Statements. Include statements in this software, separate macros, called subroutines, etc.
- 39. Computer Flemory Requirements. Enter minimum internal memory necessary to one ute software, exclusive of memory required for the operating system. Specify words, bytes, characters, etc., and number of bits per unit. Identify wirtual memory requirements in the Narrative (item 13).
- 20. Tape Drivez. Identity number needed to operate softwere. Specify, if critical, manufacturer, model, tracks, recording density, etc.
- 21. Dish/Drum Units, Identify number and size (in same units as "Memory"—Item 19) needed to operate software. Specify, if critical, manufacturer, model, etc.
- 22. Yerminals, Cantify number of terminals required. Specify, if critical, type, speed, character set, screen/line size, etc.
- 29 Other Operational Requirements, Identify peripheral devices, support software, or related equipment not indicated above, e.g., optical character sovices, facsimile, conjuster-output microfilm, graphic plotters.
- 24. Boftware Availability. Mark the appropriate box which best overribes the software availability from among: Available to the Public, Limited Availability (e.g.: for government use only), and For-In-house Use Only. If the software is "Available", include a mail or phone contact point, as well as the price and form in which the software is available, if possible.
- 23. Decumentation Availability. Mark the appropriate box which best describes the documentation availability from among: Available to the Public, beadequate for Distribution, and For In-house Use Only. If documentation is "Available", include a mail or phone contact point, as well as the price and
  form in which the documentation is available, if possible. If documentation is presently "Inadequate", show the expected availability date.
- 28. For Submitting Organization Use. This area is provided for the use of the organization submitting this summary. It may contain any information deemed useful for internal operation.

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